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MEMOIR ON THE STATISTICS

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES

OF THE

BENGAL PRESIDENCY.



COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS

UNDER ORDERS OF THE HON'BLE THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

OF THE NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES.

BY

A. SHAKESPEAR, Esq. B. C. S.

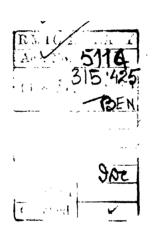
ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT.

CALCUTTA:

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1849





MEMOIR ON THE STATISTICS

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES.

- 1. The late settlement of the North Western Provinces has provided many statistical facts, which it is of importance to bring together and to place on record with precision.
- 2. Efforts have been repeatedly made during the course of the few last years to accomplish this object, but considerable difficulty has been experienced in it, not only from the obstacles which always prevent the attainment of accuracy, but also from the changes, which frequently occur in official arrangements in India.
- 3. It is hoped that some degree of accuracy has been attained in the revised Statistical Return, which will be found annexed to this Memoir. In order to create the greater confidence in the correctness of the facts stated, the present Memoir is compiled so as to place permanently on record the mode in which the information was collected, and the authority on which each of the facts rests.
- 4. The Hon'ble Court of Directors in their despatch of June 3d, 1846, allude to one of the earliest attempts on the part of the local Government to collect these facts, in the following terms:—

Extracts Paras. 16 to 20 from a despatch from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, dated 3d June, 1846.

" 16. It will be observed that the greater part of the instructions above are designed to ensure accuracy, the importance of which we have already adverted to. It is the more necessary to dwell upon this point, in as much as some previous attempts to afford statistical information are unsatisfactory, because obviously incorrect."

· * Vide Statements of the extent and population of British India as officially returned by the Searcher of Records of the East India Company in first Appendix to the third Report from the select Committee of the House of Commons 1831. These Statements have been adopted by the Hon'ble Mr. Elphinstone. Vide his History of India, vol. 1, page 5.

"17. Thus in a calculation made of the population of the North Western Provinces in 1826,* (excluding the ceded districts on the Nurbudda and those ceded by the Rajah of Berar,) founded on an actual enumeration of the villages in

those provinces and a partial enumeration of the houses, the amount is taken at 32,206,806, and the number of square miles occupied by this vast mass, as ascertained by measurement upon a map, is stated to be 66,510. Thus rejecting fractions it would give a population of 484 to the square mile; while in an estimate of the population of the principal portion of the lower Provinces of the Bengal Presidency in 1822, the amount is given at 37,503,265, and the amount in square miles (ascertained as in the North Western Provinces by measurement upon a map) at 153,802, affording no more than 243 inhabitants to the square mile, little more than half the number claimed for the North Western Provinces, notwithstanding that the Lower Provinces contain the great cities of Calcutta, Dacca, Moorshedabad and Patna, and the populous tracts around them."

* Census taken in 1812, Vide Davis's China, page 413.

"18. But the population of China, universally considered one of the most densely peopled countries is, according to the

highest native* estimate, only 277 to the square mile."

Note .- According to Mr. McCulloch, vide Geographical Dictionary, vol. I, page 852, the relative density of the population of France, abounding as it does in capital manufactures and large towns, is only 164 to the square mile.

"19. Further, in a statement of the statistics of the North Western Provinces, printed by order of the Lieut.-Governor, and bearing date the 25th February 1842, exhibiting a view of the area and population of twenty-two districts, constituting by far the larger portion of those Provinces, we observe particulars which leads us to suspect that even this latter document is not trustworthy. Aligurh, a district without any considerable town, is stated to have an agricultural population of 56,679, and a non-agricultural population exceeding it more than eleven times, the number given being 6,44,499; while the district of Benares, containing the great and populous city of the same name, which, with its suburbs, has been estimated to contain 200,000 souls, is said to have 299,167 agricultural inhabitants, and only 145,940 non-agricultural."

- "20. We notice these extraordinary errors, that we may impress upon those who may be called upon to act upon our present orders, the necessity of employing such vigilance and attention as may be sufficient to guard against the transmission hereafter of any statement so deficient in accuracy."
- 5. When this letter arrived measures were already in progress for correcting the known errors of the early tables, and under date Oct. 22d, 1846, the following letter was addressed to all Collectors of Land Revenue.

CIRCULAR No.

FROM

SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT N. W. PROVINCES,

To

Dated Agra, the 22d of October, 1846.

General Department, N. W. P.

SIR,

1. You will have already received a printed copy of the 'Honorable Court's despatch of the 3rd June last, on the subject of Statistical enquiries in India, and you will have observed in paragraph 19, a reference to the inaccuracies contained in a certain Statistical Table printed under the Orders of this Government in 1842.

- 2. A revised Table is now furnished, compiled as accurately as can be effected from the sources of information available at Agra. It is, however, known that considerable errors still exist in the Table, and the object of the present Circular letter is to draw your attention to the subject, and to invite your co-operation in the compilation of a more trustworthy document.
- 3. The Columns showing the Area, No. 3—9, and those showing the population, 19—24, are those only which call for comment.
- 4. Errors in the Columns of Area, arise from the following causes.
- 1st. The alteration of the limits of districts since the entry was made.
- 2nd. The omission of rent-free Mouzahs, or parts of Mouzahs, of Istumrarce Estates, or Talookahs, or of unassessed tracts of jungle, or waste land. All such lands should be entered and shown under their appropriate head.
- 3rd. The retention on the list of Mouzahs, (as Towfeer, Gung Shekust, &c.) the lands of which have, at the time of the last survey, been thrown into other Mouzahs, or have been shown to be non-existent.
- 5. The Table should show the Area of all Mouzahs and tracts of land comprised within the limits of each district, on May 1st 1846. Unassessed tracts of barren land may be shown as one or more Mouzahs according as they naturally form one or more plots of ground, or have been formed into separate allotments. Each grant of forest land may be considered as one Mouzah, unless there exist an authoritative division of it into separate Mouzahs.
 - 6. The Columns of the population have been filled up from different sources; sometimes from the Revenue Surveyor's returns, sometimes from the statements in reports regarding Education, or from Settlement Reports, or from new censuses

taken subsequently to settlement, and separately reported by

- 7. They are subject to inaccuracies arising from carelessness or wilful concealment, as well as from the omission of existing Mouzahs, or the retention of excluded Mouzahs. The Revenue Survey is found sometimes to have shown only the adult male population, and to have omitted the population of large Cities.
- 8. In proceeding to correct the entry regarding any district, it will be necessary to ascertain how far the existing data can be depended upon and then to apply the necessary corrections.
- 9. For this purpose Mouzahwar Lists* for every Tuhseel
 * These Lists should be compiled according to the directions in para. 45, of the Directions for Settlement Officers.

 Jumma and population, according to the heading of Col:—

 4—10 and 19—23, so far as means are available, in the Sudder Office.
- 10. These should be sent to each Tuhseeldar, and he should be required to test the entries in a few Mouzahs, taken at random and specified.
- 11. So far as Area is concerned the test need not involve re-measurement, but may simply consist of comparison with the records at the time of the last measurement, on which the Settlement was founded. It is not likely that much error will exist in these entries.
- 12. The population returns may be tested by rough estimate of the number of houses in each village, which may be ascertained from the Chowkeedar, the Putwarree, or a person specially deputed for the purpose.
- 13. The existing returns regarding the population may be so incomplete or incorrect that a new census may be necessary.

- 14. In such census it will only be necessary to separate the people into the classes mentioned in the Table. Separation into males and females, of boys and girls, is useless, because these classes will not be accurately reported, nor will the distinctions be uniformly observed.
- 15. All persons who derive their subsistence, in whole or in part from the land, whether in the form of wages or rent, should be shown as cultivators, even though they may have other sources of income.
- 16. Any census based on actual enumeration of the people, will probably be vexatious and erroneous. It will be better to rest the calculation on the number of houses or families.
- 17. A house or family must be defined according to its local signification; perhaps it may generally be defined as a family living together, inhabiting a distinct part of a tenement, or the whole of one or more tenements, in the same enclosure.
- 18. The number of houses or families being thus ascertained, the number of persons actually resident in a certain number of such houses may be counted, and the average may be applied to the whole. The value of the result will depend upon the care and the discrimination with which this is done.
- 19. The enumeration should take place in those houses or villages where the object of the process is most likely to be understood, and where the co-operation of the zemindars and other influential inhabitants can be secured.
- 20. Distinct averages should be assumed for different classes of the inhabitants. Thus the average in cities or towns may be different from what it is in villages, the average in puckha houses, from that in cutcha houses; the average in one purgunnah, from that in another; in Mahomedan families from that in Hindoo families, or Brahmin or Rajpoot families, from that in Chumar or Passee families.

- 21. The returns when given in by the Tuhseeldars should be tested by the Collector. This is easily effected when the details are given Mouzahwar, for if the returns for a few Mouzahs, taken indiscriminately, are found to be correct, the whole may be assumed to be so.
- 22. The following general rules may be found useful in judging of the accuracy of returns regarding population.
- 23. The average number of persons to a house or family is between 4 and 5. From peculiar circumstances, in certain localities, it may fall below or rise above this standard.
 - 24. The average number of persons to a square geographical

Belgium,	392
British Isles,	220
France,	208
Saxony,	314
Writemberg,	266
Tuscany,	302
Sweden,	23
Norway,	11
Russia Proper,	30
Europe,	80

Taken from the map of Europe published by the Society for the diffusion of useful knowledge.

mile of 847.2 acres, in the chief countries in Europe, is given in the margin. There is good reason to suppose that the averages in the well peopled parts of India are higher than in the most populous countries of Europe.

25. The number of adult females is found to be in excess of that of adult males, but the number of boys is much

larger than of girls. The cause of this, in some measure is, that females are considered to have passed from girl-hood, at an earlier age than males from boy-hood.

- 26. When the returns from the Tuhseeldaries have been received, tested, and approved, revised copies of the Mouzahwar Vernacular returns, and a Pergunnahwar Abstract in English, in the form of the accompanying Table is to be forwarded to Government by the Collectors, through the Commissioner and . Sudder Board of Revenue.
- 27. As regards each Pergunnah, it must be explained in a separate Report, or in the Column of remarks, how all the entries regarding the Area and the population have been made,

as for instance the year of measurement, the mode of survey, whether according to the European scientific, or the native khusrah method, the year of census, the mode of estimate, &c.

- 28. I am desired to take this opportunity of pointing out that advantage might easily be taken of the Putwarree's papers to obtain valuable information annually, regarding the population of the district as well as the Area. The Area is shown in No. II. of the Putwaree's papers, (Circular Order of the Sudder Board of Revenue, No. III. Appendix No. XLVII.), and it would be easy to obtain an additional memorandum, showing the number of the population at the close of the year, classified as in the accompanying Table, with a note of the number of births, and deaths, during the year, discriminating males from females, adults from children; and Mahomedans from Hindoos. Information of this nature, if correctly given, would be very valuable, but it should not be peremptorily required at present at least, in opposition to the feelings or prejudices of the people.
- 29. In conclusion I am desired to impress upon you that the object of all enquiries of the nature here indicated, is to direct the Government in the assumption of measures which shall be most for the good and happiness of the people. If the people are themselves unable to understand this, and if the diligent prosecution of the enquiry, either from the dishonesty of the Agents employed, or from the ignorant apprehensions of the people, becomes the cause of loss or injury to them, it will be · better to desist at present from the enquiry, or to be satisfied with a less degree of accuracy, than might be otherwise obtained. It is believed that the alarm once felt at enquiries of this nature, has already much decreased, and it may be hoped that it will altogether disappear, as information is extended and as greater confidence is felt in the good faith of the Government. You will be especially watchful to guard against abuses, on the part of Agents whom you may employ, either to furnish the returns themselves or to test their accuracy. Unless the objects of the enquiry are explained to the people, and unless

trustworthy Agents are selected, and kept under strict control, mis-understandings and discontent will certainly prevail.

30. A few copies of a translation into the Vernacular language of this letter are forwarded for circulation amongst the Tuhseeldars, and other persons, whom you may employ in the enquiry.

(Signed)

J. THORNTON, Secy. to Government, N. W. P.

Rough Statistical Return of Land Revenue Area and Popul

_	itough Statistical Return of Land Revenue Area and Fopu											
		Malgoozaree or assess- Minhaee of ed Land. Malgoozaree or assess- Minhaee of ed Land. Sersed 1					or unas	-	count	1		
Ċ.	Districts.	Number of Mouzahs or Townships.	Area in square graphical mil	n secr		Cultivated	. Culturable	. Lakhiraj	Barren.		Demand on account of Land Revenue for 1846-47.	
	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9	1	10	-
•	Paneeput,	- 58	1,20	1,019,00	5 5	3,28,762	1,187,81	1,23	9 1,13,20	8	8,12,39	9 .
	Hurreeannah, Delhie, Rohtuck, Goorgaon,	. 419	2 450 0 1,01	386,57 858,54	4	7,05,379 2,19,515 4,62,133 6,94,477	71,418 3,35,418	6 42,76 8 9,72 8 31,43	5 85,910	6	4,54,93 3,50,89 6,28,26 10,38,03	7 5
	Total	3,074	6,27	5,315,15	9 {	24,10,260	18,96,134 3,87	86,877 983	5,33,899	3	32,84,53	1
Moom	Seharunpore, Mozuffurnuggur, Meerut, Bolundshuhur, Allighur,	1 1 100	1,218 9 2,26 2 1,40	1,032,223 1,920,344 1,189,720	5	6,72,783 6,06,646 11,22,195 6,57,071 9,01,405	3,59,713	38,504 1,00,646 1,16,72	1,50,865 2,21,076 56,215	3 B 5	10,64,66 10,98,76 17,23,78 10,50 89 19,69,98	8
	Total	, 8,779	7,710	6,532,859	٩ĺ	39,60,100	15,94,574	3,15,543	6,62,642	2	69,08,09	4 1
obileund.	Bijnour, Moradabad, Budaon, Barrelly and Pilleebheet, Shahjehanpore, Barrelly and Pilleebheet, Shahjehanpore, S	3,031 3,571 2,084 3,281	1,817 1,716 2,257	1,539,653 1,453,888 1,912,443	3	5,17,065 6,22,936 7,52,562 8,48,228	5,39,668 4,16,518 5,56,599 1,17	1,23,321 73,174 73,555 966	2,53,728 2,11,634 3,16,097	3 2	11,50,832 12,92,103 10,96,196 1,776,329	3
ρ	Shahjehanpore,	2,862	1,869	1,584,138	3	6,74,161	5,65,703	29,546 077	2,57,651	3	10,53,599) -
	Total,	14,829	8,883	7,526,158	1	34,14,952	23,15,056 1,75,		12,84,684	}	63,69,059	
gra.	Muttra, Agra, Furruckabad,	1	1,403 1,562	1,188,414 1,323,206	{	6,76,323 8,13,655 6,52,075	92,931 305,095 1,9	5,565 26,775 97	2,76,263 337,264	}	1,640,479 1,607,981 1,414,353	1
4	Mynpoorie, Etawah,	1,467 1,518	1,510 1,265	1,280,062 1,071,637		6,13,338 4,77,901	182,000 139,850	7,090			1,358,131 1,309,884	
	Total,	7,254	6,843	5,797,598	ş	3,233,292	826,005 1,9	97 87,830	1,648,474	}	7,330,828	1
Alfahabad.	Cawnpore,	2,279 1,614 1,083 1,252 4,004	1,756 1,193 1,701 2,176 2,113	1,488,101 1,010,380 1,439,282 1,843,451 1,790,243		781,173 518,812 720,998 990,709 997,508	163,563 123,985 353,872 474,756 231,597	44,015 8093 16,838 6,346 29,819	359,490 347,574 371,640		2,046,197 1,426,467 1,252,927 1,603,313 2,139,534	
	Total,	10,232	8,939	7,571,457	-	4,009,200	1,347,773	105,111	2,109,373	-	8,468,438	1
Benares.	Goruckpore,	15,607 6,277 3,380 3,203	5,521 1,899 1,144 2,307	4,677,792 1,609,396 968,970 1,954,120	{	1,945,553 755,270 593,915 664,252	1,695,386 257,314 72,847 344,539 351,1	374	556,357 295,742 579,235	Ì	2,083,247 1,489,918 1,252,943 842,737	
-	Benares,	2,013 2,385	1,650	585,318 1,398,235		417,595 936,429	33,905 145,121	3,509 28,169	130,305 288,516	_	864,639 1,497,093	1
	Total,			11,193,831	{	5,313,014	2,549,116 351,	374	2,744,501	3	8,030,577	_
	Grand Total,	79,033	51,861	43,937,062	{ 2	22,340,824	10,528,658 916,	1,167,610 397	8,983,573	}	40,391,527	••

Districts of the North Western Provinces.

B a	one one	rict e	-, De	- - မွ	Do		***************************************	Populatio	n.		persons square
Rate per Acre o total Cultivation.	Gross Collections of Land Revenue in 1845-46.	Charges of full revenue Establishments in Collector's and District Offices.	Per centage of revenue charge on Demand for 1846-7.	Net stamp .Collec- tions for 1845-46.	Ditto Abkaree for 1845-46.	Hin Agricul- tural.	doo. Non Ag- ricul- tural.	others not	dan and Hindoo. Non Ag- ricul- tural.	Total.	Number of pen to each squ Geographical n
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
2 7 6	8,21,665	53,232	6 55	7,484	5,115		••	••		2,31,511	192.4
10 3 1 9 6 1 5 9 1 7 10	4,41,165 3,64,124 6,30,619 10,45,339	52,920 58,260 40,824 62,544	6 49	6,192	1,592 4,912	1,50,100 1,50,572 1,76,428	13,480 81,581 1,05,080	37,174 16,729 1,09,792	9,995 45,286 69,026	2,10,749 2,91,861 2,94,109 4,60,326	98.4 640.0 290.3 315.3
1 5 9	33,02,912	2,67,780	8 15	74,852	50,870	••	••	••	••	1,488,556	263.7
1 9 3 1 12 11 1 8 6 1 9 7 2 2 11	10,38,934 10,80,781 17,72,150 10,75,050 19,84,161	69,864 62,340 93,312 69,492 96,516	6 56 5 67 5 41 6 61 4 89	31,323 15,637 52,226 12,547 56,642	23,183 22,839 53,752 9,481 18,842	4,44,062 3,56,798	1,20,555 3,24,396	82,036 21,977	60,211 62,990	454,331 443,177 706,864 446,358 7,66,861	306.8 363.8 311.9 317.9 571.7
1 11 10	69,51,076	3,91,524	5 66	1,68,375	1,28,097	••	••			2,816,891	365.3
2 3 7 2 1 2 1 7 3 2 1 6	12,07,412 12,47,859 11,12,452 17,66,213	74,736 95,988 80,472 1,11,672	6 49 7 42 7 34 6 28	24,390 59,508 26,815 56,388	18,894 33,874 32,524 102244	1,96,994	1,68,554	41,184 .: 1,16,941	1,33,084	539,816 861,145 641,671 1,043,656	441.0 473.9 373.9 462.4
1 9 0	10,40,256	71,796	6 81	18,066	69,895	••			••	6,68,749	357.8
1 13 10	63,74,192	4,34,664	6 82	1,85,167	2,57,431	•••			••	3,755,038	422.7
2 6 10 1 15 7 2 2 8	1,626,336 1,600,322 1,305,492	1,04,124 97,128 124,560	6 34 6 04 8 8	20,721 89'602 43,941		2,88,885 4,21,934	2,97,371 2,66,023	8,675 23,603	62,251 65,529	460,772 657,182 777,089	417.7 468.5 497.5
2 3 3 2 11 10	1,186,731 1,301,801	84,852 83,352	6 24 6 36	20,908 7,528	21,958 19,257	269,925	162,534	4,788	21,363	481,781 458,610	
2 4 3	7,020,685	496,016	6 73	182,700	185,705	••			••	2,835,434	414.3
2 9 10 2 11 11 1 11 9 1 9 10 2 2 4	2,022,850 1,429,926 1,471,213 1,647,843 2,125,157	112,236 81,408 95,592 114,684 105,276	5 48 5 7 7 62 7 15 4 92		134,761 59,173 21,089 48,184 136,871		149370	12,857	31,038	550,505 380,086 316,558 480,428 719,276	318.6 186.1 220.8
2 1 9	8,696,989	509,196	6 01	167,940	400,078	••				2,446,853	273.7
1 1 0 1 15 6 2 1 9 1 4 3	2,065,383 1,492,175 1,253,646 908,191	108,864 80,556 60,564 47,100	5 24 5 04 4 83 5 58	54,021 46,140	54,079	::		::	::	2,386,831 978,798 686,004 726,138	515.4 599.6
2 1 1 1 9 6	9,14,021 1,498,391	69,612 70,896	8 05 4 73	73,090		673,743			82,120	554.112	801.9
1 8 2	8,131,807	437,592	5 46	390,708	407,880	••			·	6,390,970	483.7
1 12 11	40,477,661	2,534,772	6 27	11,69,742	1430,061			•••		19,733,742	380.5

(Signed) J. THORNTON, Secy. to Govt. N. W. P.

- 6. The letters and accompanying Rough Statistical Table were translated into Oordoo, and also extensively circulated, in order that the native as well as the European Officers of the Government might be fully apprised of the object in view.
- 7. Some of the returns to this call were made in the early part of 1847 and the examination of them called forth the following Circular, dated November 15th, 1847.

No.—of 1847. CIRCULAR.

FROM

J. THORNTON, Esq.

Secretary to Government, N. W. P.

To

COLLECTOR OF

Dated Agra, the 15th November, 1847. General Department, N. W. P.

SIR,

With reference to the printed Circular, dated 22nd October 1846, calling for Statistical returns from the several district Officers, I am desired by the Lieutenant Governor to remind you that the approaching cold season affords a favorable opportunity for examining and testing the returns which you have received from the Tuhseeldars; if you cannot attend to the subject yourself you should entrust it to one of your subordinates. The examination of the existing returns should be made, whether or not you have already forwarded your report to the Government.

- 2. The examination of such returns as have been made shows that the entries regarding the population are still open to much suspicion.
- 3. The definition of a house or family and the grounds on which the number of souls to a house or family is stated re-

quires to be very carefully examined, and the mode as well as the result of the examination to be fully stated.

- 4. Care does not seem to be generally taken in discriminating between the agricultural and non-agricultural Classes. On referring to para. 15 of the former printed Circular, you will observe that the members of all families who derive their support or any part of their income from the cultivation of land are to be entered as agricultural, whether or not they actually hold the plough or personally conduct the usual agricultural operations.
- 5. The Lieutenant Governor hopes that you will without fail, at the termination of the cold season, furnish the desired Statistical Report for each Pergunnah of your district.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your Obedt. humble Servant,
(Signed) J. THORNTON,
Secretary to Govt. N. W. P.

Agra, the 15th November, 1847.

- 8. In the cold season of 1847—1848 the Lieutenant Governor made an official tour through the districts of Mynpoory, Futtygurh, Budaon, Shahjehanpore, Barreilly, Mooradabad, Bijnour, Suharunpore, Moozuffurnuggur, Meerut, Delhi, Goorgaon and Muttra. In all these districts the Statistical data collected by the Local Officers, were the subject of examination and discussion.
- 9. On March 4th and April 17th, 1848, the following Circular letters were issued.

No. 273 of 1848.

FROM

J. THORNTON, ESQUIRE, Secretary to Government, N. W. P.

To .

THE COLLECTORS OF THE N. W. P.

Dated Agra, the 4th March, 1848.

Sir,

Referring to the printed Circulars noted in the Margin, I am Oct. 22d, 1846. desired to express the earnest desire of the Nov. 15th, 1847. Lieutenant Governor that the Revised Statistical returns regarding the Area and population of your district may be forwarded direct to this Office by the 15th of April next at the latest, in order that the Statement for the whole of the Provinces may be completed on an early date.

- 2. It is of some importance that with the return there should also be furnished a report explaining the process by which the results have been obtained. As regards the population especially the mode of enumeration should be described and the process explained by which the first returns were tested and corrected. If you have not leisure to draw up this yourself, a Kyfeeut in the vernacular language, compiled by any of your subordinate officers who is conversant with the subject, will be sufficient; under any circumstances however the despatch of the papers should not be delayed beyond the date specified above.
- 3. As soon as the returns and reports are complete it is intended to prepare a full abstract of them, and to print and publish it for general information. A translation of the abstract into Oordoo will also be published.

I have, &c.

(Signed) J. THORNTON,

Secretary to Govt. N. W. P.

Agra, the 4th March, 1848.

CIRCULAR.

No. 498.

FROM

J. THORNTON, ESQUIRE,

Secretary to Government, N. W. P.

To

THE COLLECTOR OF.

Dated Agra, the 17th April, 1848.

General Department, N. W. P.

SIR,

With reference to my Circular letter No. 273, dated March 4th, 1848, I am desired to call to your recollection that the Revised Statistical Return, required by my printed Circular of Oct. 22d, 1846, has not yet been furnished.

2. The Lieutenant Governor requests that you will explain the cause of the delay.

I have, &c.

(Signed) J. THORNTON,

Secretary to Government, N. W. P.

Agra, the 17th April, 1848.

- 10. The following detail gives in the words of the returning officers, or from other sources, whatever is essential to a right appreciation of the correctness of the return, or is otherwise interesting in itself.
- 11. The districts are arranged according to the order in which they stand in the General Statistical Table for the whole Provinces. In the district returns showing the details for each Pergunnah it has not been thought necessary to give the entries in columns 14 to 18.

ons to each	Number of pers	24	293	265	427	315	198	18
	Total.	23	82198	44892	70261	41067	41702	007600 37102
edan ers not	Non-Agricul-	22	24512	10588	16990	8989	11366	1
Population. Mahomedan and others no	Agricultural.	21	5562	6855	1924	4851	5589	19
A	Mon-Agricul- tural,	20	17600	8917	14549	2008	11528	1000
Hindoo.	Agricultural.	19	37824	18532	36798	19220	13219	
Total Cul-	Rate per Acre on tivation.	13	2,5,0	2,8,4	2, 7, 3	2, 1, 3	0,4,6	
Total Mal-	Rate per Acreon goozaree.	12	1,8,2	1, 7, 53 2,8,44	2, 1, 3\\ 2, 7,	1,3,43	0,1,630,4,6	
Fotal Area	Rate per Acre on	11	31, 2, 2	01, 3, 54	0 1,12, 6	0 0, 15, 111 1,3, 43 2,	0 0, 1, 4	
	Demand on accou Revenue for 18	10	1-	0	~	0	15000 0 0	ł
un- nd.	Barren. d.		54401 281909	22687 174699	17997 248390	18542 108251	17898 15	1
Malgoozaree or Minhaee or un Assessed land. assessed land.	Lakhiraj.	 	6370 5	1877 2	2078 1	2732 1	774 1	- -
land. a	Culturable.	7	61620	49873	19369	38489	106499	Ì
Malgoozaree or Assessed land.	Cultivated.	9	121961	69236)	100009	50589	53136 106499	Ī
	Area in Acres.	25	247352 121961	143673	139453 100009	110352	210.5 178307	
ographical fores each.	Area in Sq. Ge	4	292.0	169.6	164.6	130.3		
TO Eds	Number of Mouz.	3	114	130	167	98	91	
	Pergunnahs.	63	Paneeput Bangur,	Paneeput Khadir,	Soonput Bangur,	Soonput Thadir,	Kurnual,	

12. The following remarks on the above Table were communicated by Mr. N. Prowett, the Collector of the District, under date 15th April, 1848.

PERGUNNAH PANEEPUT BANGUR.

- Col. 3. General Statement No. IV. of settlement in 1841-42, shows 109 Mouzahs, but the last in the list is numbered only 108 (Sirshee and Israna being both entered opposite No. 40, by mistake apparently). 2 Mouzahs have been resumed since settlement and there is 1 Istumrar and 2 Jagheer Mouzahs.
- Col. 5. General Statement shows 2,33,306 less 11 Acres. 2261 are resumed Mafee and Istumrar; 9793 are Istumrar, 2003 are Mafee. The 11 Acres are deducted on account excessive measurement, by Commissioner's Orders, No. 1307, dated 13th June, 1844.
- Col. 6. General Statement, shows 1,12,296 Acres, 3634 are new cultivation, 1280 are resumed Mafee and Istumrar; 4751 are Istumrar.
- Col. 7. General Statement shows 67,205 Acres less 11 (as previously explained), from which are deducted 3624 new cultivation, as per Putwarrees' Register, No. II. for 1253 F. S. and 679 added for resumed Mafee and Istumrar, and 371 for Istumrar.
- Col. 8. General Statement shows 222 Acres, to which are added 6148 for Mafee Puttee Ansarian, Qusbeh Paneeput, and 2 Mafee Mouzahs.
- Col. 9. General Statement shows 53,583 Acres, to which are added 302 for resumed Mafee and Istumrar, 526 for Istumrar and 10 Acres are deducted from quantity in General Statement on account of cultivation as per Putwarrees' Register, No. II. for 1253 F. S. in Mouzah Kassran.
- Col. 10. Annual Purgumehwar Kistbundec shows Rs. 3,79,734. 7. 3. to which is added Rs. 2,175 for resumed Mafee and Istumrar, as per General Treasury Account under the head of Profit and Loss.
- Col. 23. The average number of persons in a family in this Pergunnah is a little more than 3\xi\$.

"The Putwarrees were employed under the Tuhseeldars during the last year in preparing this census, which has been framed on the declarations of heads of families as to the number of persons in each, and not on assumed averages. The people appear to have shown no indisposition towards the enquiry, and having myself had the Lumberdars, Putwarrees, Chowkeedars and others in several villages before me, and questioned them as to the details furnished by the Tuhseeldar, I have reason to believe that the Statements of the latter are tolerably accurate."

PERGUNNAH PANEEPUT KHADIR.
Col. 3. 120 Mouzahs in General Statement.
4 Ditto Mafee resumed.
3 Ditto Istumrar, and •
3 Ditto Mafee.
Col. 5. 13,7,659 Acres in General Statement.
2,786 Resumed Mafee.
1,706 Istumrar, and
1,522 Mafee.
Col. 6. 62,655 Acres in General Statement.
3,705 New Cultivation in Putwarrees' Registers
No. II. for 1253 F. S.
1,659 Acres resumed Mafee and
1,217 Istumrar.
Col. 7. General Statement shows 53,004 acres from which
are deducted new Cultivation 3,705 as per Putwarrees
Registers, No. II. for 1253 F. S. and 464 added for
resumed Mafee and 110 Istumrar.
Acres
Col. 8. General Statement shows
Add Lakhiraj granted out of 3 resumed
Jaghire Estates 107
Add Jaghire Estates
=

Deduct resumed.....

Add resumed Mafee and Istumrar

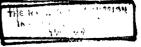
Col. 9. General Statement shows.....

21,728

24

959

Col. 10. Pergunnehwar Kistbundee for 184	6-47	
gives Rupees		,652
Add Jumma of Estates of resumed Ja		•
as per General Treasury account u	-	
the head of Profit and Loss		,047
Col. 23. The average number of persons in		
Pergunnah is 4½. Other remarks the	same as i	in Per-
gunnah Paneeput Bangur."		
8a		
PERGUNNAH SOONPUT, BANGUR	·•	
Col. 3. In General Statement	105	•
Taiool Estates	2	
Col. 5. General Statement gives	137,650	Acres.
Add area for 2 Taiool Estates	1,803	
Col. 6. General Statement has	98,137	
Add newly cultivated as per Putwar-		•
rees' Registers, No. II. for 1253 F. S.	1,902	
Add Milik resumed	40	
Deduct for the Milik released by Orders		
of Special Commissioner, dated 15th		
August, 1846	70	
Col. 7. General Statement gives	21,259	
Deduct new Cultivation	. 1890	
Col. 8. In General Statement	245	
Add Milik released as per Orders of		
Special Commissioner, dated 15th	,	
August, 1846	70	
Ditto Area of 2 Jaghire Estates	1,803	
Deduct Milik resumed	40	
Col. 9. General Statement shows	18,009	
' Deduct new Cultivation as per Put-		
warrees' Registers, No. II. 1253 F. S.		
in Mouzah Jovan from quantity in		
General Statement	12	
Col. 10. Kistbundee for 1846-47 shows Rs.	238,773.	12
Add demand on account of resumed		
Mafee	91	



Ditto Taiool Estates 10 Annas in the Rupee	-
Pergunnah Soonput Khadir.	
Col. 3. General Statement gives	94
Add Jaghire Villages	4
Col. 5. In General Statement	108,125
Add on account Jaghire Villages	2,227
Col. 6. General Statement gives	44,772
Add new Cultivation as per Putwarrees'	
Registers, No. II. for 1253 F. S	5,846
Deduct Mafee released in Mouzah	
Shadipore	29
Add Milik resumed	24
Col. 7. General Statement shows	44,274
Deduct new Cultivation	5,785
Col. 8. General Statement has	500
Add Milik released in Shadipore as	
per Orders of the Special Com-	
missioner, dated 15th August, 1846	29
Ditto Jagheer Villages	2,227
Deduct resumed Milik	24
Col. 9. General Statement gives	18,579
Deduct new Cultivation from quantity	•
in General Statement as per Put-	
warrees' Register, No. II. for 1253	
F. S	37

^{*} Note. This sum is remitted to the King of Delhie, and is shown here for the purpose of enabling the rates in Cols. 11, 12, and 13, to be calculated. Government is credited with 6 as. in the Rupee from the Collection of the Estates in question, the amount being entered in the Kistbundee.

Col 10. Pergunnehwar Kistbundee for 1846-	
* 47 shows	
Add Revenue of Milik resumed	50
Deduct Revenue of Milik released in	
Mouzah Shadipore by Orders of the	
Special Commissioner, dated 15th	
August, 1846	38

Col. 23. The average number of persons in a family in this Pergunnah is $5\frac{1}{4}$; other remarks the same as in Pergunneh Paneeput Bangur."

PERGUNNEH KURNAUL ISTUMRAREE.

"The entries in Columns 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, are according to the General Statement prepared in 1847 at the time of Settlement.—In Col. 10 the amount of quitrent realized by Government is inserted."

"Col. 23. The average number of persons to a family in this Pergunneh appears to be somewhat less than 5. This Pergunnah, consisting entirely of the Istumraree Estate of the Kurnaul Munduls is not attached to any Tuhseeldaree, and the Tuhseeldar of Soonput Bangur was specially deputed in consequence to make the Census, who pursued much the same method as was adopted in the other Pergunnehs of the District."

13. The following is a classification of the towns and villages of the district, obtained from the Mouzawar Vernacular returns forwarded by the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less tha	n 1000	Inhabitan	ts	418
Ditto	more t	han 1000 ai	id less th	nan 5000	ditto	70
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	1*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	3+
Ditto	ditto	50,000		-	ditto	0
Total Inhal	bited	.,	.		<i>.</i>	492
Total of th	e Distri	ct				540
† Paneepu	t, ——	nnah Soonput Paneepu	it Bangur,	16,870 ditt	0.	

15,029 ditto.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Hissar.

11,6	nb	ср	Numbe to ea srgosia	24	19	87	11	49	121	68	62	93	28	122	06
)	,	Total.	23	13169	2970	13059	19154	64991	43400	5949	12074	12829	37491	25086
	dan &	o. not	NonAg- ricul- tural.	22	73	33	123	1748	5974	1012	889	- 49	1482	429	11632 225086
Population.	Mahomedan	others Hindoo	Agri- cultu- ral.	21	1730	124	3091	6313	7058	5170	2893	2017	6025	3013	37434 r.
P.	_		Non-Agustus	20	870	22	506	2941	11897	2209	1124	97	1668	312	21346 of Hissar.
	Hindoo.	-17	Agriculi ral.	19	10490	2791	6896	8152	40062	35009	1244	9686	3654	33737	4 154674 Pergunnah
-84	re ilti	oA 16	Rate por Total tion.	13	0, 6, 1	1 0,3, 10	0,7, 10	0,10, 4	4 0,12, 1	0,5, 11	10,6,5	10, 4, 3	0, 6, 4	70, 4, 6	0, 7, 4 in the Pe
-8Z		oA 10 JBM	Rate pe Total ree.	12	0, 2, 1	0, 3,	8 0, 2, 10 0,7,	0,3,9	9 0, 6, 4	1 0, 3, 9	3,	ري ب	0, 2, 6	0, 3,	5 0,3, 11 0, 7, s Lakhiraj in the
ио	:L¢		Rate po Total	=	0,1,9	0, 2, 9	0, 2,	3,3	5,	43	13833 0, 2, 10 0,	0, 2, 10 0,	0, 2, 3	0, 3, 3	0, 3, 5 red as I
ənt	194	H Pu	busmad sal lo 81 rol	10	20175	2000	23650	50930 0,	162793 0,	79739 0,	13833	19398 0, 2,	26793 0,	52425 0,	454736 are ente
or Unas-	land.		Barren	6	10604	2639	9198	19522	43446	26365	7143	9633	18296	25506	170352 454736 0, 3, Stud Land are entered as
or as-Minhaee	sessed		Lakhiraj.	8	19945	:	:	18941	1145	43829	:	:	:	2225	12527 993816 8,62,244 86085 170352 454736,0, 3, 5 0,3, 11 0, 7, 4 154674 Norg42499 acres of the Government Stud Land are entered as Lakhtraj in the Pergunnah
ee or as-	and.	ele.	Cultural	. 7	99476	5470	85140	137194	195865	225208	36725	27254	101315	48597	993846 8,62,244 2499 acres of the G
Malgoozaree	sessed land.	ed.	, Cultivat	9	53325	20803	48436	78712	215712	216035	34544	72709	67704	185861	993846 -42499 acr
Атев іп Астев.				2	183350	28917	142774	254369	456168	411437	78412	109596	187315	260189	Ø *
0 8	əlit		ni asrA dqara 2·748	4	216.4	34.1	168.5	300.5	538.4	485.6	92.5	129.3	221.1	307.1	2493.5
ıцв			19dmuN 70T 10	3	43	00	32	80	125	110	42	25	112	7.5	652
		.aqu	Pergun	2	Agroha,	Buhul,	Burwalla,	Futteeabad,	Hansi,	Hissar,	Ruttea,	Sewanie,	Tohana,	Tosham,	Total, 652
	•	strict	D!	-	1					n seen					

14.—Mr. C. Mackenzie, the Collector of the District nished on August 21st, 1847, the following Explanation such of the Columns of his Statement as called for them.	ns on
Column 3.	•
Mouzahs settled under Regulation 9 of 1833 in 1840-41,	
as per printed Statistics for 1842,	441
Ditto ditto in 1837,	5
	446
DEDUCT	-
Transferred to Zillah Rohtuck, Mouza Singor Jatoo,	
Pergunnah Hansi,	1
Leaves Mouzahs settled under Regulation IX. of 1833	
in Zillah Hissar,	445
Add	
Mouzahs of Pergunnah Tohana and Rutteea, received	
from the Sikh States in 1837,	154
Sookhlumburee or rent-free Mouzahs in Pergunnahs	00
Agroha, Futteeabad and Tosham,	29
Stud lands of Hissar,	I
Settlement,	21
Wyran Kheras included in lands of Mouzahs Hyraon,	41
Kulan, and Khoord—Pergunnah Futteeabad, separately	
surveyed by Revenue Surveyor,	2
Total Mouzahs,	652
Column 10.	
Demand for 1846-47, as per Government Litho-	
graphed Statistics for 1846-47, 4,5	4,936
DEDUCT	-
Jumma of Mouzah Dadoopore transferred to the Hissar Stud lands under the Orders of Govern-	
ment, 13th November, 1832. This Jumma has al-	
ways been included in the Kistbundee of the	
District,	550
-	1,386
4,04	いつつび

App	
* These being but temporary reductions, their amount was erroneously excluded in the Govern-	
ment Lithographed Statistics from Kheru Rai, Pergunnah	
the amount of demand entered in Column 10. Hansi,	150
*Ditto ditto of Mouzah Mullickpore Ragho, Pergun-	
nah Hansi,	200
Demand as given in Statistical Return now submitted, 4,	54,736
"The Survey was made according to the European	cienti-
fic method. The Survey measurement was made in 1838	
and 1840, and the Area is entered according thereto	
actual cultivation is entered according to the Putwarree's	
for 1845. The Census is based on an actual enumera	
the people made this year (1847)."	
15.—These returns were carefully examined by the Co	
sioner, Sir C. T. Metcalfe, and forwarded by that office	
being compared with other returns in his office, and suc	
ther information obtained from the Collector as was fou	ad ne-
cessary.	
16.—The following is a classification of the towns a	nd vil-
lages in the District:—	
Number containing less than 1000 inhabitants,	539
Ditto more than 1000 and less than 5000.	39
Ditto ditto 5000 ditto 10,000.	1*
Ditto ditto 10,000 ditto 50,000.	Ô
Ditto ditto 50,000	
Ditto unito 00,000	
Total inhabited,	579
" uninhabited,	66
,, of the district,	645
* Hansi Khas, in Pergunnah Hansi, 9,112 inhabitants.	
The Collector counted the 8 Puttees of Hansi Khas as separate	villages.
mar	

This accounts for the difference between the above total and that entered

in the Statistical Table.

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Area
Revenue,
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Statisti

of persons t re Geographi	Number each squa eal mile.	24	369	1 285	323	62,717	:	674
Potal.		23,	74,917	71,354	10,305 1,46,271	66,282 1,37,977 62,717	22,302	3,06,550
Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	Non Agricul- tural.	22	4,304	6,031	10,305	66,282	6,192	82,809
Mahome and others Hindoo.	- Agri- - cultu- ral.	21	2,107	6,460	8,567	165	495	9,227
Hindoo.	-noM -irgA -cultu- fai	.02	22,578	21,375	43,953	70,207	14,906	1,29,066
Ħ	-irgA -uttu- .ls1	19	45,928	37,488	83,416	1,323	- 709	1, 15,0 85,448
oT no sto. inoi:	Rate per a	13	2,3, 7	1,9,11	1,15,0	:	:	1, 15,0
Rate per Acre on Tots Malgoozaree.		13	1, 10,9	1, 5,2	1, 8,3	:	:	1, 8,3
оТ по этэА	Rate per	=	71, 4, 5	0 10,10	70, 15,2	:	:	0, 15,1
Demand on accou of land Revenue f		10	2,19,223-1-7 1, 4, 5 1,10,9 2,3,	1,43,983-4-0 010,10 1, 5,2 1,9,11 37,488	3,63,206-5-70, 15,2 1, 8,3 1,15,0 83,416	:	:	3,63,206-5-7 0, 15,1 1,
unassessed land.	Ватгеп.	6.	17,753	48,664	66,417	:	:	66,417
land.	Lakhiraj.	∞	98,559 32,429 23,385 17,753	89,016 19,918 54,036	77,421	:	:	77,421
assessed Land.	Culturable		32,429	19,918	52,347		:	52,347
asses a	Cultivated	9	98,559	89,016	1,87,575	:	:	1,87,575 52,347
Area in square Geogra phical miles of 847.2 acres each. Area in acres.		ro	203.2 1,72,126	250.0 2,11,634	453.0 3,83,760 1,87,575 52,347 77,421 66,417	1878	*:	3,85,638
		4	203.2			2.2	:	455.2
adasnoM 1	က	191	248	409	_	13	423	
Pergunnah.	8	Northern,	Southern,	Total,	City of Deh-	Suburbs,	GrandTotal,	

17.—Mr. A. A. Roberts, the officiating Collector, furnished the following remarks on the above statement, under date the 30th July, 1847:—

Survey. "The District of Dehlie was surveyed according to the scientific method in the year 1830-31, but at the time of the revised settlement by Mr. Martin Gubbins in 1841-42, every village was re-measured according to the native Khusreh mode. The settlement was founded upon this last measurement; and the entries regarding the area in the accompanying statement are the result of the Khusreh survey.

District Census. "A census of the district population was made by my predecessor, Mr. John Lawrence, towards the end of the year 1845, and I have every reason to believe that it was as accurate as could be expected. The Tuhseeldars were employed on this work, which was effected through the agency of the Putwarrees, though the Pergunnah Officers were made responsible for the correctness of the returns, and were required to test them.

"Unfortunately the people were not separated into the two great classes of agriculturists and non-agriculturists, but were numbered as Males and Females. The Tuhseeldars have now been employed in separating the population into these two divisions.

"I am inclined to think that the district population is rather under-estimated. The disproportion between Males and Females in the census of 1845, is too great, the number of males being made to exceed females beyond what is reasonable, but I nevertheless believe that the census is wonderfully correct, and quite sufficiently so for all general purposes.

"I have therefore assumed it as the basis of the present return, and no great or unaccountable variations have been discovered by the Tuhseeldars during their recent inquiries. Where there has been any ground for suspecting error I have personally enquired into the matter.

Northern Pergunnah. 369 persons to a Geographical square mile, and on an average 465 persons to each village, but of 161 villages 23 are in ruins and not inhabited, the Zumeendars and cultivators living in neighbouring villages, so that there are on an average 542 persons to each inhabited village. The largest village not being a Qusbah, is Nahree, and contains a population of 2,199 souls. The smallest is Gurhee Rindhala, with only 84 inhabitants. The industrious Jats abound in this Pergunnah.

"At the time of Census there were recorded 14,697 Hindoo families, and 1,411 Mahomedan families in the Northern Pergunnah. This gives 4.681 persons to a Hindoo family, and 4.543 to a Mahomedan family. The Pergunnah average is 4.650.

"There is much uncertainty in fixing an average for the different castes. For instance among the Jats, I have taken the average of 7 villages of pretty much the same population. In one village, Moondka, I find there were as many as 8 persons to a family, or 7.927, and in another, Peetumpore, only 4.169. It depends of course on the degree of unanimity prevailing among the brotherhood. I am satisfied however that the average number of persons to a Jat family is high. The result of these 7 villages, counting of course only Jat families, is 5.356. The result of 6 Aheer villages is 4.696. There are but four villages in this Pergunnah of which the proprietors are Mahomedans, and they have on an average as many as 7.081 persons to each family.

Southern Pergunnah. "In the Southern Pergunnah we have only 285 persons to a square Geographical mile. The average number of persons to a village is 287,

but of 248 villages as many as 59 are uninhabited and in ruins, which gives an average of 377 persons to each inhabited village. The largest village, Bhopuneea, contains a population of 2,000 persons, and the smallest, Toghanpore, only 15 inhabitants. There are several Goojar villages in this Pergunnah, but Jats predominate.

"In this Pergunnah the total number of families was 14,174, which gives an average of just 5 persons to a family. The average number of persons to a family in 7 Jat villages is 5.928. In 6 Goojur villages the average number is 5.569. In 5 Tugga villages the average is 4.151. In 6 Aheer villages it is 5.021. In 7 Mahomedan villages in this Pergunnah, the average number of persons to a family is 5.168.

5114

"The Mofussil population is at the rate of 327 persons to a square Geographical mile. By adding the population of the city and suburb, we got 676 persons to the square mile. Calculating 409 villages in the District, we should have on an average 357 persons to a village, but if we deduct the 82 uninhabited villages, we have 447 persons to each village. Most of these uninhabited villages were nothing more than hamlets, and they all seem to have been depopulated in the great famine of the year 1840 Sumbut. Their proprietors live in the neighbouring large villages, and indeed in many instances the Zumeendars of the large villages are also proprietors of the lands of these hamlets.

Census of the City.

N. B. the palace is not included.

There were several difficulties in the commencement of the census, and one or two abortive attempts before every thing could be properly arranged.

1st. It was necessary to construct a form which should contain all the necessary information and yet be so simple as not to impede the Agents employed in the work.

2nd. It was to be decided what ages should constitute men and women, and boys and girls. It was ruled that males above 12 should be considered men, and under that age boys; and females above 10 should be enumerated as women, and under that age girls. Notwithstanding the selection of these early ages, the tendency of the people was to consider still younger persons as men and women.

3rd. It was necessary to provide that persons should not be counted twice over, viz. at their shops and at their dwelling houses. This was done by dividing shops into those of one story, and those of two or more stories. It was found that shops of one story are almost always used as mere shops, and are shut up at night, the owners and their servants retiring to their dwelling houses. The rule therefore was that unless a person or family lived absolutely in their shops and had no other dwelling they were not to be registered at the shop, but at the dwelling house. Two-storied shops are almost always dwelling places.

"The modus operandi was as follows, several Mohurrirs were sent into certain wards of the city with blank forms for each Mohulla. The Mohurrirs were accompanied by the Chowkedar and sweeper of the street, but the Police exercised no interference whatever. As soon as it was reported that a Mohulla was completed, I used to go and test the census. At first I would visit perhaps every other house in a Mohulla, and found the enumeration and all the other particulars very correct. In this way the census of half the city was finished when I was deputed to Agra on duty.

"During my absence Ram Surn Doss, the Deputy Collector, tested the remainder of the census, as Mr. Saunders, who officiated in my place was in very bad health; I must add however that before his illness Mr. Saunders most willingly assisted me in my part of the work.

"I have no hesitation therefore in expressing my belief that the census now submitted is trust-worthy, and indeed very accurate, and I must take this opportunity of stating that the people evinced no disinclination whatever to the work, but most readily afforded the information required.

"It will not fail to be observed that the Proportion of Males to Females.

"It will not fail to be observed that the total of males exceeds the total number of females, but the difference is only 1.500, and although as a general rule in European statistics, there are more females than males, I have before me now a table of the population of each county in Great Britain in 1841, from which it appears that there are many exceptions to this rule.

Average number of have not quite 4 persons, on an average to a family. The number is 3.714, or close upon 3\frac{3}{4}. The Mahomedans have on an average 4\frac{1}{2} persons to a family, or 4.477. The average of the city is exactly 4 or 4.044.

"If we allow that the Hindoos did not give the true number of their women and girls, and such I believe to be the case, for Hindoo males exceed the females by some 3,000, by adding this number to the total of Hindoos, we should have an average of 4 persons to a Hindoo family, and the number of females would slightly exceed that of males in the total population.

"The custom of early marriages among Hindoos will always offer an obstacle to a very correct census, especially in a large city, unless the whole census be made in some very short time. For instance a Hindoo girl of 7 is married, perhaps it would be more correct to say betrothed, though the natives look upon it as a marriage. The child goes backwards and forwards from her father's to her father-in-law's house until she arrives at the age of 12 or 14, when she goes for good to her husband's house.

"This custom caused no little confusion at first but at last it was made a rule that a married girl should invariably be registered in her husband's family. This might prevent the same person being enumerated twice, but I fear some omissions took place.

House-room. "The total number of houses and shops in the city is 35,556. If we deduct 7861, or the number of pukka shops of one story, we shall have 27,695 dwelling places for the population, which will give very nearly an average of 5 persons to each house, or 4.982.

See Facts and Figures
No. 3, December 1st, 1841,
Page 48.

"In England in the year 1831 there
were on the average 5.7 persons to a
house. In 1841, the average was 5.3,
showing that families have more house-room than they had.
If our data be correct, and I do not doubt them, Dehlie is still
better off for house-room than the average of England. But
we have no house and window tax, no duty on slates and tiles.
These have been repealed only within the last few years at
home, and doubtless the number of houses will increase. In
Middlesex the average number of persons to a house was 7.5
in 1831, and 7.7 in 1841, which shows a still greater want of
house-room, but there is a greater number of large houses in
London than elsewhere, which must be taken into account.

Suburbs. "In the immediate vicinity of the city there are several very thickly populated places, of which nearly all the inhabitants are non-agricultural, and in fact regular townspeople,—Teleewara, Puhargunge, Trevelyangunge; and all these places are the Islington, Clerkenwell, &c. of Dehlie.

"Of course these places are within the boundaries of certain villages, and yet they cannot be included in the Mofussil population. For instance, no fewer than 8 of these towns, with a population of nearly 14,000 souls, are on the lands of Mouzah

Jehanooma, but there is no village of Jehanooma. The debris of old Dehlie covers its area, which is all the property of Government, and is let out chiefly for grazing. With the increasing growth and prosperity of the city these suburbs have sprung up and flourish.

"Mr. Lawrence made an excellent census of these places, but did not separate the people into agriculturists and non-agriculturists.

"Of the accuracy of the return there can be no doubt, as in the first place, Mr. Lawrence tested it in person; 2dly, an examination of the details proves the fact, and lastly, there is no great difference between the former census and that which has just been made in order to ascertain the number of cultivators.

"A very remarkable similarity between the population of the city and of the suburbs may be observed in many respects. In the suburbs the Hindoos have on an average of some thing less than 4 persons to a family, the number being 3.952. Now the Mahomedans have $4\frac{1}{2}$ or 4.448. The average of the total population of the suburbs is 4.101, or almost exactly the same as that within the walls.

"In the matter of house-room, as might be expected, the inhabitants of the suburbs are better off than the Town people. Deducting shops of one story and shops built of mud, we have 5,739 dwelling houses, which gives a house to every $3\frac{1}{2}$ persons, the exact number being 3.537 persons to a house.

"The census just made by me of the population of the suburbs shows an increase of 1,998 persons. Some allowance must be made for the ice-makers and other hamlets not included in Mr. Lawrence's return, and the rest will be accounted for by the annual increase of population by births, the influx of strangers and travellers, and other causes incidental to large and thriving suburbs."

18. The following classification of the towns and villages of the district has been obtained from the Mouzawar vernacular returns furnished by the Collector:—

Number	containin	g less tha	n 1000	inhabitan	ts	302
Ditto	more tha	n 1000 an	d less th	nan 5000	ditto	37
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	0
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	0
Ditto	ditto	50,000			ditto	1*
Total inhab	ited,					340
Total Unin	habited,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •			83
Total of the	e District,	, ,,,,,,,		· · · · · · · · · · · ·		423

^{*} Shahjehanabad (Dehlie)-1,37,977 inhabitants.

IV.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the Rohluck District.

.6	Hanasa Hanasa	Number of persoi	24	246	366			321	175	966	294
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-	rs not	Non Agricultu-	ន្ត	11807	2518	12839	2850	764	8553	2955	
tion.	Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	Agricultural.	21	3778	3690	3690	0	2	4214	184	16720
Population.		Non Agricultu-	50	11828	8005	13477	15457	2614	6141	24022	81541
	Hindoo.	Agricultural.	19	36996	11431	40076	29831	8052	19867	4319	1,50,572
[8:	to'l' no	Rate per Acre o Cultivation.	13	0.14.4	0-12-4	1-10-83	1.10-24	1-3-5	0-7-113	0-4-111	1-1-7
Malgoozaree Minhaee or 2 a a a Bopulati	10L uc	Hate per Acre .	21	0-11-1	0-10-3	1-2-103	1-5-113	1-1-3	0-4-64	0-4-53	0-12-113
[B	toT no	Rate per Acre of Acre.	=	0.10-3	0-9-5	1-1-54	1-4-73	0.15 53	0-4-34	0.4-23	54322 648046 0-12-1
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e or		Ватгеп.	6	15709	3402		7389	2381	10120	1753	
Minhaee	unassessed land.	Lakhiraj.	∞	1550	:	1592	က	:	231	:	3376
Malgoozaree		Culturable.	7	45856	9137	55766	17933	4372	77134	2384	299 1012.9 8,58,185 387915 2,12,582
Malgo	or assessed land.	Cultivated.	9	159071	46871		93173	31882	100201	22667	587915
		вэтэ А пі вэт А	. 2	1222186159071	59410	CA	118488	38635	187986	26804	8,58,185
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4	·	Pergunnahs.	c4	Bohtnek	Romes,	Gohana.	Kherkhowda	Mundowthee	Mehim	Bhewanee,	Total,
-		District.	1. =	ı		۲.	prnc	В			

- 19. On the 18th of April 1848, Mr. C. T. Le Bas, Deputy Collector of Rohtuck, submitted a return with a vernacular report, but the statement not being drawn up as directed, and being otherwise imperfect, Mr. E. Colvin, who had been subsequently appointed to officiate for him, was requested to supply the omissions.
- 20. From Mr. Colvin's reply it appeared that no measures had been taken towards preparing the Pergunnahwar and Mouzahwar returns required.
- 21. The preparation of a trust-worthy return within a reasonable time was thus rendered impossible, but the Commissioner of the Division was requested, under date the 12th May 1848, to cause the best practicable return to be made from such materials as were at hand, and to have a memo. appended indicating in the opinion of the returning officer the degree of credit that could be attached to it.
- 22. Mr. Colvin submitted on the 3rd June 1848, the table which is placed at the head of this notice, and expressed his own opinion of its value as follows:—
- "The Columns of the present statement have been filled up from office records spreading over a considerable space of time. It is evident therefore that in many of them there must be considerable inaccuracy, but the approximation to the truth of the general return is, I believe, very fair.
- "The 5 Columns of population have been filled up from the census of 1846."
- 23. The following is a classification of the towns and villages drawn from the vernacular Mouzahwar returns submitted by the Officiating Deputy Collector.

Ditto Ditto Ditto		g less than in 1000 and 5000 10,000 50,000	l less the	an 5000	ditto ditto	70 4*
Total Inhal	oited,					280
Total Unin						19
Total of the	e District,					299
* Beree, ii	n Pergunnah	Beree,	• • • • • • •	9397	Inhabitant	š.
Gohana,		Gohana,		6668	ditto.	
		Mehim,			ditto.	
Mehim,		Ditto,	• • • • • • • •	. 5660	ditto.	
† Rhotuck,		Rhotuck, .		. 10350	ditto.	
Bhewane	e, ——	Bhewanee, .		. 29442	ditto.	

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Goorgaon.

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Population.	Hariculturary. Control Control	v %	3177 9367 2393 5696 2284 386, 112964 14247 1335 1335	109792
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еоgта .Т <u>48</u> ?	Area in Square C phical miles o Acres each.	4	130.0 191.0 35.0 35.0 31.1 299 0 40 0 12.7 229.3 83.7 135.7 119.2	1467.2
	uoM to 19dmil Legingarian non Number	l 69	8822388 8 2 E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	1274
•	Pergunnahs.	8	Jharsah, Sonuh, Palee, Taoroo, Rowarree, Bohora, Shahjehanpore, Polwal, Hutteen, Poonahia,	Total,

- 24. Mr. A. Fraser, the Collector of Goorgaon, on July 30th, 1847, furnished the following particulars regarding the preparation of his statistical return:—
- "Col. 3, of the abstract, shows every village in the district. The total number is 1,274, of which $24\frac{1}{4}$ are held in Jageer and $60\frac{3}{4}$ are held in Istumrar.
 - "Col. 5, exhibits the total area of those villages.
- "Col. 10, exhibits the total revenue, and Columns 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12 and 13 are filled up with reference to Columns 5, 10 and each other as accurately as they could be.
- "The entries in Cols. 6, 7, in the Government Tables are erroneous. They ought to amount to 10,61,147, as written in my statement.
- "The entries in Cols. 8, 9, in my statement are correct. The differences between them and the Government statement are in consequence of the entry in mine of the area of Jageer villages.
- "The returns in all the total area Columns have been given from the scientific survey Maps, and the details of the area from the settlement returns. The professional survey and the settlement of the different Pergannahs were concluded as below.

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"The existing returns as to the population ide para. 13 of Circular) did not appear to be so imperfect as to render a new census necessary. The entries in the population Columns are made from a census which was conducted by the Tehseeldars of the district, through the medium of the Putwarries and Chowkeedars in 1845, and tested in various instances, through other agency than that originally employed. I believe it to be as accurate as any that is likely now to be furnished, and having been so recently compiled, I have not considered it expedient to vex the people with renewed enquiries."

- 25. These returns were carefully examined by the Commissioner, Sir Theophilus Metcalfe, Bart. and compared with returns from other quarters which were recorded in his office. The preceding Tabular Statement was forwarded after he had satisfied himself regarding the several entries.
- 26. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district, obtained from the Mouzawar vernacular returns forwarded by the Collector:—

Number containing less than 1000 inhabitants	. 1046
Ditto more than 1000 and less than 5000 ditto	
Ditto ditto 5000 and less than 10,000 ditto	. 4*
Ditto ditto 10,000 and less than 50,000 ditto	. 2†
Ditto ditto 50,000 ditto	. 0
Total inhabited	1129
uninhabited	
Total of the District	. 1274
* Soonah, in Pergunnah Soonah, 6,103 Inha	bitants.
Noh, ———— Noh, 5,511 ditto	. ,
Hodul, ——— Hodul, 5,840 ditto	•
Ferozepore, — Ferozepore, 7,989 ditto	
† Rewaree, Rewaree, 26,936 ditto	
Pulwul. Pulwul. 10.062 ditto	

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Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Saharunpore.

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•	nedan	Non Agricul-	22		70932	Note. uded fro
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ee.	essed	Barren.	6	10953 11759 11759 11759 1170 1170 1170 117103 117103 117103 117103 117103 117103 117103 117103	30407 332563	Migration services freque
Minhaee	or Cnass Land.	.ţsrıdlad	8	3463 1529 1539 186 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	30407	ulation g the ra who do er part
zaree	Assessed or Unassessed Land.	Cultura. ble.	7	•	41812	B Pop Durin those
Mai	nd.	Cultivated.	9	67089 33074 33074 37373 574126 57626	11173	
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•	,	Pergunnahs.	2	Sahnenpore, Behui, Fyzabad, Muzuferabad, Deobund, Rampore, Rampore, Jornassee, Jornassee, Roorkee, Nuktor, Sersawah, Sersawah Solanpore, Gungoh, Hills withn the Sub		Amount Jumma on the Touzees in 1846-47.
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27. The Collector of the District, Mr. F. R. Davidson, supplied on March 30th, 1848, the following information, with reference to the preparation of his statistical return:—

"The process by which these results have been obtained as regards the Land Revenue and area is that recommended in 8, 9 and 11 Paras. of the Circular No. 1139, dated 22nd October 1846.

"The ascertainment of the population was obtained by actual enumeration of each member of a family, and a family was considered to be those members of a relationship having their expenditure for food, clothing, &c., in common.

"This enumeration was prepared in the Agristic villages by the Canoongoes and Putwarries, assisted by the Chowkeedars, who received their information from the heads of the villages and families.

"In the towns the enumeration was made by the heads of Mohullahs and families, at the instance of the Police, and where a Chowkeedaree establishment existed, through their intervention.

"The returns were in the first instance carefully tested by the Tuhseeldars, and again at random in many instances by myself, and latterly the results were most satisfactory, and from much concurring internal evidence, I am satisfied they are very generally accurate; for instance, in those Pergunnahs where there was much forest land the population to the square mile is scanty, and vice versâ where the land has been for a long period extensively cultivated, and where Towns occur there is likewise an increase in the population to the square mile."

28. The Collector calculated the total number of families to be 99,205, giving an average of 5.4 to each house.

- 29. With reference to Col. 6, he stated that since the settlement in 1838, or in 8 years, the cultivated area had increased by 79,152 acres, the present actual area of land under cultivation being 7,60,269 acres.
- 30. The following abstract made from the Mouzawar vernacular returns furnished by the Collector, distinguishes the towns and villages of the district into classes according to their populations:—

Number wi	th less than l	000 Inhabitan	ts,	1370
Ditto mo	re than 1000	and less than	5000 ditto, .	72
Ditto dit	to 5000	ditto 10	,000 ditto,	3*
Ditto dit		ditto 50	,000 ditto,	2†
. Ditto dit	to 50,000		ditto,	0
Total Inhabite	d,			1447
Total Uninhab	ited,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	449
Total of the D	istrict,			1896
* Juwallapore,	in Pergunnah J	uwallapore,	8,862 Inhabit	ants.
Munglour,	N	Iunglour,	5,959 ditto.	
Gungoh,	G	lungoh,	6,260 ditto.	
† Saharunpore,	S	aharunpore,	34,294 ditto.	
Deobund,	D	cobund,	11,634 ditto.	

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Mozuffurnugur.

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-		T	Total.	×	35,1,16 45,295 47,30	5,37,594
	Mahomedan and others	indoo.	Non Agricul- tural.	ន	7,508 6,863 6,863 7,449 6,640 7,277 7,277 7,277 8,180	85,504
Population.	Maho	not H	-lusirgA tural.	21	2,064 2,064 2,066	61,445
Po	9.		no M -luoing A -lural.	82	16,972 16,973 14,675 14,675 14,075 16,926 16,926 11,778 11	2,18,341
,	Hindoo		-luoirg A .lsrut	19	8,621 10,654 13,993 18,993 18,793 10,906 10,906 10,906 10,906 10,908 10,	1,72,304
·uo	SCT C UNBU	n C	eq staH IstoT	13	සුදැල්දැල් දැල් දැල් දැල් සුදැල්ල් දැල්ල් සුසු දැල් කෙරුව් විසිස් සිදු සිදු දැල්	, 11, 8
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ənu	Keve	₽- 9	basmeU ngJ to 1481 to	01	60,150 104,3341, 104,3341, 104,3341, 105,1341, 105	41,473 160,227 10,71,698 1,
e or	Land.		Barren.	6	8,227 7,978 10,867 10,867 1,255 7,738 8,527 8,545 10,546 10,657 10,049 14,511	160,227
Minhaee	Lanc	•	Lakhiraj	8	12,628 1,190 1,980 1,980 1,980 1,022 1,022 1,023 1,127 1,250	41,473
Malgoozaree or Assessed		əĮq	Cultura	7	8,228 6,828 6,959 6,959 13,183 16,138 16,154 16,192 16,767 10,767 10,164 20,115	213,129
Malgo or A	Land	.bə	Cultivat	9	88.33 84.44 85.65 85.75 85	320,070
	.891	οĄ	пі вэт А	ç	88,397 59,799 69,799 69,799 69,799 69,799 77,789 77,163	0,34899
-87% 10	os D miles	bs	ni serA Iseidq S.748	4	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50	1221.7
suzn	oM 1 eqide	0	rədmuN oʻl 10	ಣ	82282888888888888	1128
		Fergunnahs.		64	Mozuffurnugur, Bugrah, Shikarpore Shoron, Sodhamah, Kandlah, Kyanah, Shamlee Banut, Thanah Bhowun, Bidowlee, Jhinjbanah, Churthawul, Khatowree, Bhomah Sumbulhara, Jowlee Jansut, Foor, Goordhunpoor,	Total, 1128 1221.7 10,34899 620,070 213,129
,	'16	un	Dia		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

- 31. The following particulars and explanation of discrepancies occurring between the present returns and those in the rough statistical table, were furnished by Mr. C. Wingfield, Deputy Collector of the district, under date the 14th of March, 1848.
- "The European scientific Survey of the entire district was made during the years 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836. The native khusrah survey, and settlement of 11 Pergunnahs out of 17, was carried out in the year 1846-47. The other six Pergunnahs were transferred from the districts of Meerut and Saharunpore in the year 1842, and a fresh khusrah survey and complete record of rights has just been completed throughout them, as the former were very imperfect.
- Col. 3. "1128 villages (rent-free villages included) appear in the present as in the former returns, in both instances tracts of land separately assessed (though there be no resident population upon them) and whose papers are separately compiled, have been treated as villages. Thus also a village formerly entire having been severed by Butwara into two or more distinct portions with their respective amount of revenue adjusted, and the Government demand separately enforced, each portion is ranked as a village.
- Col. 4. "The area has been reckoned by the khusrah measurement and gives 4 square miles more than the scientific survey which was inserted in the last returns.
 - Col. 5. "The same explanation serves for this column.
- Col. 6. "An increase of 14,000 acres of cultivated land appears here.
- Col. 7. "Here there is a decrease of 23,000 acres of culturable land.
- Col. 8. "3000 acres more appear under this heading than in the former returns. A khusrah survey in 35 maafee villages have recently been made.
- Col. 9. "An increase of 10,000 acres is observable under this heading.

32. The following were the measures adopted by Mr. Wingfield, to secure accuracy in columns 19 to 24.

"The Putwarries were furnished with a form containing certain columns giving the name of the master of the house, the number of males, and the number of females, of male and female children (all of the latter above 12 years of age have been ranked as adults) with the class (Agricultural or non-Agricultural) to which they belong. These they filled up by personal enquiry of the owners of each house.

"The distinction between the Agricultural and the non-Agricultural class, was thoroughly explained to the Putwarries, and from the examinations I have made they seem to have attended to the instructions laid down in Paragraph 15 of the Circular letter.

"Each family cooking at the same choolah (hearth), was esparately enumerated.

"When these forms had been filled up and sent in, I proceeded to test their accuracy by entering a village with one of them in my hand and calling for the man on whose name I first glanced, asked the number of his children, wives, and other relations who lived with him. In this manner I visited every Tehseeldaree and all the Pergunnahs save six, and in every one examined the returns of two or three villages. In only two villages did I detect an error, and that in both cases a very trifling one, while it may be remarked that these two villages had but one Putwarree between them, who lived some miles off and as appeared afterwards hurried through this duty in a slovenly manner.

"I must mention that I nowhere observed the people entertain any alarm or suspicion of the intentions of the local authorities in making this census, nor did I hear from the Putwarrees that they displayed any reluctance to communicate the required information. Some that I spoke to plainly showed they felt no uneasiness, and attributed the enquiry to mere curiosity. Many offered to show their children, and on two occasions, Ját women have answered from their houses. It must be recollected however that on two previous occasions population returns have been compiled by the Putwarrees, and though such a minute enumeration has never been attempted before still the people had ceased to wonder at them, and finding no ill consequence to themselves from the former, were not apprehensive of evil from the present enquiries.

"I am well aware that great doubts were entertained of the practicability of such a course as has been pursued in this district, but I feel confident it has been eminently successful, and a census formed so complete and accurate as could by no other means have been obtained.

"It will be observed that in one Pergunnah (Thana Bhowun) the number of persons to a square mile is 648. This seems very high, but in this Pergunnah there are the large towns of Jullalabad, Thannah Bhowun, and others of some importance.

"241 to the square mile is the return for the Pergunnah of Bhoomah Sumbulharah. This is the lowest of all, and would be less but for the town of Meeranpore, for this Pergunnah comprises the jungle land of the Ganges Khadir. In Pergunnah Gordhunpore which is similarly situated, the population is scarcely more numerous.

"It will also be seen, that putting aside the large towns those Pergunnahs occupied by the Jats are the most thickly and those inhabited by Goojurs and Syuds the most thinly populated.

"Finally this census gives an average of 439 persons to the square mile, being an increase of 66 persons over the last returns. These were generally supposed to be overestimated but the result proves that idea to have been erroneous.

33. The following remarks are applicable to the entries respecting each Pergunnah in the Table:—

Mozuffurnuggur.—Surveyed in the native Khusreh method by Mr. Thornton in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848, shews a moderate population, principally Syuds and Jats.

Bugrah.—Surveyed in the native Khusreh method by Mr. Thornton in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848; population returns high; large portion of inhabitants Jats, many flourishing villages.

Shikarpore.—New Khusreh survey made in 1846-47, having been transferred from the district of Meerut in 1842. Census taken in 1848, population returns high. Inhabitants chiefly Jats, and villages very flourishing.

Boodhanah.—Transferred from Meerut in 1842; fresh Khusereh survey completed in 1846-47. Census taken in 1848; population numerous, chiefly Tuggahs and Jats.

Kandlah.—Transferred from Meerut in 1842. New Khusreh survey completed in 1846-47. Census taken in 1847; population moderate, Jats and Goojurs.

Kyranah,—Transferred from Meerut district in 1842. New Khusreh strvey completed in 1846-47. Census taken in 1847, population bw, being entirely Goojurs dwelling in the Junna Khadir.

Shamlee.—Surveyed in the native Khusreh method in 1839-40. Census taken in 1847. Highly populated with Jats; many flourishing villages.

Thannah Bhowun.—Transferred from Saharunpore in 1842: fresh Khusreh survey completed in 1847. Census taken in 1848. Population returns very high, above every other Per-

gunnah; this is owing to the two large towns of Julialiabad and Thanna Bhowun and others. The inhabitants of villages are chiefly Rangurs and a few Jats.

Bidowlee.—Surveyed by the Khusreh method in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848; population very scanty, almost entirely Goojurs. Pergunnah comprising the low jungle land of the Junna Khadir.

Jhinjhanah.—Khusreh survey made in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848. Population moderate, chiefly Jats and a few Goojurs. No large towns.

Churtawul.—Khusreh survey made in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848. Moderately well peopled, chiefly by Tuggahs, with a few Jats and Rangurs.

Khatowlee.—Khusreh survey made in 1839-40. Census taken in 1847. Well peopled; the town itself considerable; the agricultural population chiefly Jats.

Bhoomah.—Transferred from Meerut in 1842. New Khusreh survey made in 1846-47. Census taken in 1847. The most thinly populated Pergunnah, though comprising the large mercantile town of Meeranpore. Inhabitants Syuds.

Jowlee.—Khusreh survey made in 1839-40. Census taken in 1847. Population returns rather low, though Jansut is a large town; chiefly Syuds.

Poor.—Khusreh survey made in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848. Tolerably peopled by Goojurs, Tuggahs and Jats.

Goordhunpore.—Khusreh survey made in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848. Very thinly peopled, being situated on the Ganges Khadir, and inhabitants almost entirely Goojurs.

Bhokerharree.—Khusreh survey made in 1839-40. Census taken in 1848. The Pergunnah, comprising the Ganges Khadir, is thinly peopled, with much jungle land.

34. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district:—

					•		
	Number e	contain	ing less th	an 1000 i	inhabitant	s	803
			an 1000 a			ditto	·121
	Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	8*
	Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	2†
	Ditto	ditto	50,000		•		0
Τo	tal Inhabi	ited				-	934
							194
				,		_	
То	tal of the	Distric	t,	•••••	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	1128
*	Mozuffurn	ugur, in	Pergunnah	Mozuffurnı	ugur,	7264 Inha	bitants.
	Boodhanal	h,		Boodhanah	,	5559 ditto	•
	Kandlah,			Kandlah,		7062 ditto.	
	Shamlee,			Shamlee,		8447 ditto.	
	Jullalabad,	,		Thanah Bh	owun,	7789 ditto.	
	Jhinjhanah	ı, —		Jhinjhanah	,	5662 ditto.	
	Churtawul					5111 ditto.	
	Jansut,					5312 ditto.	
						oors unto.	
†	Kyranah,	-		•	•	1,470 ditto.	

Thanah Bhowun, ... 11,221 ditto.

*06	r of perso square Go mile.	Mumber to each facidqerg	24	553									374				726	
		.ls3oT	23	1,79,859									7.335		50.788	5,937	39,956	20.00
tion.	Mahomedan I others not ndoo.	Non Agricul- tural.	22	41,366	5,257	9,946	9,584	7,563	1,851	3,262	4,387	2,007	287	10,502	6.870	226	11,683	0,120
rut.	Mahomes and others Hindoo.	- Agri- cultu- ral.	21	8,297	3,000	10,468	3,123	3,818	1,858				197				830	
		-noN -lgricul- tural.	20	82.827	13,839	33,417	14.076	21.951	3,519				2,292				11,737	
istrict	Hindoo	Agri- cultu- fal,	19	47,369	21,570	26,038	16.841	15,549	3,389	8,640	16,712	10,449	4,559	22,982	24,719	4,473	15,706	11 139
I the D	er Acre tivation.	Rate I Total Cu	13	0,0	1,	12,	, -	·~	5,	4,	10,	9,0	7	4,	13.	0	œ. r	- 01
tion i	Total Malgoozaree.			8, 62,		-	-						2. 81.				15, 113,	
Popule 8	.ns.	TA fatoT	11 12	2,0	8	= ;	, c	11,	0 1,	20,	7,	4 0	-	10 2,	-19	10,	6,92,1	000
ea and	1846-47. Rate per Acre on			531, 5,						266,0, 10,	264 0, 1,	460 10	11711	107 _[1] , 12			_	-
	d on acco	basi to	2	3,62,3941,	0 1,20,5	7 1,20,2	7,00,0	5 57,8	6 20,6	8 61,2660,	37,5	43.4	18,3	2 1,51,5	3 1.06.1	3,01	1 1,13,1242,	9 6
Land Reven	, name	Barren.	6	28,897						6,128				2 15,442			8,841	
Land Minhae		Lakhiraj.	8	10,393		_		9,015		3 8,372							94.8	
l Return of	Je. 1	Culturab	2	56,377				17,062		34,406			3,046				5,799	
cal Retury	.b	Oultivate	9	1,79,908						4 227			1 637				31,959	
Statistical Return of Land Revenue,	.8970	a ni sərA	20	2,75,575	81,335	1,19,515	81.743	66,272	19,346	96,133	43,704	64 995	16,619	78,680	1,02,847	54,824	46,648	42.464
ot s	equare G	ni sərA idqarg	4	325.3	96	141.0	96.5	78.2	22.8	113.5					121.4	64 7	55.0	50.1
ì	of Mous	or To	8	368		_		98		. 118	. 21		20		_		37	
	Pergunnahs		2	Meerut,	Burnawa,	Dasnah,	Lonee.	Hauper,	Ajrareb, Gurhmook-	tesur,	Surawa,	ethour.	Gorah,	Sirdhannah,	ustinapore, Niloha,	Tarapore,	Burout,	Chunnowlee

35. The Collector of the district, Mr. C. Gubbins, submitted his statistical table on the 19th April 1848, and remarked that the area of the district as recorded in the office from settlement records was found so completely at variance with the Revenue Survey that it had been found necessary to reconstruct the whole, and that this had been done under the superintendence of his assistant, Mr. E. Bayley, who had taken great pains to secure accuracy in the return. Subsequently being called upon for an explanation of the process by which the results given were obtained, he submitted on the 9th May 1848, the following remarks:

"The total area of each Pergunnah has been taken from the Revenue Survey Maps, Mouzahwar. The cultivated, Lakhiraj, and barren lands have been taken from the settlement records, and the difference between the three last and the total area has been put down as culturable area. These have again been totalled for the Pergunnahwar statement. In some instances discrepancies were found to exist between the professional survey maps and settlement records, owing to diluvion and alluvion; in such cases the native measurements have been used.

"The survey measurement entries have been taken from the English map. The several Pergunnaha were surveyed and settled as per annexed memo:—

Pergunnahs.	Years of Survey.	Year of Settlement.	Census taken in 1847.
Meerut,	1832-33-35-36,	1836	1,79,859
Baghputh,	1835-36,	1836	71,759
Burnawa,	1836,	1838	43,666
Dasnah,	1832, a few mou- zahs in 1828-29,	1836	79,869
Jullalabad,	1832-33-35-36,	1836	56,782
Lonee,	{ 1832-35-36, a few } mouzahs in 1828, }	1836	37,114
Haupur,	1832-33-35,	1836	48,881
Ajrareh,	1832-33,	1835-36	10,617
Gurhmooktesur,	1833,	1836	22,155
Surawa,	1832-33,	1836	47,127
Paoth,	1832,	1835	18,116
Kethour,	1832-33,	1835-36	27,888
Gorah,	1832,	1835	7,335
Sirdhannah,	1836,	1838	59,006
Hustinapore Niloha,	1832-33,	1835	50,788
Tarapore,	1833,	1835	5,937
Burout,	1836,	1838	39,956
Kotanah,	1836,	1838	23,038
Chuprowlee,	1834,	1835	30,843

"The Population columns have been filled up as follows:—Mouzahwar lists were taken down from the Chowkedars and Putwarries of the village as directed in Paras. 12 and 16 of the Printed Circular of Secretary to Government N. W. P. No. 1139, dated 22d Oct. 1846. These were collected by each Tuhseeldar, and an officer of the Tuhseel deputed to test them, which they did by taking at random 10 or 15 Mouzahs of each Pergunnah, as directed in Para. 10 of the above quoted letter. This Census was taken in 1847, and I have myself in passing through the district taken opportunities of testing villages in each Tuhseel and have found them very correct."

36. The following classification of the towns and villages is drawn from the Vernacular Mouzawar returns submitted by the Collector:—

1					
Number cor	taining less t	han 1000 i	inhabitant	s 1	1252
Ditto mor	re than 1000	and less th	han 5000	ditto	187
Ditto di	tto 5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	13*
Ditto di	tto 10,000	ditto	•		51
Ditto di	tto 50,000				0
Total Inhabite	d,	• • • • • • • •		_ 	 l457
Total Uninhab					
	,		•••••		U.,
Total of the D	istrict,		•••••		774
* Munwana,	in Pergunns	h Hustinapo	re,	5271 Inhab	itants.
Baghput,		- Baghput,		6494 ditto.	
Gurhmookhte	esur,			7168 ditto.	
Chundowlee,		- Lonee,		6920 ditto.	
Ghazeeabad,		- Dasnah,		5112 ditto.	
Kotanah,	·			6684 ditto.	
Bawnee,		- Burout,		8295 ditto.	
Tikree,		- Ditto,		9882 ditto.	
Dokut,		- Ditto,		6290 ditto.	
Tirpoora,		- Ditto,		7878 ditto.	
Rumala,		- Chuprowle	ee,	5234 ditto.	
Rhutorah,		- Ditto		5734 ditto.	
Kurthul,		- Ditto,		7972 ditto.	
Sirdhannah,				2,481 ditto.	
Meerut,					
Haupur,	-	- Hauper,		3.598 ditto	
Chuprowlee,	,	- Chuprowle	e 1	3.878 ditto	
Burout,		- Burout,	1	2,350 ditto.	

-8:	igosiJ s	Number of parant each squar elimitesimile	24	1				486						609	339	
		.latoT	23	66,549	41,090	74.653	34,010	39,643	33,123	00,040	53,761	40,388	65,811	45,624	10,007	
	Mahomedan I others not ndoo.	Von-Agri- cultural.	22	4,994	4,140	9.958	2,860	3,488	4,421	5 166	6.236	5,946	14,393	6,574	973	Ì
ation.	Mahoniedan and others not Hindoo.	-utleultu- fat	21	4,120	2,044	3,425	1,150	1,845	2,237	2,340	1.650	2,910	7,537	5,598	522	
Population.	,	Von-Agri- cultural.	20	19,669	95 300	33.501	12,753	15,927	11,531	97 437	21.216	12,787	23,664	15,884	3,566	
	Hindoo.	-Agricultu- 181	19	37,766									20,217	17	4,946	
otal	T ao 91 0.	Rate per Àc Cultivation	22	9, 11	ž r	;;	15,	ໝໍເ	ກົດ	n oc	Ĝ	6	Ξ,	12,	:	
[ato]	T no 91: .99.	A req per Ac sacoglaM	12	0, 14, 21,	. 2	; -:	-	o`;	Ę,	í -	: -i	14,	oî,	'n	:	
otal.	Г по эт	Rate per Ac	=	12,	9	ò	.,	, 14, 111,	<u>,</u>		ò	13,	, 0, 1111,	., ,	:.	Ì
to to tot	accont	Demand on Land Re 1846-47.	10	1,09,9880,		1,25,4871,		64,6240, 1		_			25	3	:	
e or un-		Barren.	6	5,193				9,718			3,752	,	01/7		:	
Minhaee or un-		Lakhirsj.	8					3 37 7						1/4/0	24,968	
Malgoozaree or assessed land.		Culturable.	7	56,298	28,876	37,926	28,006						6/6,42		:	
Malgoo: assesse		Cultivated.	9	67,953	56,042	76,334	35,014	30.241	48.319	70,509	57,306	51,972	00,000	21012	: ,	
	*89	тэА пі вэтА	2	-		_		60,569		_			63 340	3	24,968	
-8780 3.748	ed Gran	Ares in squ phical mi Acres eac	4	164.8											29.5	
to sd	BzuoM. .80	to tedmuM ridenwoT	3	186	157	160	25	110	106	153	83	130	74.1	3	25	
	Pergunnaha.	1	2	Dadree,	Secundrabad,	Khoorja,	Jewur,	Shikatpore	Anoopshuhur,	Deebhaee,	Seeanah,	par	Agonteh	Tuppa Ruboo.	poorah,	

37. The Deputy Collector of the district, Mr. T. Tonnochy, transmitted a statistical table with remarks, on the 6th October, 1847, but it was not prepared agreeably to the orders of Government, and the area of Talooka Rubboopoorah, belonging to the king of Dehli, and including 25 villages, had not been correctly given. The proportion of non-agriculturists was also entered so high that particular attention was called to this point, it being remarked that it was scarcely possible that it should be so large in a district like Bolundshuhur, where there were no large towns.

38. Subsequently on the 14th April 1848, Mr. Tonnochy submitted a revised table in which Tuppa Rubboopoorah was entered as a separate Muhal, the villages composing it not being all situated within any one Purgunnah, and no detailed measurement having been made since the introduction of British rule. The area was ascertained by protracting from the surrounding Khalsa villages.

39. "The population returns," Mr. Tonnochy reported,—
"were under particular instructions from the Tehseeldars, prepared by the Putwarrees. The form of statement under which
they were to be drawn up being as follows:—

1st Col. Number of the Havelee or Bakhur.

2nd do. Number of Houses in ditto.

3rd do. Name of the head of each house or family.

4th do. Caste.

5th do. Names of the adult males of the family.

6th do. Number of adult females in the house or family.

7th do. Number of male children in the house or family (the names of the children have also been taken.)

8th do. Number of female children in the house or family.

9th do. Total number of souls.

10th do. Number of Hindoo cultivators.

11th do. Number of Hindoo non-cultivators.

12th do. Number of Musalman cultivators.

13th do. Number of Musalman non-cultivators.

14th do. Remarks. (Under this head the profession or calling of each household is entered.)

"From this it will be seen, that with common attention on the part of the Putwaree and vigilance on that of the Tehseeldar, it was hardly possible for errors to be committed. Putwarees were directed to make their enquiries at the entrance of each Havelee or Bakhur. They were in general accompanied by the village Chowkedar and Moquddum or Zemindar. Tehseeldar was directed by me personally to test the returns generally, and especially of those Putwarees whom he considered the least trustworthy, and they have done so. I myself made the tour of the district, examining all the villages that lay on my way, and making a round morning and evening of the whole of the villages lying in the vicinity of the place at which I happened to be encamped. On entering a village I took my post indiscriminately at the entrance of some Havelee or Bakhur; sent for the malik, or in his absence, one of the neighbours, and required him to enumerate to me the number of houses or families having meals distinct from each other, the names of the male members (old and young) and the number of females, old and young, of each family, comparing all the time, the delivery with the Putwarrees' returns, and in this manner I continued my examination of about from one half to a fourth of the estate. As to the result of my enquiries I am happy to say that I detected no material error; such (as I have already observed) could hardly have been committed under the form prescribed to the Putwarees. In some instances however I found the number of choolas or separate meals to be an unit or two more or less than what the Putwaree had entered, but this was explained by some family having subsequently divided or joined.

"The classification of the population was greatly simplified by entering the occupation of each individual in the Putwaree returns under the last head of their statement, as above noticed. "The disproportion between the two classes still remains apparent, but it is so in reality; a very large head of the people depending upon labour and service of some kind for their subsistence, that is, either by monthly pay or daily hire, besides which numbers of both the Hindoo and Mosulman population are in service abroad, and being in easy circumstances, have large families and numerous dependents, who remain in the district, and these collectively, combined with artizans and manufacturers and those engaged in trade, with their families and dependents, contribute to swell the amount of non-agriculturists."

40. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district:—

Number co	ntaining l	less than	1000 in	habitants	š	1343
Ditto mo	re than	1000 and	l less tha	an 5000	ditto	104
Ditto d	itto	50ÓO	ditto	10,000	ditto	6*
Ditto d	itto` 10	,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	3†
Ditto d	itto 50	,000				0
Total Inhabit	ed,	. 		. <i>.</i>		1456
Total Uninha						
Total of the I	District, .	• • • • • •	· · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • •		1612
* Secanch,		in Pergui	ınalı Secai	neh,	5744 I	nhabitants.
Anoopshuhi	ır,		Anoc	pshuhur,	8947 d	
Jehangeeral	oad,			pshuhur,		
Shikarpore,				arpore,		
Dibaee,				ee,		
Jewar,			—— Jewa	r,	5835 d	itto.
† Burrun (Bol	undshuhur)	,	Burr	սո,]	12,049 d	itto.
Khoorjah,				orjah,l		
Secundrabad	l,		Secui	adrabad, . 1	14,843 d	itto.

01	gosĐ sĩ	Number of each, squa phical mil	24	369.			333.										323.			
		Total.	23	31.048	37,857	69,376	0.597	95,239	11,499	7,481	27 835	1.28.259	32,869	40,356	24,522	7,103	4	10,024	34,373	
	Mahomedan I others not ndoo.	Non-Agri- cultural.	22	3.099	4,264	6,745	780	15,882	312	331	1,633	9.602	2,014	1,983	1,321	372	880,0	4,000	2,405	-
lguur. Population.	Maho and othe Hindoo.	Agricultu- ral.	12	1.356	2,800	3,264	1.197	2,605	352	200	300	3,152	400	992	1,306	:	7777	1,000	1,194	-
Pop		Non-Agri- cultural.	20	14.970	16,053	28,412	2.383	46,303	3,308	3,087	19 785	69.913	16,870	16,716	9,641	3,347	14,749	10,039	11,764	
District of Autyguar.	Hindoo.	Agricultu- fat	19	11.623	14,740	30,955	5.237	30,449	7,527	3,679	16.095	45.592	13,585	20,891	12,254	3,384	19,330	24,000	19,010	
- 2	<u> </u>				I	m u	0 0											0 -	4 00	-
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3	от до в	Rate per Acr			8,														; e;	
22		aszoogisM	12		12, 8	_	_								_			_	•	
2 [81	-T αο 91	Rate per Ac			91, 1															
ropulation —	or uo a	Rate per Aci Alea.	=																	
				~ :				` <u>.</u>		<u>.</u>	-	2	∾,	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	1	ic	<u>.</u>	: : :	_
or and		Demand on Land Rev 1846-47.	10	Rs. 90.098	1,12,708 1,	1,68,621	24.206	1,89,818	43,491 1,	25,933	1,200,001	3,03,675	91,0472,	1,30,3431,	79,5881,	20,595	1,42,3401,	30,634	1,20,1991,	
or un- S	land.	Barren.	6	19,493	19.565	700,87	2,709	39,068	8,409	667,7	3.969	21.590	3.653	14,361	18,631	20,00	47,104	1, 104, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 1	5,874	
Minhaee	assessed	Lakhiraj.	8	610	342	1,249	379	4,791	791	1 051	853	4,699	3,855	823	1,386	400	36.0	747	31	
ree or	land.	Culturable.	7	3,361	5,842	7 090	4,163	2,084	2,758	604,2	1.335	7,752	2,953	3,341	3,246	1.50	10,050	200	30,426	
Malgoozaree or	assessed land	Cultivated.	9	47.865	57,057	13,479	17,180	85,932	24.944	120,01	46.997	,04.281	35,416	60,942	42.369	284.48	60,09	16,626	58,843	
Malgoozaree or Minhaee or	<u>'</u>	этэ А аі вэтА	5	71,329	82,806	95.450	24,431	1,31,875	36,902	20,040	53.154	1,38,322, 1	45.877	79.467	65,632	100,01	28 489	25,706	95,174	
	78 Jo 88	Area na squa phical mili Acres each	4	84.2	97.7	30.0	8.8	155.7	43.6	94.6	62.7	163.3	54.1	93.8	77.5	1001	151.7	30.3	112.3	
		Number of square of square of square of same o	69	82	102	33	56	227	2	108	00	234	138	9 5	65	200	154	42	92	
		rergannans.	2	Akberabad,	Jellalee,	Putchlanah.	Gungeeree,	Coel,			Gorie,			nyr,	Chundous,	Secundra Rac	Mahrerah.	Hussain.	Tuppubl	1

41. Mr. Hutchinson, Officiating Deputy Collector of the Allyghur district, furnished the following particulars explanatory of the preparation of the above table, in a report to the Collector, dated April 25th, 1848:—

"I directed the preparation in the Sudder Office of Mouzahwar lists for each Tehseeldaree, exhibiting the entries of area and Jumma; but not of population, as the census of this district taken in 1845, was, in the case of two Tehseeldarees, a Pergunnahwar, not a Mouzahwar one, and further, with reference to the evidently excessive rate of population to the square mile given by it as shown in column 24 of the statement forwarded by Government, I considered that a new census was necessary. In these Mouzahwar lists, the columns of cultivated, culturable and Lakhiraj areas were filled up by the conversion of Beeghas into acres from the Nekasee papers of 1253 F. S. in preference to the settlement records, chiefly to secure greater accuracy in the Lakhiraj areas, in which extensive changes have occurred since the Regulation IX. 1833, settlement by the resumption or release of tenures.

"The lists so prepared were sent to the several Tehseeldars, and after their revision, were returned to the Sudder Office; there the columns of total area were filled up by my dictation from the map books of the surveys of this district made between the years 1832 and 1840, and the barren areas were then found by subtracting the amounts of the cultivated, culturable, and Maafee areas, from the total areas given by the professional survey. Owing to portions of some Mouzahs having been included on account of local situation in the land of other Mouzahs in the professional survey, I found, in a few cases, that the amount of the cultivated, culturable and Maafee areas exceeded the Surveyor's total area; in these cases I have left the barren column in the Mouzahwar lists blank, and have therefore been obliged to form the Pergunnahwar barren area, not by adding up the Mouzahwar barren areas, but by subtracting the amount of the total cultivated, culturable and Maafee areas from the

total area of the Pergunnah, and giving the result as the barren waste area.

"There is a difference of 283_{10}^{1} square miles in the total area of this district, as given in the accompanying statement, in excess of that given in column 4 of the Government statement above alluded to. If the Surveyor's books are correct, the area given by me is also correct, as it has been taken entirely from them in all but two instances, viz. Mouzah Syn, annexed from Mynpoory, the survey map of which Mouzah has not been received here, nor can be found in the Mynpoory Office, and Mouzah Buhadoorpore, the area of which was included without any distinction in that of Sathree, trransferred to Muttra. In these two cases, the total area has been taken from the settlement records. On looking also at the map of this district, you will find that the narrowest width from east to west is 40 miles, and the least length from north to south is 38 miles, which alone gives a product of 1520 square miles.

"The columns of population have been thus filled up. A form was issued to the Tehseeldars containing separate columns for Pukka and Kutcha houses of Hindoo cultivators and non-cultivators, and for Pukka and Kutcha houses of Mussulman cultivators and non-cultivators, according to which they were required to prepare statements of the number of inhabited houses, exclusive of shops, chowpauls, nohirehs, temples, mosques, &c. in each village. In a few towns, selected for the purpose, they were ordered to take a census of the resident inhabitants. Rajah Teekum Singh, of Moorsaun, Daood Khan, of Bheekumpore, and Bunseedhur of Bullah, were also requested to send in a-census of a few large villages in their estates. To them, as well as to the Tehseeldars, translations of the Government Circulars were sent, and the definition of a house given in Para. 17 of that Circular, was explained both in writing and verbally. The returns of houses in the villages of their different divisions have been filled up by the Tehseeldars through the Putwarries. I have not been able to test them as carefully as I could have wished; but as far as I am able to judge, they are trustworthy.

In those towns, and villages where an actual enumeration of houses and inhabitants has taken place, the testing has been a severer one, and has been thus applied. I collected the Chokeedar, the Bullahur, the Mohullahdar, the Putwaree, and the Canongoe, and went with them from house to house, requiring the head man of each family to give the number of souls in his family living together. I found no trouble in getting at the real truth; for even if the headman wished to diminish the numbers of his family, he was at once corrected by the Chokeedar. or Bullahur or some neighbour in the crowd that stood around. The result of the enquiries at each house was written down on the spot. In this manner, in 7 towns I had counted 2,238 houses containing 10,048 inhabitants, when I was obliged by ill health to come into the station. The Native Deputy Collector was then sent out to finish the testing on the same plan that I had pursued, and which I explained to him; he counted 2,313 houses, containing 11,765 inhabitants. From this enumeration, made by myself and the Native Deputy Collector, I have been able to frame the following Tehseelwar rates:-

		Hir	ndoos.			Mus	sulmans	
Tehsceldarees.	Culti	vators.	Non cu	ıltivators.	Culti	vators.	Non cu	ltivators.
	Kutcha	Pucka.	Kutcha	Pucka.	Kutcha	Pucka.	Kutcha	Pucks.
Coel Uglas Tuppuhl Akberabad Atrowlee Sekundra Rao Khyr Hattrass.	6½ 5 5 5 5 5 5 6¾ 6 4	6½ 5 5 5 5 5 6½ 6½	4 1 1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 5 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 6 5 6	8 7 6 6 5 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	78 7 6 51 12 111 61	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

[&]quot;These rates, applied to the returns of houses furnished by the Tchseeldars, have produced the results recorded in columns 19-23 of the accompanying statement.

[&]quot;The total amount of the population of the District by this estimate is less than the census of 1845 by 26,805 souls; the rates of population to the square mile in the different Tehscelees are very different: the high rates in Coel and Hattrass are

caused by there being several large towns in those Tehseelees, as Coel, Birrowlee, Hattrass, Moorsaun, Sasnee, Mehndoo, &c. The Pergunnahs of Uglass Tehseelee are certainly the most populous parts of the District; besides the Mouzahs noted in the Statement, they contain upwards of 200 large hamlets.

"The variations between the entries in Col. 11-13, of the accompanying Statement, and the corresponding entries in the rough Statement sent by Government, have been necessarily caused by the variations in Col. 5-9.

"In the Mouzahwar entries of population, which are the products of the Pergunnah rates multiplied into the number of houses of each kind, fractions have been omitted, to avoid the loss which would have occurred by this omission, the Pergunnah totals of population have been formed by applying the Pergunnah rates to the Pergunnah totals of houses, and not by adding the Mouzahwar entries. The difference between the entry in Col. 10 of this Statement, and the corresponding entry in the Statement sent by Government has been caused by the retention in the latter Statement of the Istumraree Jumma of Beyswan instead of that fixed at the late settlement."

42. The following classification of the towns and villages of the district, is obtained from the Mouzahwar Vernacular returns received from the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	ian 1000	inhabitar	its	1782
Ditto 1	more th	an 1000 a	nd less tl	han 5000	ditto	106
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	4*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	3†
Ditto	ditto	50,000				0
Total Inhal	oited,					1895
Total Unin						69
Total of the	e Distri	ct,	· • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	1964
Sasnee, Puttee O Ahmednu	omdah I igger,	Pergunuah A	—— Hat —— Sec —— Mur —— Atr	trass, undra Rao, rhera, owlee,	5524 ditte 7195 ditte 6740 ditte),),),

Hattrass, .. 22,903 ditto.

Hattrass,

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Bijnour. XI.

-81	persons :SooD s	Yumber of sech squa phical mile	2	516	888		899							325	187	674	3 3
		Total.	23	40,735	34,178		76,463	25,510	57.234	23,766	32,691	63,379	14,233	49.369	51,079	19,619	6.20.546
ů	ahomedan and others not Hin-	Non-Agri-	22	9,208	7.622		21,263	19 84%	14.048	2,753	7,383	19,242	7,801	11,925	15,170	3.122	60 639
Population	Mahomedan others not doo.	Agricultu- ral.	12	3,754	2,067		4.577	1,000	4.329	1,574	1,665	3,2,38	1,294	4,095	3,509	2,985	14.343
Ь	Hindoo.	Von-Agri- cultural.	20	15,457	13.044		11 649							13,062	20,191	5.816	2.25,049 1,90,515 44,343
	Hin	Agricultu-	19	12,316	11,445	00 570	15.943	9.543	25,180	14,625	13,042	6 949	7170	20,287	11,909	13,102 8,496	2.25,049
1810		A ree per A outsivatio	13	4, 7	3, 2 15, 4		, ,									, 2, 2, 2,	6, 2
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fato		A 19q 9st A szooglaM	12	, 12,	7. %								5	φ,	;	, 0 <u>0</u>	6
		Area.	<u> </u>	9.	<u>-2,2,</u>									_	20 4	o 1~	 ह
otal	Т до этэ	Rate per A	=	1, 8,	1, 4, 0, 15,		 				•					;; ;;;	0, 15
lo t rot	evenue	Demand on Land I	10	1,03,524	73,595 1, 68,819 0,	1.32.597	78,558	71,656	94,139	44 799	1.15.310	29.6110		1,04,527	1 00 370	61,559 1,	2.00.89
or un-		Ваттеп.	6	7,792	8,913 11,650	17.607	9,421	4.377	9,664	11,520	6 965	79.043		62.920	208,57,1	6,685	44,741 4,31.539 12.00.89 0, 15,
Minhaee		Lakhiraj.	∞	623	566	5,399	8,663	3,106	4,402	12.818	1.933	38	;	1/1	7,00	627	44,746
as-		Culturable.	7	13,249	16,255 23,640	18,649	15,263	7,631	23.950	7.153	9.04	20,982	007 00	19 90	8.23	8.774	2,39 193
Malgoozaree or	,	Cultivated	9	45,247	33,558 35,176	55,334	35,040	26,152	47,011	15.870	42.289	13,031	141 67	30 130	35.507	19,589	5.03.083
<u></u>		19A'ni sərA	2	906'99	59,292	96.989	65,387	41,266	85,057	44.096	60,230	1,13,094			•	35,674	3 12.18,561
-вт <u>з</u> е 2.741		pa ni sərA m İspidq sə sərəA	4	78.9	70 0 83.6	_	77.2	•	_					979			438
	.80	lo redmuN lidenwoT	6	233	155	248	271	202	156	101	294	233	170	238	169	137	3.0301
	Pergunnabs.	,	2	Bijnour,	Jhaloo, &c. Mundawur,	(Dhampoor),	Seohara	Nahtore,	Chandpoor,	Boorpoor.	Nuggeana,	Burrapoora,	Afzulgarh, Rebur	Noicehabad	Keer at poor,	Akberabad,	Total,
	.toi	Distr	-						'TD	ouți	B						

43. The following explanation of the discrepancies between the above Table and the Rough Statistical Return was furnished by Mr. R. K. Dick, the collector of the Bijnore District, in a report dated the 17th April 1848.

Number of Mouzahs.	"One muhal has with the
Former,	sanction of Government been
Difference, 1	removed from the rent roll,
Difference,	because it was merely a nomi-
nal Mouzah the site of which w	as supposed to be in the forest.

Area	L .	Acres.
	1224 1438.3	
•	214.3	

Note.—The book in this office gives 10,35.034, not 10,36,034, as in the printed statement. The Lakheraj being 35,827, and not 36,827.

"Two villages have been taken from Pergunnah Nuggeenah and added to Pergunnah Burrapoora, and from Pergunnah Sheirkote one has been taken and added to Ufzulgurh

Rehur; this will account for the diminution of area in Nuggeenah and Sheirkote. A great addition has been made to Pergunnahs Nujeebadad, Burrapoora and Ufzulgurh Rehur, because the area of the Forest villages has now been inserted by measurement upon the map; instead of as formerly according to the vague record of former settlements. The area of Talooqua Chandee and the Dhoon of that name was entirely omitted in the old return; it has now been inserted as 71,040 acres.

"The forest area of Pergunnah Nujeebabad as far as the Rowasun Nuddee to the north and the Gonghun to the south has been inserted from actual Professional survey made in 1841-2 giving an excess of acres 52,488 over the former estimated amount. The forest of Chandee, Burrapoora and Ufzulgurh Rehur has not been actually measured, and though the boundary of this tract towards the "Des" is accurately marked upon this map, that on the Hill side may not be precisely correct being laid down from bearings taken at considerable distances instead of actual survey. The present return, however, does not differ widely from the truth.

In the detail this forest land has been thrown into the barren.

"The difference in the amount of cultivated, Lakhiraj, &c. arises from this, that some maafee land at first resumed but afterwards released in appeal was entered in the malgoozaree area, in the former statement, and has now been put down as Lakhiraj, while other lands then rent-free, but which have since lapsed, have been added to the khalsa. A considerable error was discovered in Pergunnah Rehur Ufzulgurh, the total area of 32 Mouzahs transferred from zillah Moradabad having been entered under the head of cultivation; of 19,853 acres, entered in former returns, only 14,442 are really cultivated. The difference 5443 acres has been transferred to barren and culturable.

"The total area of the District (except part of the forest as above described) has been entered from the professional survey. The year in which each Pergunnah was surveyed cannot be precisely stated as the work was not carried on regularly.

1827-8
1828-9
1829-30
1829-30
1830-31
1831-2
1831-2
1832-3
1832-3
1832-3
1833-4
Chandpoor.
Boorpoor, and Seohara and
Detached Villages of Nuggeenah and Sheirkote, Nuggeenah from the Gonghum
to the Kho.
1832-3
Jhaloo, Bijnour, Mundawur,
Nujeebabad.
Keerutpore, Akberabad, Bashta.

completed in 1838-39.

The work of each season is given in the margin as correctly as can be ascertained here; the details have been filled in from the khusreh survey which commenced in 1833-4 and was

"The demand is increased by the addition of the Jumma of maafee land the settlement of which was confirmed by Government before 1846-47 but by an error was not included in the rent roll of that year submitted to the accountant.

"The return of the population was obtained during the past year through the Putwarrees. They were required to give in a separate paper for each village showing the number of enclosures, the name of the head of each family residing within each enclosure, the *number* of each family without detail of men, women and children, and the caste and occupations. These returns were first examined by the Caucongoes, then some villages were personally visited by the Tehseeldars and the accuracy of the return tested and afterwards the same steps were taken by the Deputy Collector and Assistant.

"The detailed nature of the information given by requiring the number of enclosures and the name of the heads of families seems to afford security against a very wide departure from the truth though it must be confessed that the number in each family and the number to a square mile is unusually large. The fear which this species of enquiry excites generally, is that some tax is to follow; why then should the returns be in excess of the truth?

"The occupation of each family being given in the detailed return, the distribution into agricultural and non-agricultural was made in this Office. All my enquiries lead me to trust in the accuracy of the present returns."

44. A separate abstract of the number of families and houses was submitted by the Collector of which the following gives the result.

	Number of fami- lies or houses.	Number of in- habitants.	Average per house.
Hindoo,	66337	415564	6.26
Mussalman,	35668	204982	5.75
	102005	620546	6.08

45. The towns and villages of the district are classified in the following table, which has been prepared from the Mouzawar vernacular returns forwarded by the Collector:—

Mouzahs c	ontain	ing less th	an 1000	inhabitan	ts,	904
		an 1000 a			ditto	61
	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	€8
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	3+
Ditto	ditto	50,000	•	·		0
otal Inhabit	ed					1976
otal Uninha	hited					1054
	•			,		
Total of the						
* Shespoor,		Pergunnah Sh			6414 Inhal	
Sheoha ra,		D			9099 ditto.	
Nahtore,		N	ahtore,	• • • • • • • • •	8129 ditto.	
Bijnore,		B	ijnore,		9280 ditto.	••
Mundawar,		M	undawar,		6881 ditto.	•
Keeratpore	,	К	eeratpore,.		7878 ditto.	•
Jhala.		N	ujeebabad,		6551 ditto.	
Rampore,		D	itto		8207 ditto	
+ Nugeenah,	*********	N	ugeenah,		14,001 ditto	
Chandpore		C				
Sheirkote.		S				

67 -81	angaras Bood	esch squar	N 3	2 2				99	9		2 2	!
ŀ		otal.	T	44 389 1 94 419	27.145 1 00 EFE	1,00,0	1,504,106,50	41,774 1,90,956	11,119 1,24,416	Ġ	55.596	
	edan rs not 00.	on-Agri-	7 s	44 389	97.145	14.50	106,11	41,774	11,119	7 7 70	9.474	
Population.	Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	gricultu- ral.	۶	30,449	28.709	00000	4 6 6 6	40,800	18,208	17 757	8,096	
P	è	Von-Agri- cultural.	1 8	43.332	34.838	49 939	202,24	04,040	26,613	19 787	15,737	
	Hindoo.	Agricultu-, ral,	, s	63,249	89,883	81.899	224	, ,	08,476	46.887	22,289	
lato	T no en	isk ver Aci givation ,	13	2, 1	~			•	9, 11	1.		Ìά
	•99.	iszoogísM	12	8, 11, 2,	2, 10 1,	9.02.	_		,	0, 92,		19
	 Г до эт	A raq eta A	1	1.	11,	31.		_	- -	91, 10,		3
[otal	re on J	1846-47. Rate per Ad	=	0,	14,	1, 2,				1, 3,		- 1
lo ta 101	вассол вассол	10	2,08,583	38,770 2,76,132 0,	42,567 2,40,652 1	20,037 1,15,157 0	1 84 705 0		26,480 1,86,5091,	1,26,669	3,38,407	
Minhaee or unas- sessed land.		Ваттев.	6	43,332	38,770	42,567	20,037	53.276		26,480	3,15,649 1,26,669 0,	18,99,065 6,75,862 4,22,723 2,60,369 5,40,111 13,38,407 0, 11.
Minhaee or u sessed land.		Lakhiraj.	8	23,999	24,140	14,725	1,41,624	39.172		13,015	3,694	2,60,369
zaree or d land.		.eldarable.	7	35,856	92,243	46,950	24,860	1,44,750		22,009	56,055	4,22,723
Malgoozaree or assessed land.		Cultivated,	9	97,828	1,41,531	1,06,878	55,794	1,13,822 1,44,750		89,553	70,456	6,75,862
	.891	oA ai 891A	2	2,01,015	2,96,684	2,11,120	2,42,315	3,51,020	_	1,51,057	4,45,854	8,99,065
phical miles of 847.2 Acres each.		4	237.3	350.2	249.2	286.0	414.3		178.3	526.3		
	Mumber of Mouzabs of Townships, Townships,		3	340	530	452	694	751		380	337 5	184 2,2
•			2	Moradabad,	Sumbhul,	Billaree,			Dellaree Tha-	koordwars,	*Kasheepore,	Total, 3,484 2,241.6

- 46. The following remarks upon the above statement were furnished by Mr. J. C. Wilson, the Collector of the Moradabad District, on the 27th Sept. 1847:—
- "Col. 3. The number of mouzahs has been prepared from Pergunnahwar lists of mouzahs kept at the Tehseeldarees. It contains every mouzah in the district, whether included in the Government rent roll (Khalsah) or rent free (Maafee), every mouzah transferred to other districts has been excluded, and every mouzah received from other districts has been included. There cannot be a doubt as to the correctness of the totals in this column.
- "Cols. 4 and 5. The area in square miles, column No. 4, has been computed by dividing the professional survey area in Acres, column No. 5, by 847.2.

"The amount of forest land is all included in Pergunnah Moradabad.
Sumbhul.
Billaree.
Umrohah.
Hussunpore.
Dillaree. Thakoordwara.
gin. The number of Acres in Pergunnah Kasheepore has been computed from three sources.

Kasheepore, consequently, if the Revenue Survey is entitled to our confidence, then there can be no error in the amount of Acres in the 6 Pergunnahs in the margunnah Kasheepore has been computed from three sources.

1stly. The area of all regularly surveyed Mouzahs.

- 2dly. The area of 15 Mouzahs not regularly surveyed, but calculated with reference to the estimated area as detailed in 4th settlement.
- 3dly. The area of forest land as surveyed in large tracts by the subordinates in the Survey Departments.—Of the 1st source, I have spoken above:—the 2d and 3d sources are liable to errors; a Canoongoe's estimate of the area of any Mouzah, is of course not to be considered, but as approaching to his notion, even if he be honest, of the area; how then can implicit

credence be put upon any statement which he may give as to the area of a Jungle Mouzah?

"The carelessness of natives, even when closely watched by an European superior, is proverbial; how can we implicitly trust any work performed by them at a distance from supervision; more particularly when the work is so laborious, and so little remunerative as surveying jungle tracts, in many places imperirous to all, but the tiger and the elephant? Hence supposing that the survey subordinates were aware of regularly defined boundaries in the forest, (and of this I am most sceptical,) I cannot assert that the area of the Kasheepore Pergunnah is perfectly correct; but I think I may venture to state, that it is quite near enough to the truth for the purpose now aimed at. The area of the jungle tract of Pergunnah Kasheepore, was prepared expressly for this report by a calculation of trapeziums and triangles in the Deputy Surveyor General's Office.

"Columns 6, 7, 8 and 9. The totals of these columns have been taken from the Revenue and Khusrah Surveys, and the above remarks apply equally to these columns. Since the Survey, an immense quantity of culturable land has been brought under cultivation, and in many instances land entered in column 9 as barren, has been ploughed up.

"Cols. 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23. Although I caused a census to be made three years ago, I resolved on the present occasion to prepare a new census, such as would enable me to put at rest the doubts expressed by the Hon'ble Court in their despatch No. 6, 3d June 1846. Previously to carrying my plans into effect, I consulted a great number of educated landholders, who are in the habit of visiting me and conversing freely with me on all subjects. They assured me, that though at the time of the first census, fears were entertained of sinister designs on the part Government, all apprehensions, except in the minds of a very few ignorant persons, had passed away, and that they would cause it to be explained to all their cultivators, that the

object on the part of Government, of counting them, was to devise measures by which all would be benefitted, more especially the poorer classes. Having thus made a commencement. I addressed the Tehseeldars, and explained to them, that an accurate census was required, and that it was to be made without alarming the people. In Pergunnah Dillaree, Thakoordwarrah. a Government Officer, went to each Mouzah, and thus counted the inhabitants. In all the other Pergunnahs, the census was made through the Putwarrees, and as all dread was removed, I believe the census is perfectly correct. In fact it is difficult to conceive under the circumstances, how the Putwarrees should have given false returns; they knew by experience that no taxation would follow, and that no harm could arise to them personally from telling the truth: whereas punishment and loss of employ was certain to follow the detection of any wilful diviation from the truth. The marginal note will

Moradabad 4	8,880
Amrohah 7	2,677
Sumbhul 1	0,356
Chundowsee 2	0,923
Bach'hraon	4,344
Dhunowra	3,451
Billaree	4,399
Thakoordwarah	1,1'1
Hussunpore	8,082
Kasheepore	8,946
N. B. In the Pergunnahwar	lists
77 1 ' 1 1 1 m)	

N. B. In the Pergunnahwar lists Kasheepore is excluded. The population of this town has been obtained from adding together the population of Bailjorce and Muhaispoorah. show at one glance the number of large towns in the district, with their respective population. The town of Kasheepore has not been inserted in the number of Mouzahs, because it is not in the rentroll. Its population has been included in the two rentroll Mouzahs "Bailjooree and Mu-

haishpoorah," in the limits of which the town is built. The census of the large town was taken through the Meer Mohullahs (headmen of each ward) of the Town, and the Chowkeedars of the different Mohullahs, aided by the Tehseelee Amlah, and in some instances the village accountant. It will be observed that the population of the Pergunnah of Moradabad is as high as 764 to the square mile; whereas that of Pergunnah Kasheepore is only 105. This vast difference is owing to the jungle tract of 271 square miles included in that Pergunnah, in which there is no population whatever, and to the scanty population in the turrae. The next Pergunnah in which the

population is most scanty, is that of Hussunpore. This Pergunnah includes all the grass and jungle lands, lying on the left bank of the Ganges, in which, there is comparatively speaking, little cultivation, and very few inhabitants. This will account for the deficiency of population in this Pergunnah. The average population throughout the district is 444 to the square mile."

47. Doubt having been expressed with reference to the estimates of population, especially in Moradabad, Sumbhul, Billaree, Umrohah and Dillaree, Mr. Wilson reported on the 27th January 1848, that he had instituted the following further enquiries:—

"I-caused the Touzees (Government rent rolls) of all the Pergunnahs to be brought me, and I then selected the 33d, 66th, 99th village in each hundred of the villages forming a Pergunnah. These Mouzahs having been inserted in a list, I then wrote a proceeding directing Mr. Assistant Money, invested with full powers of Magistrate and Collector, to proceed to Pergunnahs Umrohah, Hussunpore, and Sumbhul, and Syfoolah Khan, Deputy Collector, to proceed to Pergunnahs Moradabad, Billaree, and Thakoordwarah, reserving for myself the Pergunnah of Kasheepore.

"The directions contained in this proceeding were as follows:—'You will proceed to each of the villages named in the list, and taking the headman of the village, the watchman, the village accountant, the Canoongoe, and the Tehseeldar with you, you will go to every person's house in the village. You will call upon the master of the house, and you will write down according to his statement under his name, in the form now given, the numbers, &c. of the inmates of his house. You will also insert in the form the number of houses occupied, and the occupation, &c. of the master of the family, the number of persons born, arrived, dead and absconded since the census was taken.'

"These orders were carried out to the letter, both by Mr.

Money, the Native Deputy Collector, Syfoollah Khan, and myself, all three acting distinct and apart from the others.

"It is worthy of remark, that each of the three testing Officers found that the number of inhabitants throughout the district is in reality much greater than that inserted in the census; and however strange it may be with reference to the population of different countries in Europe, I venture to assert, that the population of the district of Moradabad is more than 444 to the square geographical mile.

"It is impossible to doubt the accuracy of the testing, entrusted as it was to three Officers, acting at the same time at long distances from one another, and perfectly incapable of being misled, or wishing to mislead, on the matter committed to them."

48. The following Table exhibits the result of the testing instituted:-

		VASLERC DEL PERSO	5.2	4.1	4.8	3.6	3.7	5.0	4.0	4.3	
al census.	argıro	Counted too many.	:	92	19	:	2	:	:	118	
	IsutoA	Counted too few.	193	:	:	425	:	549	487	554	1536
	***************************************	Difference.	121	93	128	578	61	198	101	12801	
se by pre- testing.		Dead and abscond-	200	119	261	75	45	158	59	917	
testing.	Jusa	Born and new-	321	212	389	653	901	356	160	2197	
		Apparent error in o	314		109	1003	54	747	588	2816	
•		.fstoT	4256	2272	4969	5572	1933	4686	2135	2949 25823	
lation	nen.	Non-Cultivators.	422	25	196	1124	11	857	254	2949	
Present tested population.	Mussulmen	Cultivators.	1107	171	529	2164	420	209	138	4738	
t test	ģ	Non-Cultivatora.	780	102	923	631	277	1486	650	4843	
Presen	Hindoo.	Cultivators.	1947	1974	3321	1653	1165	2134	1093	5887 13287	
		Number of houses.	810	549	1017	1546	522	919	524	5887	
ormer		.IstoT	3942	2271	4860	4569	1879	3939	1547	23007	
8 to	men.	Non-Cultivators.	394	23	190	797	160	705	133	2402	
Population according to former census.	Mussulmen	Cultivators.	1082	156	514	1857	436	152	164	4361	
tion s	.00	Non-Cultivators.	701	107	894	640	336	1242	400	1320	
Popula	Hindoo.	Cultivators.	1765	1985	3262	1275	947	1840	850	11924	
	tested.	Number of Mouzaha	2	2	12	12	11	00	7	20	
	. ,	Fergunahs.	Moradabad,	Sumbhul,	Billaree,	Umrohah,	Hussunpore,	Dillaree Thakoordwarra,	Kasheepore,	Total,	

- 49. Mr. Pidcock, the Commissioner of Rohilcund, under date March 13th, 1848, made the following observations on the high average of population to the square mile which was found to exist in some of the Pergunnahs in this and in the Budaon District;—
- "These results are so much in excess of the authentic returns" of all other countries, that on their first receipt I considered them so exaggerated as to be entitled to but little credence. Subsequent enquiries on the spot have however gone far to remove this impression; great pains have been taken by the Collectors of Moradabad and Budaon to ensure accuracy in these returns, and in the former district I examined the rough note prepared by Mr. Money, Assistant Collector, and Syfoollah Khan, a very intelligent Depy. Coll., who had been deputed by the Collector to test the census in a considerable number of villages Their method of estimating families by taken at random. "Choolas" or hearths, appeared to me to be quite correct, and in those instances in which every individual's name in the village was recorded, the returns gave an increase in almost every village compared with the prepared returns.
- "I am, therefore, disposed to consider the present census of this district as exhibiting a fair approximation to the actually existing population. Positive accuracy can only be attained by adopting the system of numeration pursued in England at the late census.
- "It may be asked why the population ratio of these districts should so far exceed that of the most densely peopled countries of Europe, especially as they contain so few large towns.
 - "I would state in explanation of the fact:
- 1st. That the people, with very few exceptions marry, and invariably at an early age.

2ndly. That they are temperate and natural in their mode of living and faithful to their marriage engagements. I refer to the body of the people generally, and not to particular classes in towns.

3dly. Emigration rarely takes place. The people born in a village, or district remain there and marry.

4thly. The wants of the people are extremely limited, and the means of supporting a family are so abundant and so cheap, as to be within the easy reach of every one. The poorest can marry without the slightest apprehension as to the result as regards the clothing, sustenance and education of the children, which may be born to them. So far from being a subject of anxiety children are a source of wealth to their parents, for as soon as they emerge from infancy, they begin to assist them in the field and other occupations, and it is precisely the home labor, as distinguished from hired labour, which enables the cultivator to work his land so economically.

5thly. Such has been the social condition of the people of these districts for many generations, and under its fostering influence population has attained its present extent.

6thly. Since the cession this province has enjoyed uninterrupted repose, violent deaths have been scarce, but few of its inhabitants have been withdrawn for our armies, and our revenue system has had the effect of imparting a great stimulus to population by inducing an immense increase of cultivation, and consequently of the means of subsistence.

"If such be the social condition of the people of this Province, it will be admitted that the ordinary checks to increased population in Europe are unfelt here.

"That the Province is very thickly peopled no one who has passed through it can for a moment doubt. From one end to

the other, with here and there occasional exceptions, a broad expanse of rich cultivation meets the eye, broken by luxuriant mangoe and other groves at short distances from each other, with generally a village attached to each. On entering these villages the number of children playing in front of every door cannot fail to attract the attention of the most unobservant. Of course the forest tract is an exception to this general rule. There, population is scanty in the extreme, and I think it has decreased, and with it cultivation also. But this unhealthy, but productive tract will gradually be brought under cultivation as population increases, and as good land available for cultivation becomes scarce in the open country."

50. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000 i	inhabitant	s	2638
Ditto 1	more th	an 1000 ai	nd less th	an 5000	ditto	87
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	5*
Ditto	dittó	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	3†
Ditto	ditto	50,000		-		1‡
Total Inhab						
Total of the	e Distri	ct,	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3484
* Mannugg	ur, in Pe	rgunnah Um	roha,		7306	Inhabitants.
		Hu			8082	ditto.
Khoonko	ulee,	Sur	nbhul,		9504	ditto.
Bailjoore	е,	Ка	sheepore		7354	ditto.
Bawaree	Muddan	, —— Мо	radabad,		5965	ditto.
† Sumbhul	,	Sur	nbhul,		10,356	ditto.
Moradab	ad,	Мо	radabad,		48,880	ditto.
Chundou	see,	Bill	aree,		20,921	ditto.
		Um			72,677	ditto.

XIII.

on 800 -81309	Number of persons each square Geogr phical mile,			574		419								\$	25	3	\$	524	56	394	387	273	
			្ន	78,348	22,148	69,924	52,237	16.242								જ			2		15		
edan	Hindoo.	Non-Agri-	83	16,402	2,152	3,717	2,412	821	333						2,00	2,152	2,043	3,763	874	83	258	1,411	
Population.	-	Agricultural.	12			5,327				3,674	10,279	3,966	3,468	2,672	ন		4,701			_	405	1,513	
	.	Von-Agri-	ล	14,564	3,436	11,549	6,632	1.390	8,649	7,475	12,895	13,729	860'6	6,129	8,817	6,449	9,683	11,879	10,952	000	4 109	5,815	
Ti.		Agricultural.	61	39,932	14,676	49,361	40,881	13,462	10,305	37,210	53,559	56,759	34,277	36,035	27,451	22,587	41,205	22,351	9,024	14,555	10,133	24,034	
18101 0	10 91	Rate per Ac. Cultivation,	13	γ.		3, 10	Т.					3,	7,	4	3,	3,0	3,7	6,9	. 4	14, 6	3,	14, 5	İ
		Malgoozare				. 51.																	<u> </u>
[stoT a		A req eta M	12			60, 14													20, 15			20, 11,	1
latoT a	Rate per Acre on Tol		=	6	`=	<u>`</u> =	Ö	<u>ج</u>	`=:	Ď.	œ	14,	12,	12	7	12,	2	, 12	13	13	2	ြင်	
lo tand Tol 9	nuən		01	69.511	న	1,0	80	র	ଷ	2	8	8	7	7	ž	4.9	F	5	2	4	2	58,2510,	
e or un- d land.		Ваттеп.	6	4.700	8,673	23,014	3,470	3,811	1,982	13,502	17,794	11,482	22,512	30,601	7,092	7,398	15,836	9,047	3,694	10,736	9,263	16,095	Ī
Minhaee assessed		Lakheraj.	8	22.530	2,170	5,545	3.828	2,108	377	2.104	$\overline{}$								200	179	569	3,066	1
		Culturable.	7	31,447	2,234	31,249	30,185	10,114	16,489	36,925	55,934	11,244	14,284	16,975	5,559	166,6	106,61	19,628	7,485	15,375	11,335	51,853	
Malgoozaree or assessed land.	Cultivated.		9	56,901	24,551	81,714	47,724	16 747	10,089	53,016	196,261	80,945	51,335	48,819	47,762	35,598	63,002	36,297	13,707	21,974	12,189	30,672	Ì
	٠,	eero A ni serA	2	1,15	37,628	1,41	85,207	32	88	1,05	18.	1,06,661	6	6	9	Č	9,	65		48.264		1,01,686	-
-втяоэі 2.7 <u>4</u> 8 ј	Area in square Geographical miles of 847 Acres each.		4	•		167.0																120.0	
10 Hilas	nojĄ	Number of Isaginers	က	259	106	282	ន	19	8	8	326	179						_	15	104	20	174	Ì
	Pergunnahs.		8	Budaon,	llapore,	Oojanee,	Sulaimpore,	zmabad	Juzrutpore,	sauth	Suheswan,	Kote,	Ussudpore,	a)poorah,	issowlee,	Sulasee,	slamnuggur,	Bilram,	Soron,	Fyezpore,	olaee.		

- 51. Mr. C. W. Fagan, the Collector of Budaon, in his report dated February 7th, 1848, detailed the measures which he had taken to ensure accuracy in the returns.
- "In regard to the area, care has been taken to exclude the area of the Mouzahs which have been separated from, and to include that of those which have been incorporated with this district.
- "All rent free Mouzahs and all patches of rent free land have also been included in the general area. Wild jungle land has also been inserted under its appropriate heading, but the quantity of this kind is very small compared with all the other districts of Rohilcund.
- "It is, however, to be understood that in this district there are no tracts of unassessed jungle land forming separate Mouzahs, allotments, or grants.
- "The jungle land, as it exists, is formed of strips, or patches, and is a component part of a pre-existing Mouzah.
- "Mouzahwar lists have been drawn out for every Tusheeldaree in the vernacular, showing the area, Jumma and population according to the data available in the Sudder Office.
- "With the precautions alluded to above, the area, as exhibited, may be considered correct, being founded on the revenue survey, either at or previous to the settlement. The objects of this enquiry were carefully urged by me on the several Tuhseeldars by personal communication and explanation of the mode and method to be adopted in following the enquiry."
- "The existing returns regarding the population were not deficient, but to ensure accuracy an entirely new census of the population has been taken with no inconsiderable labour.

"Detailed lists have been made in each Mouzah of the souls residing therein seriatim by houses, by the Putwarrees, assisted by the Zemindars, and Dakheelkars, when the latter were residents of the Mouzah.

"In the Mouzahwar returns there is no separate specification of boys and girls, such not being contemplated in the vernacular table, or the English Abstract, but the Putwarrees appear to have entered them in their domiciliary lists.

"Care has been taken to include under the head of agriculturists, all who derived their livelihood in whole, or in part from land whether by labour, or profits. The number of houses have been ascertained in each Mouzah, the signification which has been given to a house and adopted throughout the district being the place of residence of a family living and eating together, whether consisting of one, half a dozen, or more tenements.

"When two or more families reside in cottages within one enclosure, each family is mentioned separately as a house. But if there are many places of abode within one enclosure, it is reckoned as a single house, if all the individuals form one family by eating together. The Tehseeldars were directed to test locally, by personal examination, the accuracy of the general returns, as rendered by the Putwarrees, and particular Mouzash in each Pergunnah were indicated to them for examination, regard being had to difference of caste and religion. Several towns and villages inhabited by different castes in each Pergunnah, were accordingly tested by them.

"The variations in the rate of population, as affected by caste and religion are not such as to appear unreasonable, or immoderate, and may be considered to corroborate the accuracy of the general returns.

"During my tour in the District in the cold season I have tested the returns by local enquiries in the several Pergunnahs in regard to several Mouzahs.

"Having thus detailed the system under which, in reference to para. 27 of the Circular, the area and population have been computed and entered in the table, the mode of estimate, and the several processes which have been gone through, to effect an accurate return of the population, it is only necessary to state that the survey was carried on according to the European scientific method, commenced in A. D. 1827 and completed in A. D. 1837.

"A census was taken in 1837 under the orders of Mr. Clarke, and in 1845 under my orders. The new census has now been completed consequent and subsequent to the orders of Government of October 22d, 1846."

- The Commissioner, Mr. Pidcock, in forwarding the returns of this district with his letter of March 13, 1848, expressed his opinion that they exhibited a fair approximation to the actually existing population.
- The following classification of the towns and villages in the district has been taken from the vernacular Mouzahwar returns submitted by the Collector:-

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitar	ıts	2368
Ditto :	more th	an 1000 ai	nd less th	an 5000	ditto	112
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	2*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	3†
Ditto	ditto	50,000				0
Total Inhab	ited,				· · · · · · · ·	2485
Total Unin						
Total of the	Distric	;t,				3070
* Bilsee, i	n Pergun	nah Kote, .			5206 Inhs	bitants.
		Oojhane			6361 ditte	
† Budaon,		Budaon	,		21,369 ditte).
Khasgun	ge,	Bilraum	l,		10,752 ditte),
Soron,		Soron,	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10,395 ditte).

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	(0) -87	persons Bood s	Number of each aquar phical mile.	21	25	115	6	25	47	S 5	726	731	202	28	8	000	718	963	247	5.45	455	515	
	-		.IstoT	23	3,802	12,931	5,443	29,216	64,187	7,758	49,980	26,007	28,24	35,265	34.24	41.813	19,536	2,16,924	95,061	10,093	85,925	46,268 11,43,657	· ·
		lan and of Hin-	Von-Agri-	22	453	1,507	247	1,503	9,291	13 344	4,502	2,970	9,249	2,405	2,798	6,200 9,800 8,855	1,204	53,634	9,867	428	5,873	1,46,268	
areilly	Population.	Mahomedan and others not Hin- doo.	A gricultural.	21	1,471	4,889	1,156	6,924	11,165	5 27	4.896	4,590	3,465	2,774	3,817	2,449	673	24,575	7,446	4,400	5,561	1,13,594	
ict of E	Po	.00	Non-Agri- Jatullus	80	l				9,425													2,15,721	
e Distra		Hindoo	·[Brutlusir&A	19	ı				34,256													6,68,074	ncluded.
NIV. Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population of the District of Bareilly	[8]		Rate per Act. Cultivation.	13	13	, O	, Si	15,	11, 8, 6 4 8, 4	Ĕ.	-, 4	တ်	٠ ا	·-`	6	<u> </u>	12		`~`	<u>.</u> و		41, 13, 10	of Forest land are included litto ditto.
pulatio	[BJ	oT no e	ro A rog elest erescozialsi	12	9	o, v	ó	9	81, 11, 5 81, 3, 11	· 6	o -	œ	2:	;=;	5	o,		ેર્જા	ထ်	-;-		11, 5, 4	s of Forest ditto
and Pc	[836	віої по это А тее ра Тоів Агаз.			લં	ໍຕໍ−	îm	<u>0</u>	ું-	-	<u>.</u> e	က	ïÇ.4	,-,	o	ಷ.	-0	, 0	, , , , ,			305,0 14,	33,609 acres 43,500 d 14,700 d
, Area	lo roi	eccount suue,	Demand on Reve land Reve 1846-47,	10	1				1,45,3321,							61,8140,	5 81	1,65	1,89	64	4,	17,67,30	:::
evenue		ים ומחתי	.пэттвЫ	6	21,605	•	29,692			7	• •		4,686			13,100			14,569		18,713	4,53,879 17,67.	
nd F	Minhaee	nacesem —	Lakhiraj.	00	1 –	ં ભ	279	2	13,712 5,865	۳,	00		1,765				995	Ξ			3,731	78,671 97,734	In Pergunnah In Pergunnah In Pergunnah
n of T	į.	. IBIIU.	Culturable.	7	İ				13,252				1,910			25,621					50,082	60	In Pers In Pers In Pers
l Retur	Malgoozaree o	###CSACO	Cultivated.	9	-	13,818	2	ध	71,490								13 235	_	ï	8,	87,478	9,49,879	
atistica			вэтэА пі вэтА	2					1,06,275											C)	1,66,	3/18,80,163	
St	2.7	909O 9	Area in squar phical miles acres each,	4	1				125.4													2,219	
			Number of N. sqidsnwo'l	8	1 4	97	318	5	88	88	, S								8	5	<u></u>	3,873	
			Pergunnahs.	87	Gudderpoor	Roodurpoor,	Kupoora, Nanuckmuttee.	Chawunhla,	Ritcha, Iehanabad	Bilheree,	Pilleebheet,	Sirsauwah,	Kauber,	Serowlee North,	Serowlee South	Aonla,	Sunena,	Crore	Nawabgunj, .	Beesulpoor,	Fureedpoor, .	Total	
	1 -	ct.	i-	ī							• /	Ilia	TB8	Ī		•						I	

- 54. The Collector of the Bareilly district, Mr. F. Williams, in forwarding, under date April 15th, 1848, his Statistical Table, observed that, though the averages of population were so high, the return had been subjected to so many tests that he could not think that any material error had escaped detection.
 - 55. The following are his remarks upon the preparation of it:
- "All alterations of the limits of the district have been carefully traced, and the return shows the area of the district of Bareilly and Pilleebheet, incorporated, as it was, in May, 1846."
- "Rent Free and Istumraree Mouzahs, Jungle tracts, &c. have all been shown as directed. Lands which have been transferred from one Mouzah to another, or obliterated by diluvian, or transferred, or created by alluvion have been properly accounted for in the area columns.
- "The Statement prepared in Agra, called the rough Statistical return, shows 3,281 Mouzahs. The present return shows 3,873 Mouzahs. The former return cannot be correct, for the settlement statement No. IV., after adding and deducting Mouzahs transferred to or from other Zillahs, gives 3,494 Mouzahs. To this statement No. IV., which is the only correct list of Mouzahs that has ever been prepared in the office, we have now to add 379, as detailed as follows:—
 - "238 Mouzahs which had been partitioned off from the old Mouzahs previous to the settlement, and which were then separately assessed, and of which separate Misls were prepared, but in consequence of the Revenue Surveyor having included them and the original villages in one measurement and one Map, they were consequently not allowed separate numbers in statement No. IV.
 - 46 Villages which were rent-free, but have been resumed.
 - 95 Maffee Mouzahs, tracts of Jungle, cantonments, &c. which were not included in statement No. IV.

"We have ascertained that there are 323 new Muzrahs or newly located villages which have not been included in the above total of 3,873 Mouzahs, because they are located within the areas and form part of the original Mouzahs, but though these have not been included in that total, every inhabited place, even to a solitary hut, has its inhabitants included in the return of population."

"I must also explain that out of the 3,873 Mouzahs which I have assumed as the total of the district, 464 Mouzahs are no-

Perminnah	Gudderpoor,	15	minal Mouzahs, being unin-
		29	habitad Dutan than hamakan
"	Roodurpoor,		habited. But as they have been
"	Kilpoorah,	24	1 1
,, <	Nanuckmuttee,	28	retained in the list of the office,
",	Chowmilah,	7 7	though uninhabited for years
,,	Ritcha,		mough ammabiled for years
**	Jehanabad,	14	and years, I have also retained
,,	Bilheree,	48	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
,,	Pilleebheet,	22	them. They are principally in
	Kaubur,	2	the Terai. The detail of these,
,,	Shabee,	2 8	the Terai. The detail of these,
,,	Serowlee North,	5	Pergunnahwar, is shown in the
,,	Ditto South,	13	-
"	Aonlah,	11	margin."*
	Senyha,	19	
**	Buleeah,	8	"The area in square miles
**		29	•
,,	Beesulpoor,		has been calculated from the
,•	Murrowree,	2	C • 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
**	Crore,	37	professional survey returns.
,,	Nawabgunj,	37	MI
,,	Furreedpoor,	99	The cause of the discrepancy
	-	-	between this return and the
	4	164	
			Agra rough statistical return is
			0

an over-estimate formerly of the area of Ilaqau Bilheree, Pergunnah Pilleebheet. The contemplated accurate professional survey may prove that all calculation of the area of this jungle tract has been wrong, but I have given as correct a return as I can with the present data.

"Columns 6, 7, 8, and 9, are taken from the professional survey returns, with such alterations in consequence of the increase of cultivation as have been ascertained from the village papers yearly filed.

"In this district there are no complete or trustworthy returns

of the population in the Revenue Surveyor's papers. The only existing census of the population was one of Bareilly proper, previous to the junction of Pilleebheet, which was taken in 1841-42, and annual returns given in by the Putwarrees, Mr. Clarke having anticipated the suggestion contained in Para. 28 of the Circular. These, though valuable as tests of our present work, could not be assumed to be correct, therefore I had an entirely new census taken. This was commenced in April 1847, and has now been completed."

"The people being accustomed to the annual census of the Putwarrees were not alarmed at the measure. In some cases, a few poor ignorant people showed before the testing officers a little fear of such searching enquiry, but they were generally laughed at by the other villagers, and their fears were easily dissipated.

"The foundation of this new census was the last return of the Putwarrees. In this the name of every inhabitant of the village is shown with, in some instances, even the names of all the members of the family. Where the names are not entered the ages were, but in accordance with the instructions these details have not been given in this return."

"Tuhseelee Officers went to every village with these lists of Putwarrees and counted every family, making such alterations as were necessary in consequence of errors, deaths, births, &c. &c.

"The lists so prepared were taken up by the Peshkars and Tuhseeldars, who took a few villages at random and again counted the inhabitants, and lastly, the covenanted and uncovenanted officers in charge of the Tuhseeldarees took a few villages in each Tuhseelee, and tested the returns and found them so correct, that the death or birth of the member of a family, or the extension of the domestic circle by marriage was at once ascertained and explained without hesitation by the people, who,

as usual in such visitations, crowd round the European functionaries.

"There are only two cities in the District, viz. Bareilly and Pilleebheet. Aonlah, though formerly a larger place than Bareilly, is now in ruins, the three or four villages located among the ruins do not deserve the name of a town. Beesulpore, Nawabgunj, Furreedpoor, Shabee and the other sites of Tuhseelees are only large villages, and their population was ascertained by the Tuhseelee officers, as explained above.

After showing my police officers what should be considered a house, I made them give a number and ticket to every house in the city. Having thus ascertained the number of houses, (we were able to test this most certainly by comparing the return with the data prepared by Mr. Clarke, at his revision of the Chowkeedaree Tax. If such test could be necessary when every house was numbered,) I had some houses in different parts of the city selected—some in the Sahookara, or most densely populated part and some in the outskirts—some in this Mohullah, some in that—some inhabited by Hindoos, some by Mussulmans—some masonry houses, some mud. The inhabitants of these houses were counted, and from the total of all these accounts an average struck, by which the total number of people in the city was calculated.

"The average in Bareilly came out 6 to a house. In Pilleebheet it was $5\frac{1}{2}$; even this difference is satisfactory as indicating correctness, as according to the generally conceived opinion of the comparative healthiness of the two cities, Pilleebheet being considered inferior to Bareilly should show a smaller average.

"I hope this explanation of the mode of conducting the census will be satisfactory and induce confidence in the returns. I need only add a few remarks to account for the very great difference between the most densely populated and the most deso-

late Pergunnahs, and to explain the variations apparent in the average of different Pergunnahs.

"Five Pergunnahs, viz. Shabee, Kaubur, Sirsawa, Ajaon, and Bulleea, average more than 700 people per square mile. Suneyha is nearly 700.

"Then comes another class averaging from 400 to 600, viz. Aonlah, Beesulpoor, Murowree, Nawabgunj, Serowlee North, Ritcha, Furreedpoor, Jehanabad and Chowmilah.

"Then the Jungle Pergunnahs, averaging about 100 more or less. One Pergunnah even, Kilpoorah, having only 65 per square mile.

"Pergunnahs of the first class are richly cultivated, free from waste land,—the roads only are left,—without any Jungle. The first four Pergunnahs form the Tuhseelee of Doonkah, a fortunate one in every way. Buleea and Suneyha, though belonging to Tuhseelee Aonlah, are free from Dhak Jungle.

"Then we have a set of Pergunnahs, the averages of which are affected by circumstances, such as the existence of forest in Beesulpoor,—Dhak Jungle in Aonla,—a higher rate of assesment and rather inferior soil in parts of Nawabgunj and Furreedpoor,—vicinity to the Turrai in Ritcha, Jehanabad and Chowmilah. Still the average in all these Pergunnahs is high; in the first class, extroardinarily so, so much so that such returns have hitherto been discredited in England. This unbelief must, I think, be no more indulged in. For it must be substituted the wonder that India has such a garden as Rohilcund.

"That the population of the Jungle Pergunnahs should be so low is not wonderful;—the mortality, as reported by the Putwarrees, exceeded the births till within the last year or two. That the Pergunnahs have not been depopulated is only owing to the existence in them of acclimated races, the Tharoos and

Boxas, and to the fact that the lower densely populated pergunnahs send up the refuse of their superabundant population."

56. The following is a statement of the number of towns and villages in the District of Bareilly, classified with reference to the amount of Population.

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	nts,	3298
		an 1000 ai			ditto	107
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	2*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	l†
Ditto	ditto	50,000				1‡
Total Inhal	hited.					3409
Total Unin						464
Total of th	e Distr	ict,		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	3873
* Aonlah, i	n Pergu	anah Aonlah,	••••••		7649 Inha	bitants.
•	•	Beesulp				
† Pilleebhe	et, ——	Pilleebe	et,	••••••	25,157 ditt	0.
T .		Bareilly				
		o the term '				
in mind that t	he word	" village," is	used in th	nis Memoir	as the equi	valent of
" Mouzah," a	nd signif	ies a township	or tract	of land, with	h known lii	nits and
a separate na	ne, whet	her or not th	ere be any	residents.		

Statistical Return of the Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Shahjehanpore.

0J -RT	800819 809ವಿ ಕ	Number of F each Squar each soile.	75	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	3
		,fatoT	ន	2,21,085 60,347 34,256 34,256 1,20,315 1,20,315 6,679 82,6679 82,6679 82,687	8,12,588
on.	dan and Hindoo.	Non-Agn-	្ន	51,139 11,484 11,484 1,193 1,193 12,205 12,205 12,205 12,205 12,205 12,205 14,141 3,481	1,17,482 8,12,588
Population.	Mahamedan and others not Hindoo.	Agricultural.	21	34,088 10,535 5,135 6,747 1,898 21,017 9,473 9,356 10,246	4,36,166 1,24,420 1,34,520
-	Hindoo.	Von-Agri-	8	41,909 8,374 8,374 2,5183 3,135 12,232 7,738 10,652	1,24,420
	Hin	Agricultural.	61	93,949 17,253 17,253 17,253 17,719 19,753 19,753 19,753 19,753 19,753	
8 10	n no e	Hate per Acro.	13	01-17-808-4 	91, 9, 0
вто	t no er	Rate per Ace	13	70-1890 14088 	70, 12, 9
Demand on account of Land Revenue for 1946-47. Rate per Acre on total Area.		=.	್ರ-	o,	
		10	2,82,820 1 94,338 1 51,733 1 64,227 6 1,92,616 (5,935 6 65,985 (65,985 6 65,985 (65,985 6 65,985 (10,53,719 0,	
or un.	5.E	Ваттеп,	6	38,953 9,558 9,558 1,383 27,161 10,747 76,167	2,36,433
Minhaga	assessed	Lakhiraj.	ω	9,490 2,587 811 918 52 3,907 4,309 1,702 4,111 2,019	31,987
Molecopane or	l land.	.eldaruhlu.	7	54,285 22,006 7,243 14,117 2,996 25,957 76,369 45,463 13,039 2,86,090 98,729	6,46,294
Molon	assessed land	Cultivated.	9	1,50,682 46,297 29,684 32,975 37,375 1,23,383 11,23,383 91,682 34,616	6,74,644
		eeroA ai serA	5	2,53,410 46,666 5,832 8,383 8,383 70,875 1,97,219 2,00,316 2,50,316 1,68,050 1,68,098	15,89,308
2.7	809D 8	Ares in Square solim labidq Acres each.	4	299.1 93.1.1 83.7.2 232.8 232.8 236.4 198.4	1875.9
		Mumber of Mo Lownships.	က	888524288888888888888888888888888888888	843
		Pergunnahs.	62	Shahjehanpore, Tillut, Julalpoor, Khera Bujhera Meranpore Kuttra, Negolee, Nehrabad, Powayi, Powayi, Budagaon, Poorunpore Subna, Khotar,	Total, 2843 1875.9 15,89,306 6,74,644 6,46,294 31,937 2,36,433
		District		Shahjehanpore,	

- 57. The Collector of Shahjehanpore, Mr. F. P. Buller, forwarded on the 15th April a vernacular report by the Sheristadar of his office, showing the manner in which the area and population columns of the preceding Table had been prepared. From this report it appears that the areas had been taken from the settlement statement No. 4, all lands transferred to or received from other districts and all rent-free tenures resumed or released since the settlement being duly accounted for.
- 58. The returns of population first sent in to the Collector were returned to the Tuhseeldars, on the receipt of the Government Circular, dated the 15th November 1847, and they were directed to test certain villages the names of which were furnished to them for that purpose. This was accordingly done, and such discrepancies as were detected between the first return and that subsequently made were accounted for by the misapprehension which at first existed on the part of the Putwarrees with regard to the definitions of a house and the distinction between the agricultural and non-agricultural classes, as explained in the Circular of the 15th Nov. 1847.
- 59. In addition to the above information gathered from the Sheristadar's report, Mr. Buller stated that he had every reason to believe the area columns to be quite correct, and that the revision of the population had been made with great care, village by village, and by actual enumeration, without causing any vexation to the people, the lists having been drawn up in the villages by the Putwarrees, by the Zameendars themselves of the better classes, and by the various officers of the Government; and in the city of Shahjehanpoor by the heads of the Mohullahs.
- 60. Of the total number of returns, 35 were tested by the European Officers and 71 by the Tuhseeldars and their subordinates.
- 61. "In testing the papers no other discrepancies were found to exist than arose from late deaths or births, the absconding

of old or income of new settlers, or perhaps the previous omission of a few children."

- 62. From a statement furnished by Mr. Buller, it appeared that of the whole population of 8,12,588, the children numbered 2,79,392, leaving an adult population of 6,33,196; the children having been counted as such up to 12 or 13 years of age if unmarried,—if married below that age they have been considered as adults. The number of houses was stated to be 1,50,481, which gives an average per house on the total population of 5.4 nearly.
- 63. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in this district, obtained from the Mouzawar vernacular returns submitted by the Collector:—

Number	r contair	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	ts,	. 2062
Ditto	more th	nan 1000 a	nd less tl	nan 5000	ditto	. 108
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto .	. 3*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto .	. 0
Ditto	ditto	50,000				. 1+
Total Inha	abited,			• • • • • • •		. 2174
Total Uni	nhabited	,				. 669
Total of th	e Distric	:t,			· · · · • · •	. 2843
* Julialal	oad, in Pe	ergunnah Me	ehrabad,		5031 I	nhabitants.
Powain	e, —	Po	waine,		5245 d	litto.
Pulleea	Kulan, -	KI	notar,		6807 d	litto.
+ Shaieha	npore, -	Sh	ahjehanpor	e,	62,785 d	litto.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Muttra.

1	00 0, 2	Topada jo rodaniji	<u> </u>										1
		.latoT	g	161,16	69,520	82,872	55,999	41,613	80,364	68,505	93,641	1,17,983	7,01,688
	Mahomedan nd others not indoo.	-luon-Agricul- fural.	123	6,754	1,254	2,809	3,763	2,021	3,702	2,226	5,266	11,135	38,930
ton.	Mahomedar and others no Hudoo.	Agricultural.	21	864	2,389	3,314	2,497	705	1,106	554	793	1,844	14,066
Population.		-luoira A-no M	50	61,415	15,511	21,285	18,801	16,099	85,919	33,879	43,273	53,445	2,99,627
	Hindoo,	Agricultural.	19	22,158	50,366	55,464	30,938	22,788	39,637	31,846	44,309	51,559	3,49,065
[B]	оТ по	Rate per Acre Cultivation.	13	2, 1, 6	2, 5, 8	1, 14, 5	1, 15, 4	, 5, 6 <u>-</u>	2, 8, 11		3, 1, 11	2, 8, 10	2, 7, 2
[B]	oj, uo	Rate per Acre. Malgoozaree.	12	9, 62,	10, 82,	7, 91,	10, 71,	15, 02,	5, 52,	6, 102,	14, 63,	5, 02,	-
		Area.	 	2, 21,	5, 21,	, 111,	7, 7 1,	9, 81,	92,	l, 102,	32,	32,	1 %
 [B]	Rate per Acre on Total			1,669 0, 12,	,5761, 5	91, 1	_,	7, 10,	41, 12,	8,1, 14,	8, 8,	41, 10,	51, 9
Demand on account of land Itevenue of 1846-47.		92	41,66	1,69,57	1,78,499	1,41,709	1,23,207 1,	2,21,1041,	1,83,778,1,	2,90,558	2,99,694	16,49,795	
or un-		Ватгеп.	6	7,457	7,797	17,710	10,774	9,875	12,479	14,214	13,550	49,565	1,43,421
Minhad	Minhaee or un- assessed land.	Lakhiraj.	80	21,094	18,547	21,367	8	528	16,219	5,323	764	3,222	87,124
	l land.	Culturable,	7	6,278	29,614	26,449	12,876	10,999	7,968	9,358	8,009	12,286	1,23,837
Molecon	assessed land	.Cultivated.	9	19,878	72,032	93,997	72,292	52,577	86,519	66,406	93,111	1,17,341	6,74,153
		еэтэ Апі вэт А.	5	54,707	1,27,990	1,59,523	96,002	73,979	1,23,185	95,301	1,15,434	1,82,414	10,28,535
หอเ นอง	nqargo sə sətə	A 2.748 lo səlim	4	64.6	151.1	188.3	113.3	87.3	145.4	112.4	136.3	215.3	1214.1
Number of Mouzaha or Townships,		က	33	113	112	19	94	157	113	130	197	1029	
nabs.			2	Huzoor Tuhseel,	Areeng,	Suhar,	Kosee,	Nohjheel,	Maatt,	Muhabun,	Saadabad,	Juleisur,	Total,
	-	toirtei (I	- 1				. B71	u M					

64. Mr. E. Thornton, the Collector of the Muttra district, forwarded a statistical Table with the following remarks on the 1st September 1847:—

"Columns 3 to 9. The whole area of each estate has been taken from the returns of the Revenue Survey, excepting in cases where an alteration in the area has been made since the time of that survey. The area given by the Khusreh measurement, which was made in consequence of that alteration, has in in these cases been substituted. Columns 6 to 9 have been filled from the Putwarrees' Nikasee Papers for the last Fuslee year 1253.

"Columns 19 to 23. It was found expedient to make a new census of the whole population in the district. This was effected by the Tuhseeldars, and they found an actual census more convenient and accurate than the plan suggested in the Circular letter of October 22nd, 1846. The towns of Muttra and Bindrabun, however, are exceptions to what I have above stated. In the former I carried on an actual census through 18 of the Mohullas; but not wishing to postpone the report any longer, and having recently made an accurate enumeration of the houses while effecting a revision of the Chowkeedaree assessment under Regulation XXII. of 1816, I applied to the number of houses of the remaining 8 Mohullas the average obtained by dividing the ascertained population of the 18 Mohullas into the ascertained number of houses of the said 8 Mohullas. The population of Bindrabun has been given from the census made in 1844 by the Magistrate, with a slight modification which was now thought necessary."

65. The first census was subsequently revised in conformity with the instructions conveyed in the letter of November 15th, 1847, and the return given in the preceding table was furnished on April 14th, 1848. The total population was raised from 6,86,105 to 7,01,688, and the following information was fur-

nished by Mr. Thornton, the Collector, as to the grounds on which the correction was made.

"The revision was commenced during the last cold season. While encamped in a Pergunnah, I employed whoever might be available at the time to make a fresh enumeration of the population in as many villages as could be got through. The Tehseeldars were afterwards ordered to continue the process according to their means and leisure. I made it well understood that these officers would incur no blame were the second process to bring to light errors in the former one, and I believe there has been no attempt to produce fictitious correspondence

between the results of the two enumerations.

Pergunnahs.	Number of villages in which the census has been repeated.	Population in these villages according to the census reported in Sept. 1847.	Population according to the revised cen- sus.	Increase per cent.
Muttra,	24	13,417	13,716	2
Arceng,	67	47,291	47,095	2
Suhar	60	34,449	36,277	5
Kosee,	41	41,043	47,557	16
Nojheel,	30	9,086	9,440	4
Maatt	157	79,233	80,364	11.
Muhabun	38	29,246	28,710	13
Saadabad,	130	86,602	93,641	71
Juleisur,	18	4,415	4,162	5_
Total,	565	3,44,782	3,60,962	41

"The statement given in the margin shows the extent and effect of the revision. It will, I hope, be considered that the difference is small, and that a favorable inference may thence be drawn regarding the general correctness of the census."

66. In explanation of the large discrepancy in

Pergunnah Kosee, Mr. Thornton stated that, having had reason to doubt the first census made by the Tuhseeldar of this Pergunnah, it was his intention to have had his work done over again, but the period fixed by Government for the transmission of the report had compelled him to take the old returns for 14 villages. The number examined was 41, and there were 6 uninhabited.

67. The following classification of the towns and villages in the district has been made from the vernacular Mouzawar returns forwarded by the Collector:—

Number o	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	ts,	808
Ditto n	nore th	an 1000 ar	nd less th	an 5000	ditto	153
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	3*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	4+
Ditto	ditto	50,000	•			0
Total Inhab	ited,	<i></i>	. <i>.</i>	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		968
Total Uninh	abited	,	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		51
Total of the	Distri	ct,	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		1019
* Khayrah,	in Perg	unnah Suhar	,		6927 Inh	abitants.
Koorsund	ah,	Sydab	ad,	•••••	6325 ditt	ю.
Muhabun	,	Muha	bun,		6968 ditt	io. ·
† Juleisur,		Juleis	ur,		13,730 ditt	o.
Rampore,	´	Kosee	,		11,711 ditt	ю.
Muttra,		Huzoc	r Tuhseel,	4	19,672 ditt	0.
Bindrabur	ı, —	Ditto,			19,776 ditt	ю.

XVII.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Agra.

					90					
01 -81	goar.	91	to negative Bupe Sause Phical mile	22	00	1,480	00	505	557 294 204 509 509	589
			.IstoT	ន	1,09,599 93,885	2,03,484	78,847 1,721	80,568	86,128 67,899 1,18,026 64,896 69,256 62,559 75,884	8,28,200
	ers not	.00	Non-Agri- cultural.	22	12,687 28,773	11 460	8, 8, 8,	3,496	2,454 3,068 1,989 2,108 3,776	67,871
Population	Mahomedan and others no	Hindoo.	Agricaltural.	12	2,607	2,728	1,762	1,787	957 957 1,836 1,963 4,445	17,686
Pop			Mon-Agri-		43,917 63,821	1,07,738	20,806 911	21,717	24,968 19,289 31,659 18,459 23,472 10,531 18,517	2,76,350
	Hindoo		Agricultural.	19	50,388	51,558	52,873 695	53,568	53,477 44,986 82,409 42,612 42,805 46,234 48,646	4,66,293
late	T uc	91	Sate per Ac.	22	0.0	2, 6, 10	0.0	2, 0, 3	4,7,2,1,2,1,4,1,1,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,2,2,2,1,1,1,1	2, 1, 10
[ato	Rate per Acre on Total Malgooraree.				0,0	2, 2, 8	0,0	1, 14, 4	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 1, 10, 91, 11, 15, 112, 112, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,	1, 14, 5
Rate per Acre on Total			=	00	10, 2	0,0	6, 6	13, 9, 0 13, 9, 0 13, 9, 13, 13, 10, 10, 9, 10, 9, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10	, 5, 9	
-91	or 18	j an	Demend on land Revent	2	1,85,1080,	1,90,727	1,88,3000,	1,90,031	2,04,822 1,76,8680 1,76,866 1,79,260 1,74,252 1,46,305	,359 16,19,011 1
	d land.		Ваттеп.	6	16,874	20,165	32,108 53	32,161	34,993 12,786 70,186 22,157 37,620 10,046 17,245	2,57
Minhae	assessed		Lakhiraj.	œ	7,783	8,454	2,641	2,693	212 2,176 36,861 754 29 8,555 23,241	82,975
ree or	land.		.əldarutluO	7	9,431	9,465	6,047	6,081	5,602 8,343 7,050 24,188 3,323 13,268 7,847	85,167
Malgoozaree or Minhaee	assessed		Cultivated.	9	76,437	78,477	93,475	94,082	90,128 73,550 98,515 94,782 86,461 72,230	7,65,390
			вэтэА пі вэтА	2.	1,10,525	1,16,561	1,34,274	1,35,017	1,30,935 96,855 2,12,612 1,41,881 1,27,433 1,04,099 1,25,498	11,90,891
2.7	160g 16 84	98	aup Bni asr A Slum lasidq Asas esro A	4	130.5	137.6	158.5	159.4	154.6 114.3 251.0 167.5 150.4 122.9 148.1	405
			.eqidanwo'l	က	132	15	135	136	194 125 105 128 128 132	1,296
Pergunnahs.			8	Huzoor Tuhseel, Suwad Shuhur,	Total,	Khundowlee,	Total,	Ferozabad, Irradutnuggur, Bah Pinahut, Surhendee, Futteabad, Futtethoor,	Total,	
		.1:	Distric	-	I			ng A		

- 68. Mr. C. C. Jackson, Collector of the Agra district, submitted the preceding statistical return with his remarks on the 13th April, 1848.
- 69. He explained that the increase under Column 3 was caused by the addition of eight Kusbahs and one Muhal which had not been included in the total shown in the Rough Table, and with regard to Columns 4 to 9, that the areas were ascertained by measurement at the last general revision of settlement under Regulation IX. of 1833; and in the case of the two resumed Maafee villages, Gangnee and Juggunpoor, by measurements lately completed.
- 70. "There is a difference observable between the two statements in the area of the entire district, and of that which is cultivated or culturable; this is caused by the present addition of one entire Mouzah Gangnee, measuring 1490 acres, of 835 acres of the Futtehpoor Milik lands, and by some other trifling errors in the former, which have been corrected in the present statement. All entire Maafee villages were in the former statement erroneously included in the Column of Malgoozaree lands, whilst only the Maafee fractional portions of villages were entered under the head of Lakhiraj; this error has also been corrected. The discrepancies in the two statements under the head of Barren lands may be similarly explained. They now include the barren lands in the Khalsa villages only."

"The entire demand on account of land revenue of the district, Col. No. 10, in the former statement, is 16,07,981, according to Touzee of 1846—47, to this have been added Government demands on the newly settled village of Gangnee, 2,186 Resumed Maafee lands in Pergunnah Ferozabad, 112 Increased assessment on the resumed Mookurruree grant of Juggunpoor, 1,382

Proceeds of Shuhur Suwad Mehaul, omitted in former statement, 7,350

Total, 11,030

"The Rate Column's No. 11 to 13, are calculated on the data given in the preceding Columns. Those on the total cultivation and Malgozaree lands are exclusive, whilst those on the total area, inclusive of the Lakhraj, as well as of the barren lands.

"Columns 19 to 23. The present census makes the entire population 8,28,200, being 1,71,018 in excess of that recorded in the lithographed form. The population of entire villages was at first obtained from the number of houses, allowing five residents to a house, the result however was so unsatisfactory, that I directed that the actual number of residents, discriminating men and women, adults and children, should be obtained through the Putwarrees, and Chowkeedars, and by other means that occurred; and I have reason to believe that now given to be a correct account of the agricultural population. In filling up the form no separate Column being given for the classification above mentioned, men, women and children have been all included under the same heading. It was found to vary from 5 to 7 persons per house.

"The population of the City of Agra, is taken from the census made in 1846; the year to which the statement refers the number of residents in each house were counted, or given by the heads of families. It was prepared with much care by Mr. P. B. Reid, assisted by the Revenue and Municipal native officers, and varied from 4 to 5 persons per house. I have had it tested during the present year in seventeen Mohullahs, and find an increase of about 6 per cent. This is not more than might have been expected from the influx of new inhabitants, consequent on increasing trade and the presence of so many Government Offices, and by the usual rate of increase from natural causes. The original census has been adhered to in the statement, but a new one will be prepared for the current year; and the Putwarrees have been directed to render annually an account of the population, deaths and births of each village.

"The population of the towns of Ferozabad, Futteeabad, Fut-

	•	tehpoor, Pinnahut and Furrah, has
Ferozabad, Futteeabad, Futtehpoor, Pinnahut, Furrah,	3936 ,, 5949 ,,	been obtained with, I believe great accuracy by the Tehseeldars re- siding in those places, assisted by
		the Police, by actual enumeration.

"The population of the cantonments, obtained from the Military Joint Magistrate, is stated at 10,567. The number of European and other Christian residents in the station and cantonments, with their servants, &c. has been taken roughly at 10 persons per house or Bungalow, of which there are 150 in cantonments, and 146 in the civil station, making a total of 2,960 persons. Measures have however been taken for obtaining more correct information on this head for future years."

71. The following is a classification of the towns and villages of the district made from the Mouzawar vernacular returns submitted by the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	its,	1076
Ditto	more th	nan 1000 ai	ıd less tl	nan 50 00	ditto ,	166
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	3*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	4†
Ditto	ditto	50,000		-		1‡
Total Inhal	oited,	. .				1250
Total Unin						
Total of th	e Distr	ict,				1296
Futtehpe Pinnahu	ore, ——	nnah Huzooi	pore Sikree mahut, .	:,	5949 ditt 6592 dit	to.
† Bussye, Chuk Av Suwad Shu		—— Huzooi —— Ditto,			12,754 dit 11,956 dit	
Chawnee Nowmuhla	}_ ad,	—— Ditto, —— Feroza			10,567 ditt	

KVIII.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Furruckabad.

-009	91.BU	Numbero ps dose sudqara	24	391	333	514	542	500	622	435	885 885	477	900	313	475	169	523	333	382	595
		-fato'T	23	71,851	16,242	72,472						18,279		95,582	44.357	186,99	38,041	23,280	11,870	8 54 799
n. medan	and others not Hindoo.	-Mon- -Mgricul- -Larul	ឌ		433		11,570	3,50	1,816	220	8,810	433	, ,	19,479	843	2,434	727		293	66.583
Population,	and oth Hindoo	-lusiraA .lsrut	21	2,722								286		4,737			310		232	34,792
-		Non- -lushga fural.	20	12,285								3,080		55,779	866'8	15,437	10,638	0,000	3,668	2 38 895
	Hindoo.	-luoirngA -larut	61	53,753	7,239	49,173	34,571	27,350	36,726	7,494	55,249	14,470	3	15,587	7	47	26,366	2 1	1,577	5 14 529
re on guon.	roA .	req para I Jato'l'	13	8°C	5,	13,	တ် ၈	်တ်	4	2,2	5.		:	, 7, 0	13,	`- `			:	1. 5
-8200	SlaM	Total Total Tee.	12	15,			14, 91,	o,	સં.	တ် တ	,4,			15, 72,	8, 1	~`c	ر د د	5	:	8. 4.2
Rate per Acre on Total Area.		11	11, 00,	, oʻ	12,	2,0	`ω`	ຕົ		15,1	00		14, 10 1,	15,	Ξ,	χ, C		:	1, 6,1,	
anuav	d Re	bnama([ma.J to 281 Tol	10	1,06,834 0,	16,313 0,	1,17,671 0,	73,033 0,	96,292 1,	80,474 1,	94.361	1,85,4941,	32,914 1,		24,2380,	59	1,65,600 1,	53,540 1,	·	:	60,450 13,40,1421.
ed land.		Ватгеп.	6	26,127	1,635	31,037	27,608	16,424	21,316	7,339	11,599	12,329		8,186	25,072	16,237	15.417		:	2,60,450]
Minhaee		Lakhiraj.	8	16,265			2,615		:	:		841	•	5,696	2,530	:		ä	20,102	81.673
zaree or I land.	le.	Culturab	7	23,472	5,24	19,845	27,145							2,296	9,319	38,998	15,65		:	2,39,035
Malgoozaree assessed land	·b	Oultivate	9	89,975	16,630	64,572	51,966	37,341	35,416	12,793	61,996	35,462		9,944	42,231	40,756	8 8 8		:	6,41,129
	ee10 A	uisenA.	5	1,55,839	24,944	1,19,332	1,09,334	63,498	66,544	18,384	93,146	32,435		26,122	79,152	95,991	50.53	96 109	100	2,22,287
oo'O .pS m set A coo o selm lesudars of selm lass of self. A cres each.		4	183.9	29 4	140.9	129.1 85.6		,					30.8	93.4	13.3	59.2	808	3	1,442.7	
·sd	idenv	redmuN vol' 10	8	115		244	175	11	88	83	213	151		78	119	136	23	45	1	1,998
	Peronnuahs.		2	Azimnuggur,	Puttealee,	Shumsabad,	Kumpill-Kaim- gunge,	alignam.	Islamgunge,	Purumnuggur,	Kunnouje	Mahomedabad, .	Pahara, including	station of Futteh-	humsabad Huz. Tubseel	Thutteea Terooa,	Sukutpoor,	Sukrawah, (Ja-	geer,)	Total, [1,998'1,442.7 12,22,
	rict	Dist	-	1	40					ion.			101		0	H	mo	900		

- 72. The Collector of Furruckabad, Mr. W. Timins forwarded the statistical table for his district on the 15th April 1848, and furnished the following remarks upon the entries in it.
- "The difference between the area shown by the present returns, as compared with the former, arises almost entirely from the alteration of the limits of the district, since the last returns were prepared.
- "The columns of area Nos. 4 to 9 in the table now submitted, have been filled up from the returns of the last Khusrah measurement. They include all lands, Malgoozaree or Rent free, now comprised in the district.
- "The census has been based upon actual enumeration of the people. A list has been prepared by the Putwarree of each village, showing the name of every head of a family in it, and the number of males and females comprised in the family. A family has been taken to consist of all persons preparing their food at one Choolah.
- "For the towns, these lists have been prepared by the Thanahdars, through the heads of the different "Mohullahs," and the Chowkeedars.
- "The returns when given in by the Putwarrees, were tested by the Tuhseeldars, to whom lists of villages taken at random, were sent for that purpose, from the Collector's Office.
- "The Tuhseeldars' returns have been again tested, as far as time would permit, by Mr. Astell, and the Deputy Collector, Nawab Syfoollah Khan, who had some experience in this duty, in the district of Moradabad.
- "Although the Putwarrees' lists give a population averaging more than 550 to the square mile, for the whole district, which is nearly ten per cent. in excess of the average according to the

returns formerly submitted to Government, they have been found, in most cases, when tested by the Tuhseeldars, to give too low, rather than too high a return, of the actual population.

"The result of the measures for testing the returns has, upon the whole, shown them to be trustworthy. The variation discovered has in no case exceeded 3½ per cent. on the whole of the villages tested in a Tuhseeldaree division, and has, in many instances, been very trifling indeed. It is probable, that any endeavour to arrive at a higher degree of accuracy, might defeat its object.

"Where the average population of a Pergunnah, falls very much above, or below that of the district generally, an explanation has been given in the remarks which follow.

"The three Pergunnahs Azimnuggur, Puttialee and Burnah, are poor, badly cultivated, and thinly inhabited. They contain no town, and only one considerable village, which is in Pergunnah Burnah.

- "Pergunnah Islamgunge is rich and fertilc—has a large agricultural population, and contains several large Kusbahs.
- "Purumnuggur is a narrow tract, situated along the bank of the Ganges, containing a great deal of waste land.
- "Khakutmow is a very rich Pergunnah, with nearly \(\frac{2}{3} \) of its area under cultivation, and a large agricultural population.
- "In Pergunnah Kunouje,—the city of that name alone contains 16,027 inhabitants, the Pergunnah itself also is rich, well cultivated, and has a large agricultural population.
- "Besides a considerable agricultural population Pergunnah Bhojepoor contains the Kusbahs of Bhojepoor Khas and Sheikhpoor, and other large villages.

"The city of Furruckabad and the cantonment are situated in the Pergunnah of Pahara, with a population of 68,000. There is besides a large agricultural population, and a non-agricultural population of nearly 9,000, inhabiting Nurondeea, and other large villages, not included in the limits of the city and cantonment.

"Sowruck is a poor Pergunnah, and contains no towns, or large villages.

"Sukrawah is a Jagheer, containing 31 Mouzahs, none of which are in a flourishing condition."

73. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district obtained from the Mouzawar vernaculur returns forwarded by the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	ts,	1812
		an 1000 ai			ditto	129
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	7*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	2†
Ditto	ditto	50,000	1			,1‡
Total Inhab	ited.					1951
Total Unin	nabited,				• • • • • •	47
Total of the						
* Allygunj,	in Pe	rgunnah Azi	mnuggur,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7146 Inh	-
		Sh			6920 ditt	
Kaimgun	j	Kı	ımphill Ka	imgunj,	7453 ditt	
Taligram		Та	ligram,	,	6463 ditt	0.
Allagunj,		Isl			5383 ditt	0.
Bimiaree,		D i			5602 ditt	0.
Tirooa.		Tu			5865 ditt	0.
† Kunouje,		К			16,486 ditt	о.
		Pı			11,698 ditt	0.
		D			56,300 ditt	

XIX. Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the District of Mynpoorie.

District.

- O	l- Ωe	Q t	redonu V loas ot sidqar3	24	9	356	Š	415	431	000	305			34								<u>\$</u> \$	499
			Total,	1	10.950	43.527	10,631	46,522	26,465	000	250,034	40.360	00,00	2,5	22,884	26 770	25,460	47,115	43,770	1		9,175	6.39 800
	Mahomedan	lindoo.	Non- Agricul- tural.	R	18	2.541	148	1,237	1,189	010	3			0,0							- 50	88	26 120
Population	Maho	not H	-luoirg A tural.	12	15	340	86	825	8	106	133			3,078								₹38°	13 700
Population	2		Non-Agricul- Agricul- tural.	20	9.458	14,031	1,942	9,403	7,120	8 00 8	0400	10 700	94 496	17,285	7.160	6.626	3,525	10,405	12,792	Ī		1,150	1 58 987
6	Hindoo		-luoiragA .larut	19	7 568	26,606	8,455	35,057	17,850	18 805		52	3 25	81,504	15	18	17	8	8		110	7,825	4.41.002
	< 01299.4.17			İ	1			0		9				7								0.44	1
			eq blaH PlatoT	12	1			2		2				œί								2	15
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00 .99	919 <i>1</i> 002 81 6	8 P	Rate per Potal M	12	4	်ထ	0	ω,	6,	14	Ē			î				•				<u>, -,</u>	=
					1		<u>.</u> .	32	₹.	7	:		:6	5,	-	0	ò	=	9	<u></u> -	-5	<u>; ;</u>	늗
uo	Acre a.	. 76 91.A	Rate pe	=	-	, 1	33,	0	'n	c	5	6	į.	9	4.	O	2	Ö	7.			1,4,	0
				¦	 1 8	20	30	,177 1,	<u>-</u> -	- -		20	5-	,066	0	90	00	 	0			9130,	냗
ənt	(GAGD	r p	basmsA asA to sl rot	2	19.79	95,14	22,55	96,12	97,40	69.035	ì	99.60	3	2,83,99	88	30,73	30.43	67,78	75.44		07 09	16,91	13,58,131
5	essed.		Barren	6	4 891	41,998	4,341	49,343	750,841	31.240		57.876		74,529	39,792	16,677	9.256	4,295	35 082		95 919	3,647	4.82,924
Minhaee	land.	•	Lakhiraj	8	102	380	320	82	140	287		615	2.377	1,350	:	288	ଞ୍ଚ	408	38			<u> </u>	8,585
ozaree	noseas	pje	Sultura	7	5,142	17,371	5,222	8,370	0,473	10,108				10,762								5,213	1,75,318
Malgoozaree	land.	.bə	Cultivat	9	9.434	43,805	17,067	36,838	400,13	25,966		53,860	1,02,726	1,11,778	24,787	18,373	28,644	45,426	34,883		-	10,258	6,18,918
	18 9.	эΨ	ni sərA	2	19,499	1,03,554	26,986	34,845	551,55	109'29		1,31		1,98,419	7	₩	8	6	8		74 579	19,252	12,85,745
10	Geog Book	.pS	ni sətA səidq 2,748	4	ឧ	22	7	5 0 2 1 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2	3	6.62				234.2							8	22.7	9.715,1
9th8:			oT 10	3	122	Ξ.	4	200	5	4		15,	38	ä	ಣ	4	ð,	2	2		130	83	1459
		Pergunnahs.		3	Alleepore Puttee,	Bhoong aon,	Dawur,	Churour,	Kishnee, Nubby	Gunge,	Talooka Munchu-	т.	Sheekoabad,	Moestafabad,	Son)	Koorsolee,	Surpoorah,	Sahawur Kursana,	Sukeet,	Islooka Eytah,		Souhar,	Total,

74. The above is an amended Table submitted by Mr. H. Unwin, Collector of Mynpooree, on the 3rd of July 1848. The process by which the results were obtained was explained as follows by Mr. C. Raikes, the Officiating Collector, under date the 7th April, 1848.

"The Columns showing the area have been filled up from the returns given at the time of survey and settlement, except the Pergunnahs under the Deputy Collector of Putteealee for which the Tuhseeldars' returns are given.

"As to the population—The houses in every township and hamlet have been counted and separately recorded as inhabited by Hindoos or Mahometans, and by agricultural or non-agricultural families.

"According to the instructions given by my predecessor, Mr. Unwin, each durwazah was counted in every village. After that 10 villages were carefully selected in each Pergunnah, and in these every individual, young or old, was counted.—On the result of these enquiries were founded two separate averages for the agricultural and non-agricultural classes, and these averages applied to all the houses in the Pergunnah, gave its total population.

"This process may not be exactly in conformity with the directions given in Para. 17 of your Circular letter No. 1139 of 22nd October 1846, which would perhaps have been more strictly followed, if Choolahs or hearths had been counted instead of doors, but the result as to the population is not affected by the difference, and I only noticed this discrepancy, if it be one, when it was too late to make a new enquiry.

"The enumeration which I have been describing was made by the Canoongoes and Peshkars, assisted by the Putwarrees. Their returns were tested by the Tuhseeldars, and those given by the Tuhseeldars were again examined on the spot by the Deputy Collector, Jumal Ooddeen Hussun, or by myself. "The first returns were frequently found incorrect, particularly as to the entries of the agricultural and non-agricultural population. After repeated examination, it is hoped that the result now given is accurate.

"A separate memorandum is sent, showing the classes usually employed in agricultural and in non-agricultural pursuits. The designation of most of these castes will at once show their common way of life, but of course whatever a man's caste may be, if he we're deriving his livelihood from the cultivation of the soil he was classed accordingly. Some nondescript classes, as grass-cutters and wood-gatherers, were put down as non-agriculturists, as they cultivate no soil, and live by their manual labour, and (seeing that many of them get grass and wood without asking, from wherever they can find it), by their wits, rather than by any really agricultural pursuit. On the other hand the village carpenters have been mostly set down as agriculturists, not only as plough-makers, but because they generally get so much grain on each plough from the cultivators and receive no money payments.

"So far as my observations extend, the sort of enquiries which have been made may be followed out without the slightest annoyance to the people at large, who, beyond a little natural curiosity, show no feeling on the occasion of a census."

75. Memorandum of castes generally employed on agricultural pursuits referred to above:—

- I Aheer,
- 2 Aherya or Buheylea,
- 3 Bhungy,
- 4 Brahmin,
- 5 Burhey or Mistree,
- 6 Chumar.
- 7 Chanook,
- 8 Jat,
- 9 Kachi,

- 10 Kuhar,
- 11 Kirar,
- 12 Lodha,
- 13 Nou Muslim,
- 14 Nonera,
- 15 Rajpoot.
- No. 2, are noted robbers, burglars and highwaymen, but have some little land as a cloak for their real calling, which I have described above.
- No. 3, hold land for their services as Chowkeedars and Bullahurs.
- 5. The reason for classing these men here is given in the report.
- 6. The Goukaman Chumar does the work in leather required for agricultural purposes, and several other village duties for which he is paid 1 Seer in the Maund at harvest time, and also an allowance at seed time. The other Chumars are agricultural labourers, and in some few cases have been admitted as village Mocuddums.
 - 7. As No. 3. The females act as midwives.
 - 8. There are a few in the Western parts of this district.
- 10. Hemp and singharas are the peculiar crops of these people.
- 13. Converted Hindoos, formerly Rajpoots, now mongrel Mahometans, mostly intermarry with their own class and not with other Mahometans.
 - 76. Castes not generally employed as cultivators:—

Bhat,
Bhoorjee,
Bunnya,
Byragee,
Durzee,
Dhobee,
Dhooneea,
Gudurea,

Jogee and Gosayn,

Julaha,
Kolee,
Kayeth,
Khutik,
Koomhar,
Muhajun,
Nai,
Sonar,
Tumbollee.

77. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district, obtained from the Mouzawar vernacular returns submitted by the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	its,	1408
Ditto	more th	an 1000 ar	nd less th	nan 5000	ditto	2
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	0
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	0
Ditto	ditto	50,000				0
Total Inhab Total Unin	_					_
Total o	of the I	District, .	. 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1459
Mynpoor	ec is said	to contain .			2773 Inha	hitants

0	3 :	109ħJ 91	Number of each squa phical mil	24	1 418	1 302	7 835	3 448	365	7 397	204	380
			Total,	23	87,341	58,041	55,957	71,453	68,220	61,837	78,375	4,81,224
	Make	and others not Hindoo.	Non-Agri-	22	6,203	1,389	1,359	3,178	3,191	3,630	2,221	21,171
Population.	Mest	and oth Hindoo.	Agricultu- ral.	21	835	295	529	786	514	1,055	677	4,691
Popu		100.	Non-Agri-	20	36,327	18,572	16,631	25,150	27,610	20,843	25,391	1,70,524
		Hindoo.	Agricultu-	19	43,976	37,785	37,438	42,339	36,905	36,309	50,086	2,84,838 1,70,524
-	<u>'</u>				2	4	10	00	ಣ	0	61	1 67
[B]	oj		Rate per Action	13	5,	15;	11,	4,	က်	13,	٦,	7,
-					22,	91,	11, 11,	8 2,	<u>61</u>	2,	.	11/2,
[83]	0,7		Rate per Ac	12	15,	11,	3, 1	15,	14,	6,	5,	0, 1
-			- · · · ·		7-	51,		61,	٥,١	8,2,	2,	0,2,
[8]	oj	ге оп Ј	Rate per Ac	11	1,	15,	1,	4,	4,	, 6,	1, 4,	1, 3,
10	Demand on account or Land Revenue for 1846-47.		Land Re	10	1,94,606 1,	68,545 1,55,963 0,	70,411 1,53,477 1,	45,010 1,73,382,1	51,264 1,97,584 1,	48,531 1,86,913	70,278 2,08,175	4,26,630 12,70,100 1,
or un-	assessed land.		Barren.	6	72,591	68,545	70,411	45,010	51,264	48,531	70,278	4,26,630
Minhaee or un-	assesse		Lakhiraj.	8	4,615	3,924	2,786	2,425	4,052	4,552	5,111	27,465
ree or	land.		Culturable.	7	83,279 16,642	79,621,10,312	56,066 12,260	75,699 11,916	89,747 13,256	66,500 12,284	22,299	98,969
Malgoozaree or	assessed land.		Cultivated.	9	83,279	79,621	56,066	75,699	89,747	002'99	67,780	5,18,692 98,969
		•s:	oroA ni sorA	2	209.2 1,77,127	192.0 1,62,402	167.0 1,41,523	159.4 1,35,050	186,9 1,58,319	155.6 1,31,867	1,65,468	,265.1 10,71,756
-B.	180	are Geo 8 10 89	npa ni sənA lim İsəidq sə sərəA	4	209.2	192.0	167.0		-		195.6	<u> </u>
10	st	NI OUZBI	Number of Township	3	285	194	171	222	298	236	219	1,655
			rergunnans.	2	Etawah,	lst Division Luckna,	2ndDivision Luckna,	Debli Jakhun,	Oreyah,	Phuppooud,	Belah,	Total,

78. The following remarks, with regard to the preparation of the above table, were furnished by Mr. G. Alexander, the Collector of the Etawah district, on the 22nd September and 28th December, 1847.

"The enquiries have been conducted through the agency of the Tuhseeldars, and uncovenanted Deputy Collector, aided by the Putwarrees, and Chowkeedars of the different villages, and the accuracy of the returns has been carefully and minutely tested by myself.

"I have met with no opposition whatever, nor has any apprehension or alarm been excited, or dissatisfaction evinced during the prosecution of the investigation, for I have endeavoured, in my tour through the district, to explain to the people the object sought to be attained by it, namely, the promotion of measures which would tend to advance their happiness and well being.

"The limits of the district have suffered no alteration whatever since the late Survey and Settlement, and the entire area, and every Mouzah, and all tracts of land comprised within the district have been included in these returns.

"The items of cultivated and culturable land were filled up from the Putwarrees' papers, and from the result of the local enquiries of the Tuhseeldars, and, when any great discrepancies appeared to exist between their returns and the statements prepared at the time of settlement, the Tuhseeldars and Putwarrees were sent for by me and after personal enquiry into each particular case, the errors where discovered were corrected.

"The population of the district has been greatly augmented since settlement, and is annually increasing.

"In consequence of the good feeling which appeared to pervade all classes in the district during the progress of the enquiry,

and the complacency with which they regarded it, I caused the census to be made by actual enumeration of the people, which has been done with as much correctness as possible.

79. In the 5th Paragraph of a report on the state of Indigenous education in the district, submitted to Government on the 21st September 1846, Mr. G. Alexander furnished a table, exhibiting the population distinguished into Moosulmans and Hindoos and men, women, boys and girls of each of these classes which made the population 4,58,610 souls, as in the annexed table:—

	tal.	Total. Total. Women.	38,375 86,173 94,268 33,642 30,274 18,337 12,6	40,028 92,743 95,799 34,143 29,879 20,222 11,	26,015 60,944 64,807 23,628	26,590 60,361 63,919 23,184	25,778 57,890 62,371 22,448	31,658 74,348 77,446 29,015 23,676 15,387 9,3
<	Females.	Children.	27,479 10,896	28,835 11,193	6,859	7,105	7,556	8,992
Hindoos.		Adults.			19,156	19,485	18,222	22,666
		Total.	47,798	52,715	34,929	33,771	32,112	42,690
	Males.	Children.	30,999 16,799	33,065 19,690	22,282 12,646	21,996 11,775	21,014 11,098	27,914 14,776
		Adults.	İ					
	.la	T 0 T	4 8,095	6 3,056	8 3,863	4 3,558	1 4,481	
	les.	Total.	9 3,914	2 1,406	1,788	1,694		
ns.	Females	Children.	5 1,119	4 372	0 208	9 455		
Mahomedans.		Adults.	1 2,795	1,034	5 1,280	1,239		
, W		Total.	8 4,181	572 1,650	729 2,075	676 1.864		
	Males.	Children.	1,538					
		A dults.	Etawah, 2,643	1078	Debli Jakhun, 1,346			

- 80. With reference to the discrepancy observable between this statement and the population columns of the table prefixed to this notice, Mr Craigie, Officiating Collector, stated in a letter dated the 8th April 1848, that in his opinion the latter was certainly the more correct, and that the statistical returns of the district did not now, as far as he was able to discover from examining several Putwarrees, exhibit any gross error.
- 81. The following is a classification of the towns and villages of the district, obtained from the Mouzawar vernacular returns forwarded by the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitar	its,	1461
		an 1000 ar			ditto	50
Ditto	ditto.	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	3*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	1+
Ditto	ditto	50,000		•		0
Total Inha	bited, .				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1515
Total Unin	habited,		· · · · · · · · ·		•••••	140
Total of th	e Distri	ct,	· · · • • · · •	•••••		1655
* Juswunt	nvggur, i	n Pergunnal	ı Dehli Jal	khun,	5033 Inh	abitants.
Orcyah,			– Oreyah,	••••	5645 ditte	
Phuppoo	nd,		- Phuppo	ond,	6063 ditte) .
† Etawah,			– Etawah,		17,783 ditte) .



gop	ot ano	Number of pers	9	
		Total.	23	1,18,928 2,01,490 2,01,490 79,4228 79,4228 1,03,821 1,03,821 70,542 99,508 29,508 29,152 39,156
ŋ.	nedan ers not doo.	Non-Agricul- tural.	22	5,081 29,435 3,267 4,427 3,301 1,650 2,337 1,685 1,685 1,531 1,531 1,531 1,531
Population	Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	A gricultural.	21	1,005 885 2,376 2,925 1,034 1,130 1,625 1,491 1,084 1,084 1,111 1,111 1,111
Pc	loo.	Non-Agricul-	20	1,23,211 20,441 19.143 19.143 24,646 12,720 24,646 17,338 30,118 10,050 8,048 9,366 3,53,038
	Hindoo	Agricultural.	19	60,035 47,959 59,270 52,927 50,638 38,847 75,208 64,580 18,423 18,423 20,185 20,185 5,65,249
183	oL uo	Rate per Acre Cultivation.	13	2, 5, 5, 112, 7, 7, 113, 113, 8, 113, 8, 113, 8, 113, 8, 113, 8, 113, 8, 113, 8, 113, 8, 113, 8
		,	<u> </u>	the 7 7 7 9 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
[8]		Rate per Acre.	12	114, 10 15, 8 16, 8 115, 8 11, 10 11, 10 11, 11 12, 13, 4 11, 10 11,
			<u> </u>	9 8 7 4 4 3 8 4 8 8 8 8 1 1 iii
[BJ	oL no	Rate per Acre	=	t, are
-91	ccount for 184	Demand on a land Revenue 47.	107	1,30,292
	s or unas-	Ватгеп.	6	66,156 6,714 12,089 45,249 2,17,267 76,144 12,089 45,249 2,17,267 76,144 12,089 45,249 2,17,267 76,144 12,089 45,249 2,17,267 76,144 12,089 45,249 2,17,267 76,144 12,189 12,189 12,189 12,188 12,189 12,189 12,189 12,189 12,189 12,189 12,189 12,199
	Minhaee or un sessed land	Lakhiraj.	8	5,094 4,052 4,971 3,715 3,715 8,594 2,618 5,368 1,243 1,103 1,103 2,591 1,243 1,103 1,103 2,591 1,103
	Malgoozaree or as- Minhaee or unas- sessed land. sessed land.	Culturable.	2	9.915 6,714 19,411 26,487 23,820 29,6732 7,110 2,392 7,919 9,984 1,87,563
	Malgoozaree o	Cultivated.	9	71.275 66,156 76,144 58,611 87,218 87,218 12,1582 12,1582 20,733 20,733 21,019 48,405 7,54,818
		Area in Acres.	25	156.2 1,32,292 186.0 1,57,624 186.0 1,57,624 207.2 1,75,535 134.7 1,14,094 254.0 2,14,094 168.6 1,42,833 155.3 1,31,536 32,014 64.0 89,678 1765.4 14,95,628
-id	двтдоэ£ эА 2.71	Area in square (cal miles of 8-	4	156.2 153.7 186.0 186.0 187.7 134.7 156.4 155.3 17.8 105.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17
10	onsspa	Number of M Townships.	m	275 188 255 168 255 276 276 276 276 108 60 149 2258
		Pergunnahs.	2	Bithoor, 27 Janjanow, 18 Janjanow, 18 Belhour, 25 Behour, 17 Brapore, 15 Ghatumpore, 17 Russoolabad, 15 Sarh Sulempore, 10 Sheorajpore, 10
-	.3:	Distric	1-	Cawnpore.

- 82. On August 11th, 1847, the Collector of Cawnpore, Mr. Montgomery, furnished his returns to the Commissioner, but in consequence of the Circular letter from Government of November 15th, 1847, he availed himself of the cold season of 1847—48 to revise the entries.
- 83. The Table and the following remarks are the second or corrected returns, which were furnished direct to Government on April 13th, 1848:—
- "Col. 3. In the rough statement the number of Mouzahs is 2,279. In the statement now sent up it is 2,258. The cause of difference is that Mr. Allen, in revising the assessment in 1844, united several estates under the provisions of Section VI. Regulation XIX. of 1814, and thus reduced the number of villages.
- "Cols. 6 and 7. The cultivated area in the rough statement is 7,81,173, and the culturable 1,63,563 acres. In the accompanying statement the result is:—Cultivated area 7,54,818 acres; culturable 1,87,563. The reason why there is less cultivated, and more culturable land than in the rough statement is, that in revising the settlement, Mr. Allen found that much cultivated land had fallen waste; he did not remeasure, but got returns from the Tuhseeldars, Huft gana papers, and Ameens, Butwarra Misls, and entered the amount of cultivated land thus obtained in his statements. This showed a considerable decrease, and in the present statement, the areas of the revised Mouzahs are entered according to Mr. Allen's assumed areas in 1844, and the rest according to the settlement returns."
 - 84. The following remarks were appended to the preceding tabular return:—
 - "I received orders from the Government, dated 15th November last, directing me to take advantage of the cold season, whilst in the interior of the district, to examine and test the population returns which I had formed a few months previously. Owing to various difficulties which I foresaw if I only tested

the former returns, I determined to form a new census by enumerating the people, as well as by counting the houses, which latter plan had alone been the basis of the first census. Two errors were particularly observable in the first one; the definition of a house had not been fully explained, and the Tuhseeldars were in ignorance of the discriminating difference between the agricultural and non-agricultural classes; those only who cultivated lands having been entered under the former class. I defined a house to mean "an enclosure where one or more branches of the same family resided, having one common entrance," and an agriculturist to mean "the members of all families who derived their support, or any part of their income, from the cultivation of land, whether or not they conducted the usual agricultural operations." The Tuhseeldars, or head Native Revenue Officers, were directed to call the village accountants, and explain fully to them exactly what I required, and to obtain through them a return from each village in the following form:-I should first state that the prevailing custom in this district where one or more individuals cultivate in partnership, is to enter in the engagement or village papers the name of one person only."

Agricultural population.			-	Houses.	
	١		-		
•					Agricultural.
Registered Non-Regis- Total Agri- Non-Agricul- Grand Total. Cultivators. tirators.	ult	Fotal Fouses. C	Total Houses.	Total Houses.	Houses of Houses of Total Agri- Non-Agri. Total I Registered Non-re- cultural cultural Houses. Culturators. Houses. Cultiva- tors.
72,678 92,571	4,7	9,078	67,605 1,49,078 4,72,678	81,473 67,605 1,49,078	
14,803 3,408	<u> </u>	3,511	10,742 13,511		10,742
87,481 95,979	90,	2,589	78,347 1,62,589 4,87,481	84,242 78,347 1,62,589	!

"The above is a summary of what the statements afforded; and the village accountants furnished lists of all houses, with the number of individuals living in each.—These lists were prepared, it will be perceived, through the agency of the village accountants, most of them actually residing amongst the people, and were subsequently tested by the Tuhseeldars, and in some instances by persons I deputed to test their work again. The lists now furnished give an increase of 8,979 houses over those of 1847. This perhaps is not to be wondered at, inasmuch as the new definition of a house would naturally tend to increase the number. In last year's census I found, from counting the number of individuals in 48 villages, that the population fell at the rate of 5.87 per house. If this average be applied to the number of houses shown by the present return, it will give a population of 9,52,934, or 40,097 less than is obtained by actual enumeration. This is a near approximation, and as a test is, I think, a satisfactory one."

85. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district, and is taken from the Mouzawar vernacular returns received from the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitar	its,		1916
Ditto 1	more th	an 1000 ar	ıd less tl	ıan 5000	ditto		109
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto		7*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto		0
Ditto	ditto	50,000					1†
Total Inhal	oited,				.		2033
Total Unin	habited	villages, .		· • · · · · · •	• • • • •	• • •	225
Total of the	Distric	:t,			• • • • •		2258
* Bithoor,	in P	ergunnah Bi	thoor,	<i>:</i>	8217		bitants.
Johura I Suchende	Muharaju Pe. ——	n Singh, Di ——— Ja	uimow		5087 5517	ditt ditt	
Rusdhan	,	Bi	laspore Se	cundra,	5006	ditt	
Bhosee,		S			5176	ditt	
Bilhour,		Bi	lhour,		5045 6330	ditt ditt	
Akberpor	e	A	uimow	1.0		ditt	

03 8 818	person	to redmuN. sups dosse	. 24	5775 464 338 414 302 302 563 488 396 440 553 209 472 472
		Total.	23	89,766 48,932 37,742 12,541 17,896 35,161 31,962 31,962 74,007 74
	Mahomedan I others not ndoo.	Non-Agri- cultural	53	
Population.	Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	Agriculta- ral.	21	4,702 5,887 2,131 3,197 8,622 339 862 103 264 710 513 1,760 1,760 2,084 9,022 2,084
Pop	Hindoo.	Non-Agri- cultural.	50	38,917 18,537 13,648 3,764 5,853 16,051 15,314 10,925 9,198 9,198 2,745 33,817 1.97,267
	Hin	- Agricultu - ral.	19	40,254 25,231 22,632 8,410 10,820 17,230 15,012 16,954 9,284 19,2
otal		Rate per Ac Cultivatio	13	12, 3 14, 10 14, 10 12, 0 12, 1 15, 1 15, 1 15, 1 16, 1 17, 1 18, 10 18, 10
[BJO	T no ere ree.	Rate per Ac	12	မွန္ခရိုက္ခရုံး စီးရုံးသွင္းမွာ မွန္ ကုမ္မွာအီလေပသည် သည်သည်း နည္ ရုံရုံရုံရုံလွန္ ရိုမ္မေရရရွိလူမှ ကို
otal)	Г по эт	Rate per Ac	11	, 4, 4, 6, 9, 9, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
io ia ioi	accour evenue	Demand on Land Re 1846-47.	10.	1,81,8551, 1,16,3161, 1,12,7511, 41,7051, 72,0851, 94,2741, 11,12,3631, 1,73,2691, 1,65,381, 34,7571, 2,00,5881,
or un-	l land.	Ватгеп.	6	49,511 37,776 26,527 8,215 11,041 17,752 20,863 22,386 62,986 62,986 4,927 53,718 3,61,625
Minhaee	assessed	Lakhiraj.	∞	1,541 1,026 1,026 1,73 1,73 1,004 1,004 1,004 1,604 1,
	l land.	Culturable.	1.	16,145 10,887 20,834 20,834 6,352 4,508 6,787 4,824 20,095 3,558 16,710 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,33,156
Malgoozaree or	nssessed tand	Cultivated.	9	65,712 16,145 39,731 10,887 46,772 20,834 15,173 2,148 27,259 6,787 36,890 4,509 27,259 6,787 36,890 4,824 58,522 20,095 14,241 15,710 13,289 11,600 72,399 18,908
	*86	oroA ni sorA	'n	1156.9 1,32,942 111.6 94,568 30.3 25,713 52.5 50,240 62.5 55,383 78.5 66,485 168.3 1,42,607 129.0 1,93,04 174.4 1,47,720
	les of 8	Area na squa im facility Acres eac	4	
	.8	Number of Township	е .	261 167 87 44 44 44 38 38 266 146 145 192 192
	, o	r ergumans.	Ø	Futtehpore, Huswah, Ghazeepore. Ghazeepore. Ayasah, Ghazeepore. Muttour, Ghazeepore. Huspan, Ghazeepore. Tuppah Jar. Hutgaon, Ekdulla, Dhata, Kora, Kora, Total,
	įriet,		,-	Futtehpore.

86. On this table, Mr. C, W. Kinloch, the Collector of the Futtehpore district, remarked as follows, under date January 20th, 1848:—

"In Column 3 of the Government Statement, the number of Mouzahs is given as 1614; in the revised one, just prepared, the number is 1617, the excess is owing to 3 villages having been separated and assessed as distinct Mouzahs on the occasion of the late revision of the settlement by Mr. Thornton.

"The area in acres in Column 5, according to the Government Statement, is 10,10,380, whilst the area in the return now submitted is 10,13,356, showing an increase of 2976; the cause of the difference is explained in the subjoined table:—

Area.	
By Government Statement,	10,10,380
Deduct for Diluvian, 855	
Errors of Measurement, 19	874
	10,09,506
Add area gained by Alluvion,	3,850
	10,13,356

"The difference in the two statements, as regards the entries in Column 10, is also explained in a Tabular Statement which will be found below.

Jumma.		
By Government Statement,		14,26,467
Deduct on account of Chowkeedaree Fund,		
On account of Diluvian,	1358	
Reduction of Jumma in Mouzah Kora		
Kunnuck,	745	3882
	•	14,22,585
Add resumed Maafee lands,		1197
	_	14,23,782

"With regard to the population of the district, a census was made during the Professional Survey in 1838, and another subsequently in 1846, on the occasion of a report being submitted upon the state of the Abkarree Revenue; but as these were believed to be far from accurate, I deemed it fit to direct a fresh census to be made under the personal superintendence of the Tuhseeldars, aided by the Canoongoes and village Putwarrees. This return has been prepared with the greatest care, and may be relied upon: every village in the different Tuhseeldarees has been visited either by the Tuhseeldar himself or one of his subordinates, and an actual enumeration made of the number of the inhabitants in each house in every estate in the district. In the prosecution of this laborious duty the local Officers have received the greatest assistance from the resident Zemindars. who so far from proving at all backward in affording information and otherwise aiding the Pergunnah Officers, would appear in every instance to have co-operated most willingly with them in effecting the object with which they were entrusted.

"According to the census now taken, the District of Futtehpore, is shown to contain 5,11,132 inhabitants, which gives 427.4 persons to the square Geographical mile, and an average of $4\frac{\pi}{10}$ persons to each house."

87. The following is a classification of the villages and towns of the district, made from the Mouzawar vernacular returns furnished by the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitai	ıts,	1283
Ditto 1	more th	an 1000 ar	nd less th	nan 5000	ditto	96
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	0
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	1*
Ditto	ditto	50,000				0
Total Inhab	oited, .				· · • • · • •	1380
Total Unin	habited,					237
Total of th	e Distri	ict,				1617
* * *					3 F 41 4 T. 1.	. 1. 14 4 .

^{*} Futtehpore, in Pergunnah Futtehpore, 15,414 Inhabitants.

- 81	persons re Geog	Yumber of support of s	24	1		302		270	321		
		.ГазоТ	23	1		87,998	81,143	2,86.910	42,645	41,942	101 101
3	edan rrs not oo.	Non-Agri- cultural.	22	1,067	452	5,637	2,629	12,326	5,554	2,193	0 0
Population.	Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	Agricultu- ral.	21	214	_	1,207		7.907	636	•	9 216
and the state of t		Non-Agri-	20	5,164	6,281	19,538	16,655	57,975	22,103	23,484	62 150
J	Hindoo.	Agricultu- ral,	19	16,176	40,089	60,700	61,111	2,08,702	14,352	16,095	90.856
[BJ	re on To .n	Rate per Ac	13	11,		, ö.	6,	6 '6	1 4 ,		15, 6
< T02.5		nace per ner	12	1		1, 91, 1, 91,	15,	1, 01,	2, 21,		5, 101,
- Inte		Rate per Ac				4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		01,	= 6		91,
g lesto	T no erc	Rate per Ac	=	70, 13	30, 14	10, 13,	40, 10	90, 13,	19,		70, 15,
10 J	вассопи. В весерии	Demand on Land Re TA-0181	10	66,25	1,38,47	2,04,1810,	1,82,20	7,27,829	70,0860,	2,11,2	5,25,327
Minhaee or unas-	sessed land.	Ватгеп.	6.	21,963	23,992	59,836	78,824	2,11,247	42,887	6,023	1,33,901
Minhaee	sesse	Lakhiraj.	o o	574	536	1,235	830	4,120		8,332	13,413
3	l land.	Culturable.	10	19,384	26.473		64,094	2,33,555	31,443	8,586	1,18,461
Malgoozaree or	assessed land	Cultivated.	9	39,209	74,548	1,25,001	1,29,118	4,52,300	37,335	75,430	2,66,965
	*89	Area in Acre	ro.	1 '	1,53,994		2,72,866	9,01,222	1,12,736		5,32,740
2.7	48 fo asi	upa ni sərA lim İsəidq Acres esc	4	1 '	177.3		322.0	1,063.7	133.0		628.8
Statistic	Mouzaha 9.	lo 130muN qidenwoT	ಣ	122	9 6	184	236	753	110	96	359
770	ŗ	Fergunans.	89	Humeerpore,	Someerpore,	Raath and Kurka,	Punwaree,	Total,	Calpee,	Koonch,	Total,
- -	'4101	Distr		ic	_	eeu i				Cal	

- 88. No English report or Statement having been furnished for the Humeerpore district, the following information has been gathered from a memorandum, dated the 22d April, 1848, supplied by the Deputy Collector of the district, Moolvee Wuheedoozuman.
- 89. A Statement was in the first instance prepared in the Collector's Office, in which the Areas and Jummas were entered from the settlement papers, and the population from the statements prepared at the time of settlement and corrected by the Surveyor.
- 90. The difference in the areas was found to be very small. An increase of 860 Acres had been gained in Purgunnah Punwaree by the acquisition of Mouzah Kantee from the Jeitpore Ilaka, of 26 Acres by error in Survey in one village, and of 20 Acres by alluvian in another village of Purgunnah Sumeerpore, while the rest of the areas were the same as given in the settlement papers.
- Q1. The former census, on account of the negligence of the Survey Ameens, was incorrect, but the present one, showing the agricultural and non-agricultural population, prepared through the Putwarrees, Canoongoes and Chowkeedars, and tested by the Tuhseeldars, was considered accurate.
- 92. The people offered no objection to the census, and the district being inhabited chiefly by Lodhas, whose women do not object to show themselves, no difficulty on this score was experienced.
- 93. The following comparative table shows the increase in the population, the number of houses and the average per house, but with respect to this last point, it is to be remarked that the practice would appear to prevail in this district for families of different castes to live within one enclosure, each such enclosure being calculated by the Tuhseeldars as one house.

Humeerpore, Someerpore, Modha, Raath,			22,621			
Someerpore, Modha, Raath,			1 44,041	5.860	4.868	4.6
Modha,		. 26,902	48,066	21,164	10,283	4.7
		. 33,046	47,998	14,952	10,379	4.6
unwarree,			87,135	43,099	14,008	6.2
•		. 50,167	81,143	30,976	17,882	4.5
	Total.	. 170,912	2,86,963	1,16,051	57,420	5.0
		n 1000 and 5000		5000	ditto ditto	75 3*
Ditto d		10,000	ditto 5		ditto	0
		,	uitto 5	0,000	uitto	-
Ditto d	litto (50,000				0
Total Inhabit	ed					547
rotal Uninha						206
roun Chima	ibrica v	mages,	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	· · · · · •	
Total of the I	S		. <i></i>			75 3

95. Mr. F. B. Pearson, Deputy Collector of Calpee, on August 14th, 1847, reported as follows on the particulars given in the above Table, with respect to that District:—

"The entries of the Area have been taken from the Settlement records of the professional survey made in 1840, but land brought under assessment since the settlement has been transfered from the Column of Minhaee to that of Malgoozaree land. No error will be detected in them arising from any of the causes mentioned in para. 4th of Mr. Secretary Thornton's letter."

"The returns of population are the result of a new census based on actual enumeration. This had been commenced, with a view to the correction of the census made in the previous year 1845-46, before the receipt of the orders of Government, directing that the calculation should rest on the number of houses or families; and it was found that the counting of the individuals involved very little more trouble than that of the houses; while the combination of both methods made one a check upon the other, and ensured greater accuracy than could otherwise have been obtained. The length of time during which the returns were being prepared allowed of their frequent revision; and the detailed method of enquiry which was pursued afforded the means of a more detailed classification than is required for the purposes of Government, and which has not therefore been exhibited, but which, however, will not be useless. The people were neither alarmed nor harassed by the proceedings. The present census shows the population to be greater by more than th than it appeared to be by the previous one, and the new total is still more probably below than above the real number. The average number of persons per house or family is ascertained to be 5."

96. On April 3d, 1848, Mr. Pearson furnished a curious table, arranging the total population of 1,65,181 souls under 51 castes, and as males, females, and children, cultivators and non-cultivators. The totals stand as follows:—

Males, Cultivators,	38,440
Males, Non-cultivators,	26,196
Females, Cultivators,	29,489
Females, Non-cultivators,	24,642
Children, (Males,) Cultivators,	15,769
Children, (Males,) Non-cultivators,	
	12,785
Children, (Females,) Cultivators,	8,937
Children, (Females,) Non-cultivators,	8,923
Total,	1,65,181
Number of Houses,	31,650
Average number of persons to a house,	5
97. The towns and villages are classified as follows	:
Number containing less than 1000 Inhabitants,	244
Ditto more than 1000 and less than 5000 ditto	
Ditto ditto 5000 ditto 10,000 ditto	
Ditto ditto 10,000 ditto 50,000 ditto	
Ditto ditto 50,000	
Total Inhabited,	277
Total Uninhabited,	82
Total of the District,	359
curpee, in responsible	Inhabitants.
Khurela,——— Jullalpoor, 12,005	
Koonch, ——— Koonch, 12,885	ditto.

03	enosteq	Number of seaso	12	33	23			. 2	27	8	, S	31	25
		Total.	23	94,629	42,403	44,123	57,031	63,943	45,540	•63,718	68,234	72,905	5,52,526
	nedan ers not	-irgA-noM :larutluo	22	10,385	1,116	1,236	453	120	009	223	1,828	2,472	18,433
Population	Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	Agricultu- far	21	2,947	2,002	1,364	3,029	1,159	230	1,437	1,986	1,853	6,007
Pop		Non-Agri-	8	34,299	3,860	9,119	1,495	15,366	22,385	5,419	15,613	34,753	1,42,309 16,007
	Hindoo.	Agricultu- 181.	£	46,998	35,425	32,404	52,054	47,298	22,325	56,639	48,807	33,827	3,75,777
	•11	Cultivatio	Ĭ	10	7	81		6	~	9	CN_	ಣ	Ť∞
[810		Rate per Ac	12	71, 15,	12, 2,	41, 13,	51, 12,	61, 8,	81, 6,	91, 5,	1, 6,	21, 10,	11, 10,
		azooglaM	12	4, 7		4,4	2, 5	, 6	9,		0, 9	1, 2	2, 1
fato	Т по это	Rate per Ac	-	1	91, 10,		-, ;), 10,			تـ ا
IRJO	r no su	Rate per Ac	=	2, 1	3, 9	1, 111,	15, 11	13, 101,	11, 11	6, 20,	12, 11,	14, 11 1,	13, 11
_		.44-9481	ļ	<u> </u>	91,	91,	50,	, 0	80,	80,	5.	9	9,
	вссопи елеипе		10	2,77,140	1,85,699 1,	1,62,4391,	1,85,305 0, 15,	1,92,687 0, 13,	1,37,1980, 11, 111,	1,13,0780,	1,67,467 0, 12,	1,82,300 0, 14,	6,03,31
or un-		Barren.	6	29,671	35,464	13,204	23,399	34,452	43,761	97,940	47,348	23,975	3,49,214 16,03,313 0,
as-Minhaee	assessed.	.isridals.ī	80	906	199	3,197	1,176	10,852	8,048	29,541	13,352	1,625	69,258
		Culturable.	2	72,189	26,780	39,026	55,160	52,159	34,042	83,899	39,135	58,497	4,60,887
Malgoozaree or	nogaca a	Cultivated.	9	1,42,977	87,240	89,029	1,05,630	1,24,389	97,747	84,107	1,20,864	1,11,138	9,63,121
=		ro∧ ni sor∧	2	2,45,743	1,50,045	1,44,456	1,85,365	2,21,852	1,83,598	2,95,487	2,20,699	1,95,235	18,42,480
		ова вэтол	<u>_</u>	290.0	177.1	170.5	218.8	8.1.	216.7	348.8	260.5	230.4	174.8
	ed stre	ps ni sərA m laəidq	4		-			3 261					
10 SU	Mouza.	Number of Township	es	101	55	101	101	183	180	200	154	9	1,2532
*****	Pergunnahs.	9	2	Banda,	Pylanee,	Simounee,	Jugasee,	Dursenda,	hiboo,	Tirohan,	Budousa,	Seonda,	Total,

98. Mr. W. R. Edgeworth, officiating Collector of the Banda district, submitted on the 22nd April 1848, the preceding table with the following remarks:—

"The number of inhabitants was ascertained by actual enumeration by the village Chowkeedars and Putwarrees; no objection of any sort being made by the people. In one Pergunnah, (Cheeboo) the houses alone were counted, but the inhabitants of 6 villages, at different parts of the Pergunnah, were enumerated, and the average per house proving exactly the same as that for the other 8 Pergunnahs, exclusive of the City of Banda, I adopted it in the further culculations.

"The Columns of "Agricultural" and "Non-agricultural" are open to some doubt, as among the labouring class it is very difficult to specify exactly. But after careful examination of several villages, I think that the allotment is not far wrong.

"The average rates on Malgoozaree and cultivated area in Pergunnah Dursenda, Cheeboo, and Tirohan are not exactly those entered in the settlement statement No. IV., as there has been a change in the area of those Pergunnahs, in conformity with the Government Order of March 29th. The average on the total area is different in all Pergunnahs, as the amount of all the Lakhiraj land is now included.

"I annex a supplementary statement embodying some details of the census, which may prove not without interest.

"The population of Pergunnah Seonda, appears to be much thicker than that of any other Pergunnah, and I can give no satisfactory reason for it. As the proportion of persons per house, and that between adult male and total population is much the same as in the Pergunnahs most similarly situated, I have no reason for supposing the present estimate incorrect.

"On the other hand Pergunnah Pylanee shows a very disproportionate small number of inhabitants. This is, I believe, owing to the much larger sizes of the Mouzas; the population of Banda Pergunnah, excluding the city, is still smaller, and in these two Pergunnahs the average amount of land attached to each village is very much greater than in the others, as shown in the supplementary statement.

"The smaller amount shown per square mile in Pergunnah Cheeboo and Tirohan is accounted for by their including the hill Pergunnahs of Burgurh and Kuliangurh, where there is large amount of jungle.

"The inhabitants of the Military cantonments have not been included in the return."

99. The following is the Supplementary Statement referred • to above:—

		Remarks.	The population		ciusive of the cist 326.	I cannot acco		in this Forguin		1,019 The averages are	gunnah, and	and adult, &c. c	ingly.	
эзэ ү	ni s:	or A sgrayA zuoM a lo			2,433	2,055 I	1,433	1,830	1,208	1,019	1,477	1,200	1,220	
adult males to	-emdod	-luseuM .sasm	30.0	36.2	31.4	40.7	35.4	35.4	37.5	35.4	36.8	33.6	33.6	35.4
Propo	wnone tion.	.aoobaiH	33.3	39.2	36.5	44.5	37.3	35.3	36.5	36.6	35.0	36.4	36.0	36.6
.98		Ачетаge рег	4.4	4.6	5.7	4.9	4.6	4.3	5.6	5.0	5.4	5.9	4.7	4.8
ış.		.latoT	10,122	3,210	13,332	3,118	2,600	3,473	1,279	830	1,660	3,814	4,325	34,431
Mussulmans.	-tido	Women and dren.	7,094	2,046	9,140	1,849	1,680	2,244	799	537	1,049	2,529	2,880	22,707
Mu		Adult Male.	3,028	1,164	4,192	1,269	. 920	1,229	480	293	611	1,285	1,445	11,724
		Total.	23,342	57,955	81,297	39,285	41,523	53,558	62,664	44,710	62,058	64,420	68,580	5,18,095 11,724 22,707 34,431
Hindoos.	crii-	Women and dren.	15,559	36,340	51,899	21,878	26,029	34,604	39,795	28,347	40,299	40,932	43,855	3,27,638
		Adult Male.	7,783	21,615	29,398	17,407	15,494	18,954	22,869	16,363	21,759	23,488	24,725	5,52,526 1,90,457 3,27,638
		Population.	33,464	61,165	94,629	42,403	44,123	57,031	63,943	45,540	63,718	68,234	72,905	5,52,526
rea.	.aəli	In square m			290	177	1703	2183	2613	$216\frac{1}{9}$	3481	260	230	2,173
Total Area.		In Acres.	6,525	2,39,218	2,45,743	9,238 1,50,045	9,478 1,44,456	13,100 1,85,365	12,447 2,21,852	9,108 1,83,598	11,638 2,95,487	13,119 2,20,699	15,354 1,95,235	190 62,006 1,14,196 18,42,480 2,173
ouses.		.LetoT	7,585	13,129	20,714	9,238	9,478		12,447	9,108	11,638			1,14,196
Number of houses.	.8	Lower caste	3,956	6,486	10,442	3,501	5,190	7,209	6,854	5,227	6,532	7,639	9,412	62,006
Nan	*86	Higher caste	3,629	6,643	10,272	5,737	4,288	5,891	5,593	3,881	5,106	5,480	59,42	52,190
*86	Number of villages.			101	101	73	101	101	183	180	200	154	160	1,253
		Pergunnahs.	Banda city,	l sanda vii- lages, 101	Total, 101 10	2 Pylanee,	3 Simounee,	4 Ougasee,	5 Dursenda,	6 Chiboo,	7 Tirohan,	8 Budousa,	9 Seonda,	Total, 1,253 52
<u>.</u>	Ba		F'	2 Pylan	3 Simon	4 Ouga	5 Durse	6 Chibo	7 Tirob	8 Budo	9 Seond			

100. The following classification of the towns and villages in the district has been made from the Mouzawar vernacular returns submitted by the Collector.

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	its,	982
Ditto 1	more th	an 1000 ai	nd less th	nan 5000	ditto	131
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	0
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	1*
Ditto	ditto	50,000		,		0
Total Inhal	oited,					1114
Total Unin	habited	, .	• • • • • • •		•	139
Total of the	e Distri	c t, .		• • • • • • • • •		1253
* Randa i	n Pergun	nah Randa			33 464 Inh	ahitanta.

Pergunnahs

District,

Number of persons to each square Geogra-phical mile.

Mahomedan and others not Hindoo. others Hindoo.

Hindoo.

Population.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population of the District of Allahabad.

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Minhaee or u

Malgoozaree or assessed land.

XXV.

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Total. ន្ត

.Non-Agri-

Agricultural.

cultural,

-118A-110 M

Agricultural.

Cultivation.

Malgoozaree.

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'LÞ-948t Demand on account of 101 land 101

> ваттев. 6

Lakhiraj.

Culturable.

Cultivated.

Area in Acres.

Астев евсы. phical miles of 847.2 Pres in square

Raie per Acre on Total

Rate per Acre on Total

Rate per Acre on Total

27,685 47,589 53,495 34,531 97,150 67,056

Number of Mouzahs or Townships, က Kewaee,
T. Burokher,
T. Burokher,
T. Chourasee,
T. Dya,
T. Kohrar,
T. Kohrar,
T. Kohrar,
T. Manda, Ather Bun, Secundra, Bara, inclg. Choukundee, Sooram, Kurraree, Kurra, ~ Khyragurh.

44,685 ,04,057 87,516 48,955 ,18,138

71,168 1,64,770 1,58,986 70,808 2,09,010

94.0 194.5 187.8 110.1 110.1 110.1 10.3 50.5 1165.6 1165.6

llahabad

51,546 48,094 51,546 51,871 52,249 52,227 52,227 52,751 53,761 54,066 57,666 57,666 57,666 57,756 1,04,905 90,290 93,276 1,45,895 87,953 43,666 51,169 61,529 43,332 89,357 12,314 94,605 59,878

5,820 33,028 33,028 4,732 22,384 9,719 11,219 11,050 2,289 39,248 39,248 39,248 39,248 30,407 11,765 11,783 1,833 1,833

19,846 38,4181 15,753 15,753 15,753 15,753 15,753 15,703 18,704 1

7,911 18,943 18,830 26,625 18,499 115,573 11,080 12,790 11,080 10,080 10

24,363 55,356 37,656 16,477 22,386 15,737 28,245 7,403

35	7	3	15	8	49	5
3	8	33	2	45	8	87

386

7.10,263

1,77,684 48,723 47,017

9 4,36,839

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5,31,707 21,05,663 1.

2,32,024 29,856

9.99,134

Total,

Nawab

irzapore Chowharee,

330	246	882	416	395	535	‡	ឌ	321	366	223	8	148	218	158	267	493	9
685	88	495	531	35	80	90	868	356	929	477	183	386	737	127	245	8	-

•			~		
183	88	737	127	245	8

- 101. A mass of vernacular papers regarding the statistics of the Allahabad district was forwarded to Government under date April 15th, 1848, by Mr. E. H. C. Monckton, the Officiating Collector, but as these returns were incomplete, it was found necessary to return them, and to desire Mr. E. Tyler, who had taken Mr. Monckton's place, to exert himself to supply the required information with such expedition as might be practicable. Mr. E. Tyler furnished the statistical table on the 19th June 1848, and remarked as follows:—
- "The above statement has been completed from the general statement No. IV. and census sent in by the Thanadars in 1840, during Mr. Montgomery's administration, but it appears no faith can be placed upon the accuracy of the number of inhabitants. The Tuhseeldars evidently did not understand the subject, and from their reports they have very cursorily run over the Pergunnahs, besides leaving much to the statements made by the Putwarrees."
- 102. Efforts were made in this office to correct the return, and probably it is now not far from the truth, but it is evident that full confidence cannot be placed in its accuracy.
- 103. The towns and villages in the Allahabad district, classified according to population, were as follows:—

Number	contain	ing less tha	n 1000 I	Inhabitant	s	3302
Ditto	more th	an 1000 ar	d less th	han 5000	ditto	92
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	3*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	. 0
	ditto			• • • • • • •		
Total Inhal	oited,					3397
Total Unin	habited,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<i>.</i>		• • • • • • •	605
Total of the	e Distric	ct,		•••••	• • • • • • •	4002
		ergunnah Ku				
_		Tal		rokher, Perg	unnah Kh	yragurh.
Adampor	:е, ——	Sec	eundra.			

Note.—Allahabad comprises portions of nine villages, which have been separately counted.

XXVI.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population of the District of Goruckpore.

																		_							_
		,[atoT	23	1.29.522		-	•••			••		42,493		_		O		6,390	3,05,186	55,368	78,009	2,62,687	21.749	65,507	3.76,533
	dan and it Hin.	Non-Agri- cultural.	22	4.530	4,986	2,299		5.033			-			•	٠.				3,192	97	925	3,473	120	3,701	6,843 2:
Population.	Mahomedan and others not Hin- doo.	Agricultu- 181	21					6,081		•									40,980	7,396	6,648	18,331	1,261	808	1,98,765 66,843 23.76,533
ď	Hindoo.	Non-Agri- cultural.	20	34,349	20,881	23.542	53,841	16,382	1,082	30,230	24,307	6,753	5,764	30,651	9,078	4,488	794	105	11,479	404	14,670	10,108	262	32,047	3,31,247
	Hip	Agricultu- ral.	19	88.359	65,417	71.565	1,37,484	29,470	7,369	1,51,290	1,28,672	32,960	37,712	1,19.974	33,694	2,16,006	31,628	5,504	2,49,535	47,471	22,766	2,30,775	20,026	18,951	317.79,678 3
[ato	re on T n.	Rate per Accounting	13	4, 4	°,	0,8	15, 11	0, 11	14, 6	1, 7		1, 6			1, 11					2, 2	4, 4	;; ;		e,	0, 317
		sxooglsM	1	21,	7	0,1,	60	91,	00	91,	91,	71,	8 1,	00	61,	10,	10,	20,	20,	0 8	80	6.	11,	11 1,	1,1
	re on T	Rate per Ac	12	10, 14	30, 10,	20, 11		80, 11									4,00	- 100	90°	90	9	un, 12	70, 10,	10, 5,	1/0, 9,
[ato]	re on J	Rate per Ac	=		6 6		7,	6	ď,	φ,	တ်	ŗ,	•		œ́	4,									7.
ic of	evenue accour	Demand on Land R 1846-47.	10	1,34,3930,	77.0320	1,02,908	2,48,157	1,28,915	10,027,0	1,91,5030	1,35,5760	23,5770	30,621 0	87,6910	31,089.0	2,34,3690	42,5450	4,8770	2,32,1910,	39,6070	52,6060	2,24,9140	17,081 0	33,5950	9,05,273 20.83,275 0,
or unas-	railu.	Ватгеп.	6	23,276	14,605	24,103	79,435	22,993	4,232	72,105	37,594	14,454	18,921	52,040	23,260	1,45,147	41,902	27,801	1,33,100	14,409	37,926	70,037	12,535	34,615	9,05,273
Minahee or unas-	nasaa	Lakhiraj.	8	3,391	1,468	6,498	30,700	12,480	. 281	8,118	4,811	1,326	1,361		•	29,67					12,934				1,45,912
e or as-		.Sulturable.	7	45,435	39,792	50,530	1,65,405	53,910	15,470	1,10,059	82,082	11,041	21,956	91,519	8,946	3,48,989	92,793	54,169	2,11,006	21,033	00,820	00/00/	8,826	62,395	5,99,586
Malgoozaree or	nosese	Cultivated.	9	1,06,212	76,320	98,614	2,49,378	1,22,193	11,028	1,73,655	1,17,782	21,556	28,461				40,037	10,201	2047.432	010,10	08,540	610,01,2	16,162	27,913	0,50,982
`- '		19A ni B91A	5	1,78,314	1,32,185	1,79,745	5,24,918	2,11,611	31,011	3,63,937	2,42,899	48,377	70,699	1,96,198	60,167	7,89,402	1,87,0.32	92,402	3,92,338	00,00	0.20,07,1	0,04,0,0		1,30,956	5549.8 47,01,783 20,50,982 15,99,586 1,45,942
	8 lo seli	ps ni sərA m İsəidq əsə sərəA	4	210.4	156.0	212.1	9.619	249.7	36.6	229.5	7.907	1.70	4.5	251.5	C.1.5	931.7	7.027	0.60	1.660	100	7.705	1.674	.40.0	154:3	5549.8
		Yo rədmuM qidanwoT	3	897	029	916	1,841	724	117	1,679	1,098	774	401	1,243	7.7	1,301	200	2 9	1,282	007	405	1,441	507	313	15,714
Troop to	Pergunnahs	0	2	Amorha,	Nuggur,	Bustee,	Bansee,	Russoolpoor Ghase,	Benaikpoor West,	Mughur,	Mhowlee,	Вьожарага,	Anowla,	Dhooreeapoora,	Chilloopara,	Huveylee,	Lupoor,	Benaikpoor East,	Signos Joogna,	Shanjenampoor,	Sylbet	Saleympoor,	Bhowapara,	Huveylee,	Total,
	'JOLL'	181/1		` ~	-		=					91										_			_

- 104. Mr. H. C. Tucker, Collector of the Goruckpore district, furnished, under date the 15th March 1848, the following remarks on the preparation of the preceding table:—
- "The present census has been prepared very carefully, and I believe with tolerable accuracy, by the Tuhseeldars, assisted by the Canoongoes and Putwarrees. It has been made as much as possible from actual enumeration of houses and inhabitants.
- "A Report and verification statement was prepared by Mr. Simson.—That gentleman, with his usual active exactness, went himself to several villages, and counted the inhabitants. The result is creditable to the accuracy of the Tuhseeldaree Statements of Circles 1 and 3. Sickness prevented his extending his verification over all the other Pergunnahs of the western division of the district under his charge.
- "In the Eastern division Mr. R. Marriott made general enquiries, the result of which was satisfactory.
- "A house is universally taken to be all those messing together in common. So long as married children live and mess with the parents, the whole are considered one household. When they have separated, each separate household is counted as a house. The Tuhseeldars profess to have counted every individual. The results are therefore those of actual enumeration, and not of any system of averages. All such statements are more or less guess-work, but every care was taken to make the Tuhseeldars careful, and I believe the census now furnished is as correct as any thing of the kind can well be in this country.
- "The results agree very closely with my predecessor's census, his total being 2,386,831 persons, whilst the present enumera-

tion gives 2,375,514 persons. His agriculturists were 1,701,681, and non-agriculturists 685,150.

	Agriculturists.	Non-agriculturists.	Total
By the present census there are Hindoos,	1,778,504	331,239	2,109,743
Mahomedans,	198,858	66,913	265,771
Total	1,977,362	398,152	2,375,514

"The decreased number of non-agriculturists is probably caused by attention to Para. 15 of the Government orders, including as agriculturists "all persons who derive their subsistence in whole or in part from the land." Many now included as agriculturists were probably rated as non-agriculturists in the former census.

"The Putwarrees will in future annex a memorandum of births and deaths,—a Kharij Dakhil of Inhabitants,—to their annual papers."

- 105. Regarding the census of the city of Goruckpore, which was also submitted separately, the Collector remarked: "This has been most accurately prepared by the Chowkeedaree Tax Bukshee, assisted by paid Mohurrirs and the Chowkeedars who have put down every building and house, with the number of persons as nearly as they could be obtained by actual enumeration. This portion of the census I can rely upon as correct. It shows, which is the fact, a considerable increase in the city."
- 106. The Native Survey of the several Pergunnahs of the district was completed between the years 1830 and 38 A. D. and the Scientific Survey between 1835-38.
- 107. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district made from the vernacular Mouzawar returns forwarded by the Collector.

Number	contain	ing less tha	an 1000	Inhabita:	nts,	12,721
Ditto 1	more th	an 1000 an	d less t	han 5000	ditto	132
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	3*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	21
Ditto	ditto	50,000	••••			0
Total Inha	bited,			••••••		12,858
Total Unin	habited,	, 			• • • • • •	2,856
Total of the	e Dis tri	ct,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		15,714
* Bridgems	ın Jungul	in Pergunna	h Huvele	ee Goruckpo	re, 7217	Inhabits,
Roodurp	ore,		- Sylhet	,	5535	ditto.
						ditto.
† Jungul P	urowna,		- Sidhoa	Jobna,	13,008	ditto.
Goruckpo	re,		- Huzoo	r Tuhseel,	45,265	ditto.

log to each	orned to redmuN Sq. Geographic	2	949 652 2825 558 170 741 170 741 170 741 170 741 170 849 171 841 171
	T'otal.	23	1,71,948 653 121,382 558 11,64,841 70 18,843 112 18,303 143 8,703 50 17,382 73 11,11,066 641 11,11,066 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,11,068 641 11,1
on. Mahomedan nd others not	Non-Agricul- fural.	R	5,896 11,190 272 383 273 383 10,472 28,696 1126 1248 3,684 364 381 1,085 381 1,086 381
Mahomedan and others not Hindoo.	Agricultural.	21 .	5,896 273 10,773 11,246 3,817 3,817 11,102 11,465 11,102 11,465 11,102 11,465 11,102 11,465 11,102 11,465 11,664 1
ando	-lusirga-noN farut	8	1,14,978 39,879 5,896 11,190 1,71,943 632 11,828 538 98 832 577 10,472 22,859 16,841 70 18,871 12 8,073 4,075 10,472 22,859 16,841 70 1248 3,684 41,830 14,805 11,056 11,0
Hindoo.	Agricultural.	61	
lato'l' no	Hate per Acre Cultivation.	13	1.5.4.8.5.7.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5
[B10'T -nc	Rate per Acre.	22	で 4 元 で で で で で で 来 五 4 2 4 元 4 元 7 元 1 元 1 元 1 元 1 元 1 元 1 元 1 元 1 元 1
	Hate per Acre o	=	1.6.3.4.8.6.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9
	Demand on account let let let let let let let let let le	임	1,66,632
or un- land.	Barren.	6	55,501 9,729 1,03,254 11,2976 12,976 10,312 13,328
Minhaee or un- assessed land.	Lakhiraj.		4,395 4,201 2,111 2,111 1,471 1,471 1,120 5,803 2,987 1,390 1,390 1,390 1,390 1,390 1,390 1,390
	Culturable.	-	17,000 1,287 18,281 10,139 10,139 10,276 49,980 22,642 12,642 12,642 12,642 12,643 12,
Malgoozaree or assessed land.	Cultivated.	9	
	Area in Acres.	5	610 285.8 2.23.528 755 23.9 197.406 64 16.9 197.406 65 17.5 14.304 66 17.5 14.304 66 17.5 14.804 375 124.2 1,6.114 377 89.3 75.617 376 173.2 1,6.114 676 173.3 1,6.86 11.150 332.5 2.81,719 3801 87.3 1,6.86 11.150 332.5 2.81,719 3801 87.3 1,6.86 14.5 147.3 1,24.82 175 35.8 30.304 175 45.6 38,611 175 174 174 124,827
lapidgar dose seri.	A 2.748 lo səlim	4	283.2 283.2 283.2 283.0 16.6 25.6 26.6 27.7 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27
TO SABS	.sqidsnwo'l	100	
	Pergunnahs.	2	Sekunderpore. Bhudanan. Mahudaan. Mahudanah Mahudah Cherya Kote. Cherya Kuto. Cherya Kuto. Belhabaus, Ghozsee. Mahul, Nuthoopor, Mahul, Sugreed, Atrowa Tellenee, Konrea. Gopalpoor, Dergaon,

- 108. With the preceding table, Mr. J. Muir, the Collector of the Azimgurh district, submitted on the 27th May 1848, a vernacular report by the Serishtadar of his office, from which the following particulars are gathered.
- 109. The Scientific Survey was commenced in 1833 and brought to a close in 1836 A. D. The Columns 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 were filled up from the General Statement No. 4, and the population columns from a calculation based on an actual enumeration of the houses, distinguished into those of Hindoos aud Moosulmans, cultivators and non-cultivators, made by the Tuhseeldars aided by the Canoongoes, Putwarrees and Tuhseel Omlah.—To the number of houses thus obtained, the average population of 8 or 10 villages in each Pergunnah, ascertained by the Tuhseeldars by enumeration, was applied and the result taken as the total population. For the Pergunnahs of Secunderpore and Bhudaon however, the Tuhseeldar made an enumeration of persons, and the average per house for Pergunnah Sugree was found to be so far below that for the other Pergunnahs that it was set aside and the average rate of the district substituted for it, thus raising its population from 37,676 to 86,196.
- 110. The Population of Pergunnah Sugree was subsequently further raised to 1,11,056, Mr. Muir in a communication dated August 29th, 1848, having reported that a mistake had been detected in the former calculation.
- 111. No reliance can be placed on the accuracy of the census of this District. It must be considered only a rough approximation to the truth.
- 112. The following classification of the towns and villages in the district was furnished by the Collector:—

Number	of Mou	zas or town	ıs contaiı	ning less	han 1000	
Inhabi	tants,					4,845
Ditto 1	nore tha	an 1000 ar	nd less th	an 5000	ditto	172
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	6*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	. 0
Ditto	ditto	50,000 .				0
Total Inha	bited, .					5,023
Total Unin	habited	,	· • • • • • •			1,253
Total of th	ne Distr	ict,				6,276
* Mobarul	cpore, in	Pergunnah	Mahomeda	ıbad.		
Umlo,			Do.			
Kopagu	uj,		Do.			
Mhow,				•		
Doobare	.,		•			
Azimgu	h, —		Nizamaba	d.		

engos sagos	Number of pers Sech Square G phical mile,	24	906 634 638 175 547 776 776 834 834 836 690 710 710 710 607 615 607
-		1	32,710 38,788 38,288 38,288 4,486 4,486 11,7,721 12,850 12,850 14,588 11,53,875 11,53,875 11,53,875 11,67 11,67 11,67 11,67 11,67
nedan	Non-Agri- Selfural.	83	1,137 1,534 350 350 350 14,030 829 997 11,433 2,160 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,452 1,453 1,452 1,522 1,
Mahon	Agricultural.	12	25.708 25.508 25.508 25.508 25.508 25.508 25.508 25.708 27.1069 1,069 1,069 1,777 1,177 1,177 1,177 1,177 1,177 1,177 1,178 1,
Po	cultural.	8	4,148 9,454 1,786 6,679 6,679 20,989 1,408 1,666 11,666 11,648 10,432 10
Peili	-[BrultusirgA	101	26,888 28,888 3,886 3,886 3,122 20,312 11,200 10,503 10,50
[atoT :	Rate per Acre on Cultivation.	13	2,8,2,0,7,1,0,1,0,0,7,5,7,5,7,2,0,0 0,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,0,7,5,7,5,7,0,0,0
[sto'T t	Rate per Acre on Malgooraree.	12	
IsioT r	Rate per Acre on Area.	=	$\frac{\alpha}{8}$ $\frac{\alpha}$
-9481 1	land Revenue fo	01	46.270 46.
e or un-	Barren.		8,307 46,270 10,505 10,706 10,
Minhae	Lakhiraj.	8	0.000 0.000
ree or land.	.əldarutlu	7	855 1,174 1,174 1,518 1,640 1,040 1,040 1,086 1,186 1,284 1,186 1,
Malgooza assessed	Cultivated.	9	21,315 21,315 21,348 21,344 113,244 1489 1489 149,181 13,380 13,380 16,882 16,8
	Атев іп Астев.	2	30 627 53,383 51,383 51,775 75,063 88,058 88
-81209 2.748	Area in Square Of phical iniles of Acres each.	4	28.00 28.00 28.00 10
	Townships.	1 8	22 1153 1153 1153 1153 1153 1153 1153 11
	Pergunnahs.	2	Bealsee, Bursuttee, Chundah, Ghisooah, Gopalapoor, Gouyalapoor, Gouyalapoor, Muryat Mendha, Kuryat Mendha, Muryato Moongra, Moongra, Moongra, Moongra, Mouryanoo, Moungra, Muryahoo, Moungra, Muryahoo, Muryah
	Malgoozaree of Minhaee or un cooperate of Minhaee of un cooperate of Minhaee of un cooperate of	Mumber of Mouzaba or Townships. Townships. Area in Square Geogra-phical miles of 847.2 Area in Acres each. Culturable. Culturable. Cultural. Rate per Acre on Total state per Acre on Total state. Cultural. Rate per Acre on Total state. Cultural. Mannedan. Agricultural. Agricultural. Agricultural. Agricultural. Mon-Agri-cultural. Agricultural. Agricultural. Agricultural. Mon-Agri-cultural. Agricultural. Agricultural. Mon-Agri-cultural. Agricultural. Agricultural. Agricultural. Mon-Agri-cultural. Agricultural. Mon-Agri-cultural. Agricultural.	Malgozzare describes or Townships. A rese in Square Geogra- A rese in Square Geogra- A rese in Square Geogra- A rese in Acres each. Cultivated Cultivated Demand on account of Barren. Demand on account of Barren. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Cultivation. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Cultivation. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Cultivation. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue and Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846. Malgozzare or Total land Revenue for 1846.

112. Mr. M. C. Ommanney, Collector of Jounpore, furnished his statistical tables with the annexed remarks on the 15th July 1848.

"The district was professionally surveyed in 1839. The Native Khusreh Survey was carried on simultaneously and well tested by the Surveyor and his Assistants.

"The Tuhseeldar of Jounpore has drawn out his returns from an enumeration of the number of persons in each house. The agency employed was the Canoongoes (aided by Putwarrees and village police) who have made a careful detail for each village. The census for the town has been obtained through the Chowkeedars and principal people of each Mohulla,—and by the aid of the town Bukshee. The population of the town thus ascertained is 16,171 souls.

"The Mulhnee Tuhseeldar has strictly followed the directions in the circular, ascertaining the number of houses,—and calculating the population from the average given by the actual result of counting a certain number of families of different classes.

"After completing the Mouzawar Statement the test of actual enumeration was applied to three of the largest places in his Pergunnah, viz. Shahgunj, Buragaon and Putela. The difference in result was extremely trifling and therefore reliance may be placed on his returns.

"The returns of Kurakut and Ghissooah have been compiled in the same manner, and similarly tested. And the result has been equally satisfactory.

"A house has been assumed by all the Tuhseeldars to be all of one family, eating together and residing within the same enclosure, or "Bukhree, or Bakher." 113. The following is a classification of the towns and villages, drawn from the vernacular Mouzawar returns submitted by the Collector:—

Number	contain	ing less th	an 1000	Inhabitan	its,	2,843
Ditto	more th	an 1000 ai	nd less th	an 5000	ditto	93
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	1*
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	1†
Ditto	ditto	50,000	· • • • • • •			0
Total Inhal	bited, .		•••••			2,938
Total Unin	habited	,			• • • • • •	493
Total of th	e Distr	ict,	• • • • • •			3,431
* Ghissoos	, in Perg	gunnah Ghis	sooa,		8,868 In	habitants.
+ Jounnor	e	Joun	pore,		16,177	ditto.

VIV

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population of the District of Mirzapoor.

03 -81	800819 809D 8	T to redmuM Praup& doas elice feride	ಷ	88 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2
		,faioT	ĸ	15,638 29,547 1,60,891 1,60,891 1,69,685 1,69,065 2,958 1,59,065 1,59,065 2,519 1,984 1,988 1,988 1,988
	nedan ers not loo.	-irgA-noM -isruilus	22	220 220 220 220 220 220 220 220 220 220
Population	Mahamedan and others no Hindoo.	Agricultural.	21	251 251 250 250 250 250 771 1,940 915 915 915 1,243 1,243 1,243 1,243 1,113 1,113 1,113
Po	Hindoo.	Non-Agri-	02	6,345 8,999 76 12,12,005 12,10,245 8,205 12,200 12,245 8,205 12,200 12,245 8,205 12,200 12,245 8,205 12,200 12,245 8,205 12,245
	Hip	Agricultural.	19	
181	o1 110 (Rate per Acre Cultivation.	13	ටූ ලු යු ලු ළු දැ. ලු ලු , ලු ටූ දැ. ට සු ට ල ට දැ. ලු ලු දැ. ලු ලු ලු ටූ දැ.
-			<u> </u> 	1
[83	ot no e	Rate per Acr este per Acr estes	12	808 688 748 877 0
181	ot ao a	Rate per Acr	=	\(\alpha \cdot \) \(\alpha \
-			<u>!</u>	1 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
10 10	anna anna	Demand on ac Land Revi	9	2,825 2,635 10,980 1,830 1,14,071 2,53 1,74,1,071 1,612 2,947 2,947 2,947 2,947 2,511 2,51
-	e or undiginal	Ваттеп.	6	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2
	Minhaee assessed	Lakhiraj.	80	293 293 323 3,555 2,173 2,173 3,50 13,766 2,529 1,705 1,346 888 1,734 3
-		Culturable.	7	15,677 4,178 8,886 4,695 4,695 1,189 2,480 17,983 17,983 17,983 17,995 1
	Malgoozaree or assessed land.	Cultivated.	9	26,072 10,446 10,446 28,163 1,07,934 10,1934 22,108 22,092 12,590 12,590 12,590 12,590 12,590 13,103 13,114 18,118 18,118 18,118 18,118 18,18 18
		esto A ni get A	5	116 470.0 3,98 184 415 280.6 2,77,721 110 100.6 85,27 110 100.6 85,27 111 100.6 85,27 112 100.1 2,66,00 113 14.2 96,767 114 2 96,767 115 130.7 1,10,699 116 130.7 1,10,699 117 130.7 1,10,699 118 130.7 1,10,699 119 130.7 1,10,699 110 130.7 1,10,699 110 130.7 1,10,699 111 130.7 1,10,699 112 130.7 1,10,699 113 130.7 1,10,699 114 13 14,20,10,009 115 130.7 1,10,699 116 130.7 1,10,699 117 130.7 1,10,699 118 130.7 1,10,699 119 130.7 1,10,699
2.	0f 847	Areain Square phical miles Acres each.	-	470.0 56.2 352.0 280.6 65.8 65.8 350.1 350.1 114.2 245.0 114.2 247.2 441.1 130.7 357.5 82.4 865.7
_		Number of Most Symples of Most Symples of Most	8	116 80 1,165 1,165 110 110 112 112 112 112 113 113 1145 115 116 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118
		Pergunnahs.	2	A Horee, A hrowrah, Bilgy Gurh, Bilgy Gurh, Bludeee, Blugwut, Bludeee, Churassee, Churas
1	et.	Distri	~	Mirapoor

114. The above is a revised table submitted under date the 23rd May, 1848, by Mr. W. Money, the Collector of the Mirzapore district. Some doubt was entertained as to the accuracy of the area columns, and a reference on the subject was made to Captain Thuillier, Officiating Deputy Surveyor General. The following comparative table, with the remarks of the Collector thereupon, dated 28th June 1848, will suffice to explain the nature and extent of the discrepancies observable:

	Ge	Area in	Collect	or's States	nent, date	d 23rd M	ay, 1848.
<				In A	Acres.		
Pergunnahs.	Dy. Surveyor	As per C	General ment	Settlemer No. IV.	nt State-	Jungles by mea- of dis-	
	Area in Dy neral's Sta	Malgooza- ry land.	Lakhiraj.	Barren.	Total.	Hills and J assumed b surement trict map.	Total.
Agoree, Ahrowrah, Bhigy Ghur, Bhudoee, Bhugwot, Bhoelee, Burhur, Chunar, (Chyanvee, Kone, Oproudh, Suktasghur, Kerral Mungrore)	4,42,464 51,059% 2,83,264 2,54,080 85,132 55,562½ 2,85,890 2,15,288% 99,648 21,398 3,72,158 1,10,690%	79,817 1,59,387 34,304 44,401 2,00,352 24,483 1,13,548 69,375 19,090 2,19,913	293 323 3,555 713 2,178 350 620 13,766 2,529 705 1,336 366	32,695 40,026 74,830 50,253 9,174 95,947 4 697 80,328 24,863 1,612 1,49,027 66,400	47,612 1,20,166 2,37,772 85,270 55,753 2,96,649 29,800 2,07,642 96,767 21,407 3,70,276 1,10,699	1,78,048	47,612 2,98,214 2,37,772 85,270 55,753 2,96,649 29,800 2,07,642 96,767 21,407 3,73,760 1,10,699
and Nowgurh, \ Kureat, Seekhur, Mujhwa,	29,177 27,501	20,189 19,730	888 1,734	6,327 6,019	27,404 27,483	••	27,404 27,483
Total,	6,89,648	63,285 12,42,842		6,90,513	63,762 19,71,996		

"The Revenue Surveyor's measurements were adopted where these were full and complete, from the General Settlement Statements No. IV., but in the case of the Jungle Pergunnahs, where the productive portion only came under Khusreh measurement, and the great extent of hill and jungle were omitted

in the Surveyor's returns, the area was estimated in the Zillah Map.

"In the cases of the Pergunnahs noted in the margin,* the estimate of the Officiating Deputy Surveyor Ge-* Bhugwot, neral, corresponds with the office tables. In the Bhoelee. cases of the other Pergunnahs, where the return Kone, Suktaisghur, of this office was taken from the Surveyor's esti-Mujhwa. mate as given in the General Statement of the Settlement Officer, there are several discrepancies, which as in the case of Chunar, affect the population Statement considerably. The returns formed in the office + Ahrowrah. Burhur. based on the actual measurement of the Sur-Chunar. veyor, may be considered more accurate, and Chowrasee, Cheanavy, I think they should be retained. The Pergun-See-Kureeat

"The case of Bhudoee requires separate remark. A large deduction has been made in consequence of the great decre-

nahs alluded to are given in the margin.+

The Area given by the Canoongoe on the 23rd May last, according to the revision matle by Mr. Alex. Wyatt Deputy, Collector, 237,772

khur.

Difference, 5,479

ment caused by the river Ganges cutting away its banks, and the lands on the banks of Nullahs have been carried away. The deduction was made by Mr. Alexander Wy-

att, formerly of Captain Wroughton's Survey, in 1843, after local investigation.

"In the case of the aforementioned Pergunnahs, the areas were calculated from the estimated Acres given in the Surveyor's village Plans, and ascertained in the Settlement Office. As regards these, the return is correct, and should be retained, in preference to the Officiating Deputy Surveyor's tables.

"In the case of the Jungle Pergunnahs noted in the mar-

		Area in Officiating	Deputy Survey- or General's state- ment.	In Return	~	Decrease.	Increase.
			Brit	sh	Stati	ie mil	es,
1	Agoree,	-	6913	(622	,,	961
2	Bijevgurh,		442		466	"31 231	,,
3	Oproudh,	l	581£		584	$2\frac{1}{2}$,,
5	Kerrah Mungrore and	İ	467	1	473	5½	,,
2 3 4 5 6	Singrowlee,		1,077	l ·	1,146	68½	,,

gin, it was necessary to calculate the rocky portion omitted in the Office Statements as before explained. The estimated areas of Nos. 3 and 4 in the return, and those of

Captain Thuillier, so nearly correspond, that no alteration will be required; the one is as nearly correct as the other. The great discrepancies in the areas of Bijeygurh, Agoree, and Singrowlee, require some observations.

"I have referred to Mr. Roberts, by whose assistance the areas of these three Pergunnahs were estimated. That officer, whilst considering that the area of Agoree may have been underrated in the return thinks, that the area of the Officiating Deputy Surveyor is too high, and suggests that Captain Thuillier, in his estimate has reckoned the Kaimoor Hills of Burhur and Bijeygurh, in Agoree Pergunnah, and thinks, if this be allowed, that the areas of Agoree and Bijeygurh, as given in the return of 23rd May, may be received as not inaccurate, and with regard to Singrowlee his opinion is, that its extent is fully 1,100 square British miles and probably more, and that Captain Thuillier's estimate is too little.

"I certainly think there is some force in Mr. Robert's suggestion, for as regards Burhur, the area in Captain Thuillier's

Area of Burhur as per Revenue Surveyor's village plans.	Area according to Offi- ciating Deputy Sur- veyor's Table.	
2,96,649	2,85,890	10,759

Table is certainly less than that of the Revenue Surveyor's as given in the return, by 163 miles, and of the accuracy of the latter

Statement, being from actual measurement, there can be no doubt. It is therefore more than probable that Bijeygurh has been underrated."

"In conclusion, I am of opinion that the figures in the return of the 23rd May are correct, and should be retained in preference to those of the Officiating Deputy Surveyor, in all Pergunnahs except three, Bijeygurh, Agoree, and Singrowlee, about which alone there can be any question as to the accuracy of the return; yet for the reasons already given, I do not think there is any error in the return of sufficient magnitude to cause any alteration. In Singrowlee alone, there may be some modification, viz. 1100 square British miles."

115. On the revision of the population entries, Mr. Money stated as follows, in his letter of the 23rd May, 1848:—

"The returns of Kera Mungrore, comprising Talooka Now-gurh, and of Pergunnah Bhudoee, in the domains of the Rajah of Benares, were obtained through the officers of those Pergunnahs, there being no records in the Collectorate relating to this portion of the district. With reference to Kera Mungrore, the Superintendent, Major Stewart, (through whom the statement of Kera Mungrore was received) writes that 'the present statement comprises all classes, with their wives and children, prepared by the Canoongoe, under the supervision of an officer appointed by me.' Major Stewart adds,—'it is nearly as correct as can be obtained.'

"The same remark applies to Bhudoee, where a special officer was sent to ensure an accurate preparation of the statement.

"The present returns were compiled by Putwarrees, containing the name of each householder, and the number of adults, and the number of children; ordinarily all females below the age of 10 or 12, being reckoned as children by the people, and

males up to the age of 14. As the name of each householder has been given by the Putwarree, the return may be, if inaccurate, below the actual amount of population, as there may be a probability of the Putwarree omitting to give the name of an householder, but no likelihood of his inserting the name of one who was not a resident.

"The Pergunnahs of the valley of the Ganges will be observed to be very densely populated when compared with most populous European regions; a comparison with the returns of the adjacent Pergunnahs similarly situated in other districts will show whether they are to be considered as exaggerated or otherwise. I believe them to be not inaccurate. A portion of Ahrowrah is situated in the plains, but part in the hills; the remaining Pergunnahs are entirely in the hills; a portion of Bijeygurh, and all Agoree and Singrowlee are very rocky, and for the most part sterile. The exceedingly scanty population is easily accounted for.

"The chief difference between the former statements, and that now transmitted, consists in the amount of population of the Pergunnahs of Burhur, Bijeygurh, Agoree and Singrowlee, in the Tuhseeldaree of Shah Gunge, and of Kera Mungrore, in the domains of the Rajah of Benares. The inaccuracy of the statement of the former was discovered by a comparison with a statement of population contained in certain revised Khuteeonees prepared under the eye of Mr. Roberts in 1847. It was found that the number of householders only was given, but not the number of adults, and even the number of householders underrated. A form similar to that used by Mr. Roberts, was sent out to be filled up by the Putwarrees, many of whom had been trained to the work of preparation by Mr. Roberts. A similar form was sent to the Rajah's officers. Mr. Roberts has inspected the revised returns, and regards them as accurate, and trustworthy. A greater portion of the census of Singrowlee had this year been drawn up by Ameens under Mr.

Robert's superintendance, and that officer is of opinfon that the Putwarrees' returns of the amount of the remaining villages is to be relied on as being as near an approximation to exactness as can be obtained, with the exception of the villages noted in

*Buhmunee, Churchuree. Jhahur, Jugvahee, Kusaree.

These are at present in the octhe margin.* cupation of the Rajah of Surgooja, and the accuracy of the returns is not certified. There is a dispute as to which Pergunnah they belong to, although included in this district in the documents

prepared at the revision of settlement in 1843,"

116. The following is a classification of the towns and villages in the district, made from the vernacular Mouzawar returns received from the Collector:

Ditto		ing less th an 1000 ar			ditto .	62
Ditto	ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	0
Ditto	ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	1*
Ditto	ditto	50,000			•	1+
Total Inha	bited,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			3762
Total Unin	habited	,	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	1522
Total of th	e Distri	ct,			······	5284
	· n	nnah Chunai			11,058 Inh	- h:44 -

District.

738 graphical mile. 34,621 987 made by estimate upon 77 each Square Geo-Aumber of persons to 1,83,491 23,257 15,881 115,881 12,404 57,520 57,520 86,331 6,835 6,835 6,835 17,510 8,605 116,087 17,510 8,605 5,49,842 7,41,426 ន Lotal. 35,911 1,770 59,714 Mahomedan and others not Hindoo. 361 1,609 1,609 2,231 2,677 22,033 luoirgA .laru! 252 085 217 ដ -uoN Population. 498 5,662 5,164 The distribution being tural. 21 -inougy 6,323 3,20,024 2,264 4,153 12,695 10,870 12,502 21,879 207 1,22,494 7,283 7,724 7,806 9,281 16,916 8,265 9,766 15,184 1,705 10,465 5,491 of Benares. tural. ೪ 1.91 -Inon's Hindoo. -uoN 6 1, 14, 10 3,56,026 12,864 37,682 17,696 40,320 21,507 12 411 5,030 14,610 13,998 11,457 5,402 5,402 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,210 11,960 24,588 3,31,438 tural. 6 Inomg A Area and Population of the District No. r. - The Consusting grant and in the ory; disting, and Contouring to the Anthon Mark of by Mr. Princes between the years 1824-1827, 400-0400 Rate per Acre on Total Cultivation. 14, 13, 18,1,1,1 5 2= ဖြစ်လ .991 ٣,٠,٠,4,₹,₹,=,Ō,O,ॲ,Ō,O,Þ,Ď,Ŧ,Ŧ,Þ, 12, 9-1, 12, Rate per Acre on Land land f 23 92 102, Ξ Š, Total Area. 1, တွင်္ကေတာ့တိုက်မှာ မြို့တိုင်္ကေတာ့ကြိုင်္ကေတာ့ 5 Rute per Aere on 31,0300, 1 42,6151, 29,3631, 20,7121, 1 23,9551, 39,7010, 1 24,6401, 1,27,1201, 44,2561, 83,8201, 47,3011, 99,8401, 41,7881, 8,544 1, 31,030 0, 751.2 6,36,452 4,48,439 86,614 13,780 1,37,619 8,64,639 1, 54,839 1 8,64,639 Dennand on account to Land Revenue for 1846-47. 2 1,095 5,116 2,342 10,596 75 4,798 7,152 5,853 5,355 20,296 23 80 8,558 15,664 5,383 13,795 1,35,073 ઠ્ઠ 5,066 2,937 3,067 8,163 965 or 6 Ваттеп Minhaee o 13,776 : : Lakhiraj. æ Statistical Return of Land Revenue, 635 250 250 1,228 2 325 900 2,3°5 1,323 3,781 7 016 33,922 2,588 33 53 ,157 þ Malgoozaree or assessed land. Culturable. 20,099 15,120 4,995 28,109 22,690 18,962 7,639 14,868 37,721 59,001 11,500 18,124 88.8 4,46,864 6 837 9 Cultivated. G 503 1,149 262 13,317 15,125 27,587 27,987 65,897 895 013 856 6,30,635 398 **†**19 48,599 S Area in Acres. હેશું 15.7 17.8 32.5 65.0 35.3 8.0 25.5 2.5.5 2.5.5 1,3 مۇنىن -ooO . p2 m s91A graphical miles of sqraps Acres ach. 74.1 35.5 89.2 4 Grand Total,.... 2095 2032 or Town-hips. 31 31 31 32 34 38 38 129 17 12 31 3 က Massolf Nousans nut included likewise in the city and not subject to a fresh census; Station and Canton-and Insane Hospital, sepameasured by the surveying officer. Ditto ditto of Pergunnah Lohta,.. including Total, Pergunnahs. Kaswar Rajah Saheb, Mahooare, Kattehar, Dehat Amanut,.. haswar Sirkar, .. Benares Sultanpore, Č. ment, Jail Athganwan, andraha, Kole Asla, Barhwul, Majhwar, ohta,... **հ**ոլհարա**ւ**, Sheopur, Nurwan, realhupu Barreh, City of Mowai. Dhoos, 3 Ditto

117. Mr. D. F. MacLeod, the Collector of the district, furnished the following observations and particulars regarding the preparation of the above table, under date the 13th May, 1848.

"The entries in the columns showing the area Nos. 3 to 9 have been obtained from the Survey returns. They include all rent-free Mouzas or lands, Istumrari estates, Toufir lands, villages transferred from other districts, &c. in short, all that constitutes the present area of this district, the character of which, (its entire extent being level, open and densely peopled,) precludes the existence of some of the causes of error or discrepancy pointed out in Paragraph 4 of the Circular letter of 22nd October 1846. So that I trust no error of consequence can exist, in so far as those returns themselves are entitled to confidence, as they doubtless are.

"It may be well here to observe that the areas entered in the accompanying statements, do not include the space covered by the Ganges and other rivers.

"The year of Survey from which these returns have been taken was 1840. As respects the entire area of each village, it was effected by the European scientific method—but as regards the details of "cultivated," "culturable," &c. these were ascertained by the native Khusrah method. The aggregate furnished by this process would necessarily differ more or less in all cases, from that obtained by scientific survey, and accordingly a redistribution of the several classes has been made according to the proportions shown by the Khusrah, but agreeing in the aggregate with the area shown by the professional Survey."

"The entries in the Columns showing the population, 19 to 24, have been obtained as regards all, save the city, station and Cantonments, by a census newly taken in the present year. Having ascertained that there were strong grounds for considering the population returns shown by the Surveyor's records to

be undeserving of confidence, I determined on the receipt of the Circular letter of the 15th November 1847, to have a new one made in detail. Printed blank forms were accordingly furnished to every Putwarree in the district through the Tuhseeldars and Canoongoes, which they were required to fill in and return to me through the latter."

"The Canoongoes of the several Pergunnahs were specially deputed by me to superintend the work while in progress, and strictly warned that they would be held responsible in the event of material errors being discovered in the returns when furnished. After all had been given in, a few were selected in each Pergunnah by the Tuhseeldars to be again tested by the Canoongoes in detail, and they were directed to use every precaution themselves to ascertain that every care had been taken to ensure correctness. Finally the countersignature of the Canoongo and Tuhseeldar was affixed to each return, previous to transmission to the Collector.

"Although the paragraphs of the Circular letter of the 22nd October 1846, from 16 to 20th, appear to encourage an estimate of population from the number of families or houses, rather than an actual enumeration of the people, yet from the following paragraphs, especially para. 28, it may be gathered that the latter if procurable, would not be unacceptable. I found also on making preliminary enquiries, that it would be exceedingly difficult to carry out the method proposed in para. 20, and was apprehensive that if any discretionary permission to generalize were given to our subordinates the results would not be trustworthy.

"I determined therefore on requiring a full detail—exhibiting the distribution of males and females, children and adults, of the village; and as the caste and occupation of every individual was entered opposite to his name, an abstract showing the distribution of agriculture and non-agriculture, Mahomedan, and Hindoo was without difficulty subjoined after completion of the returns—the injunctions conveyed in the 15th para, of the

Circular being strictly observed. Such returns it appeared to me, would afford moreover the best possible basis on which hereafter to found a permanent record of the state of population by means of the yearly Putwarree's papers as suggested in the 28th para. of the Circular.

returns have been prepared. As regards the facts exhibited by them, there certainly appears on examination to be much of a startling character especially as respects the density of the population, which far exceeds what I could have supposed possible. In all Pergunnahs the present returns will be found largely to exceed those of the settlement officer, in some instances being even double of them, yet, from the manner in which they have been taken, the full details given in, furnishing a ready means for detection of error hereafter,—and the repeated and earnest assurances as to their correctness given to me by all the parties under whose immediate superintendance they have been prepared, I cannot believe that there is any essential error.

"The Government, with the returns of other districts before them, will doubtless be best able to judge whether the ratio of population here shown is or is not extravagantly in excess of that of similar tracts adjoining. But having obtained access to those of Mirzapore, I am in some degree fortified in my opinion of the correctness of these returns, by finding that the census of Mujhwa and Tappa Kôn of that district exhibits even a higher ratio; and that of Kariat Sikhar but little less than that of Gungapore of this district immediately adjoining them;—that of Bhuili of Mirzapore in like manner, considerably higher than the Benares Pergunnah of Mujhwar adjoining it, while that of Chunar affords a ratio but little short of the highest shown in this district.

"A further ground, however limited, for confidence in these returns is, that in respect to such portions of the population,

as were included in Mr. James Prinsep's Census, and have

Names of Villages.	Present Census.	Mr. Prinsep's Census.
Orderly Bazar, Sikrol, Duthore, Chamroti and Hogulgunj, Khajuri, Gujadhurpur and Paharpore, Sheopore, Grant Bazar and Indpore,	1,058 2,329 2,461 2,424	1,076 2,585 2,099 2,977
Total	8,272	8,737

now again been numbered, the present census falls even short of that formerly made,—as appears from the table given in the margin,—and this too in the immediate vicinity of the Civil Station and Cantonments of Sikrol, where it might have been supposed that since that period the population had increased.

"The number of persons per household, as shown by these returns, is larger than would appear to be usual in other countries, or in other parts of this country, but a large portion of the houses entered consist of Chouks, containing more than one male member of a family and his household; while Mr. Prinsep's census gives 6 as the average per Chouk, whether in the city or in the rural outskirts, 7 per pukka house and $4\frac{1}{2}$ per kucha house.

"The number of females too, it will be observed, falls short of that of males, but the same was the case in Mr. Prinsep's census, as respects the population both of the city and suburbs, as will be perceived from the accompanying statement, though in the city the number of adult females was somewhat in excess of the adult males. The ratio of adults to children was as 4 to 1 in the city and $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 in the suburbs by Mr. Prinsep's census, but it seems unnecessary to extend the comparison to these, as the line of demarcation between the two classes must ever remain so ill-defined and indefinite as to render any satisfactory conclusion almost unattainable.

"It will be observed as remarked above that the present census shows an extraordinary increase beyond that of the settlement officer. But an inspection of his returns indisputably establishes the fact that they were but general estimates, roughly deduced it is said by the Amins from enquiries made from the Putwarree and village Choukeedar, and this with no great care, as, in not a few instance, villages having a considerable population have absolutely been entered blank, or nearly so. This remarkable discrepancy, in fact, paradoxical as this may appear, tends in my opinion rather to establish the good faith with which the present enumeration has been made, than the reverse. For, as the survey returns were accessible to our officers, had there been any inclination on their part to assume or falsify results, they would unquestionably have made them approximate more nearly to that standard.

"I have annexed to this a separate English Statement embodying the chief details elicited by the present enumeration in which I have arranged the several Pergunnahs in the order of the density of their respective populations, and if the map of the Benares district be examined it will be found that this order is precisely that which might have been looked for. For all the Pergunnahs on the opposite bank of the river are shown to be the least densely peopled, with the exception of Ralhupur of which nearly half the population is comprised in the large town of Ramnuggur, in which the Raja resides, while on both sides of the river all decrease in density as they recede farther from the city of Benares, with the partial exception of Pandraha and Kol Asla, -which, owing to the large extent of sugar cultivation, are notoriously the richest Pergunnahs in the district. This fact also in my opinion, strongly corroborates the general truthfulness of these returns.

"I have deemed it incumbent upon me thus to enter into details seeing that the results of these returns are in some respects so startling, and I cannot but regret that owing to the lateness of the period at which they were obtained, I have been unable myself to verify them personally as I could have wished

to do. I can however but repeat my conviction, from the various circumstances dwelt upon in the foregoing paragraphs, but especially from the minuteness of details recorded, the similarity of general results obtained by different parties acting quite independently, the constant and anxious injunctions issued throughout the operations to all those employed, and the absence of all motive for falsification, that no very material errors can exist in them. I am happy to be able to add that throughout the operations not a single objection has been offered to the enquiry by any party, save on the part of the Rajah's Officers who at first showed some objection to an enumeration of the persons residing within his fort, but ultimately withdrew them:

"All the above remarks it will be understood have reference only to the village returns. Of the city, station and cantonments, I have not attempted to make a fresh census,—the population of the latter being very fluctuating and the former having occupied Mr. Prinsep, who had great means at command, and devoted much personal application to it, upwards of 2 years in its preparation. It is in truth a work so laborious, and requiring so much care and caution that it would have been quite impossible for me to have completed it in time for the present report, and I have accordingly contented myself, as regards these, by making the entries from the census of Mr. Prinsep.

"That census was made between the years 1824 and 1827, and was made with so much care and tested in so many ways, that it can hardly be doubted to have been at that time very correct. Since then it is probable that the city has somewhat increased upon the whole, but I am not altogether satisfied on this point, and at all events the increase cannot have been anything very considerable. The resident population alone is represented in it, the large masses visiting on pilgrimage or for very temporary residence, being entirely omitted."

		Remarks.	. 15	1,156 94.5 5.29 This includes Sekrol, orderly Bazar, &c.	This includes Ramnaggar, having a po-	Ę,	بيّر.	•			•		These Pergunnahs, together with	hupur, are all situated across th	those on this side of that river.			Increase of the ery bee green state of Mr. Prinsep taken in 1824-7.A. D. Th small increase shown is derived from the Jail. The distribution is by estimate of the front date furnished by Mr.	,
per	guo	Number of pers	7	5.29	6.32	6.25	6.61		5.67	6.53	69.9	5.63	0. 4 0. 8	5.71	6.32	5.16	5.88	6.19	5.96
001	o3 86	Number of females.	13	2.5	94.0	90.5	85.0 82.8			85.0	89.0	90.0		88.3	86.0		87.5	95.2	89.5
.p2	a ber	Number of person mile.	12	1,156	1,090	1,081	925	864	787	787	689	656	620	589	620	393	738	27,903	28.641
	•1	Number of houses	=	5,461	3,706	3,602	4,898	12,846	4,653	9,395	3,934	2,858	1,401	5,875	4,134	6,094	93,425	30,920 27,903	1.24.345 28.641
		Total.	2	14,037	11,379	8,943	14,864 26,015	35,570	12,152	28,184	10,572	7,630	10.434	15,781	12,094	15,105	2,56,807	93,452	3.50,259
نہ	n. Female.	Under 12 years.	6	4,291	3,459	2,239	4,580	10,641	3,654	8,829	3,326	2,454	3,118	4,798	3,645	4,599	77,688	16,248	93.936
Population	P	Above 12 years.	œ	9,746	7,920	6,176	10,284	24,929	8,498	19,295	7,246	5,176	7.316	10,983	5 803	10,506	1,79,119	77,204 16,248	2.56.323
Distribution of Population		Total.	-	14,858	12,071	9,871	17,503	41,673	14,229	33,193	11,834	8,457	11.590	17,787	14,052	16,350	2,93,035	98,132	
Distr	Male.	Under 14 years.	9	5,352	4,437	3,733	6,277	14,673	6,211	12,167	4,369	3,121	4,256		3,242	9	1,06,731	23,735	2.60.701 1.30.466 3.91.167
		Above 14 years.	2	9,506	7,634	6,138 5,303	11,226	27,000	8,018	21,026	7,465	5,336	7,334		8,810	•	1,86,304	74,397	
-əad	Number of persons by pre- sent return.		-	28,895	23,450	{ 18,814 15,881	32.367			\$ 61,377	~	_	22.024		26,146	31,455	5,49,842	1,91,479 1,91,584	7.41,426
-nə/ .190	aby C	Number of persons readtlemer	8	20,189	16,994	} 27,046	16,159	50,162	22,764	\$ 46,413	12,996	8,967	14.391	26,117	16,855	21,469	3,73,630	1,91,479	5,65,109
.pS	Area in Geographical Sq. miles of 847.2 Acres.		8	244	213	184	354	\$94	33	17	323	243	354	574	493	79	748	} } }	7554
		Names of Pergunals.	-	Sheopur,	Ralhupur,	Lohta,	Pandraha, Kolasla.	Kuswar Raja,	Athgawan, Kasi,	Katchar,	Jalhupur,	Mahwari,	Barreh.	Majhwar,	Barbwal,	Narwan,	Total,	City Cantonments and Civil Station,	Grand Total 7554

119. The following classification of the towns and villages in the district has been obtained from the vernacular Mouzawar returns forwarded by the Collector:—

Numbe	er contain	ing less tha	in 1000 l	[nhabitar	nts,	1818
Ditt	o more th	an 1000 an	d less th	an 5000	ditto	67
Ditt	o ditto	5000	ditto	10,000	ditto	2*
Ditt	o ditto	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	0
Ditt	o ditto	50,000	ditto		ditto	1†
Total Inh	abited, .					1888
	-	,				176

The population of the City and Cantonment was not entered in the Vernacular returns, but has been taken from the Table prefixed to this notice.

† To make this coincide with the Table, 28 Muhals of the Dehat Amanut and 3 of Pergunnah Lohta, included in the census of the city, must be added.

XXXI.

Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population of the District of Ghazeepore.

-#3 03	geor score	ot bet	to redmin/l	2	3	3	3		Ç					٠.								1	2	
			Ţotal.	23	28,405	1,00,131	2,908	010,74	98 068	17.248	59.149					٦,					-	2001	82,320 10,59,287	
	nedan ers not	100	Mon-Agri- cultural.	22	~	•	821	7 :	= -	•	w.	2,681	1.556	7,031	2,093	9,567	1.656	3,199	3.816	0.430	11 563	3061	82,320	
ation.	Mahomedan	Hindoo,	Agricultu- ral.	21		C)	268	•	-		_	1.377	•		1.627	ന		_		_	7 2 3	~ I	31,548	
Population			Non-Agri- cutural.	20			1,847															\$0,40	2,71,676	
	Hindoo		Agricultu- ral.	19			4,972															02,013	6,73,743	
late)	T a		Rate per Ac	13	1:	13,	1, 3, 2	oj.	~;	, i	- ·		î-	;	ĵo	,=	::		į	ŝ	2		51, 9, 9	
			Rate per Ac	12	13, 18	12,0	1, 31,	, .	14, 9	5 i	11,	,	, ,	10,			7, 1,	, ,	,	, .	4.	, ,	6, 5	
			<u> </u>	13	5			61,				-	-			· -	_					=		
[BJ	Rate per Acre on Total				1		0, 14,		_=.										ŝ,	j,	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	1,	
Deniand on account of Land Revenue for				2	1	_	7,5490,					-	-	90 9730		_	1,00.70011	-	٠,	1,07	96,881	1,74	2,88,332 14,97,120 1,	
or unas-	land.		Ваттев.	6	13.357	23,210	995	10,640	13,206	4,536	4.4.4										22,317	30,329	2,88,332	
linhaee	sessed land.		Lakhiraj.	00	1	2	337	_	-	900	•			400	999	200,1	3,568	1,136	2,416	1,060	1,610	2,023	42,271	
or as-	ıd.	<u></u>	Culturable.	7	1		632										·	13,031			21,805		1,39,654	
Malgoozaree	sessed le		Cultivated.	9	16 003	70,866	6.288	57,594	36,801	32,922	15,080	53,585	890'86	22,698	21/62	38,038	88,371	37,594	28,127	59,322	54,174	1,43,556	9,29,694	
M	Area in Acres.			2	•	_	, 00 , 00			35	23,	83	٠,	28,021			-	77,	1,14,	6	66	1,82,835	13,99,951 9,29,694 1,39,654 42,271	
z.	/. b R	10	phical miles	1	٦	2.07		87.2	72.2	47.0	27.0	98.2	170.2	33.1	42.1	63.8	135.1	6.16	135.6	117.7	117.8	215.8		
-8	1209	9 a.	aqidanwoT	1 80	15	100	202	4	199	64	28	116	102	89	S	911	332	193	364	201	184	151	2,546 1,653.	
or Mumber to Mousehs				2		Buhreeabad,	Bullean,	Doebeh	Ghazeepoor	Gurha,		Kopacheet,	Khurreed,			-	Mohumdabad,	Putchotur,	Shadeabad,	Sydpoor,	Zuborabad,	Zumanea,	Total,	
District.				1-	1	-4)			***	_=	•	910	da) Z	eq:	9								ļ

120. Mr. P. Trench, Collector of the Ghazeepore district, submitted the above Table with the following remarks, on the 13th May, 1848.

"The Tuhseeldars received their orders from my predecessor, and with them got full instructions as to the mode in which their researches were to be made. Since their returns have come in, they have undergone such test and examination as I consider sufficient to enable me to look upon them with tolerable confidence. Six persons to a house is, I think, a very satisfactory average to come out for this part of India, and, from all that I have enquired on the subject, is a result calculated to produce a fair reliance on the general correctness of the returns.

"It results from the calculations and measurement made in the district of Ghazeepore, that there are more than 600 persons to a square mile, and the fact does not, in the least, startle me.

"At the same time in sending up this report, I disavow all design, that the returns should be put forward as such as may be implicitly relied on, for I candidly confess that in compiling them much has been omitted which ought to have been done, and I am vexed at omissions which have come to light.

"A close scrutiny has given me cause to fear that the process of testing has not been so elaborately carried out as was intended. I allude especially to the testing of existing returns at the Tuhseeldarees, which, I am afraid has not been conducted with that systematic method pointed out in the printed Circular. Although I myself am tolerably satisfied with the accuracy of the result, I am by no means so with the mode in which it appears to me they have been obtained; that is, I have no satisfactory proof that the detailed directions were closely followed. I think we have got at about the right population, but I am not at ease that it has not been reached in what may be considered somewhat a loose manner."

121. The following classification of the towns and villages as drawn from the vernacular Mouzawar returns, submitted by the Collector:—

Number containi	ng less than	1000 1	nhabitan	ts,	1833
Ditto more tha	an 1000 and	less th	an 5000	ditto	209
Ditto ditto	5000	ditto	10,000		_
Ditto ditto					
	10,000	ditto	50,000	ditto	4†
Ditto ditto	50,000				1‡
Total Inhabited	• • • • • • • • • •		.		. 2070
Total Uninhabited,					•
Town Ommanica,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · • • • • •	• 1 • • • •	• • • • • •	. 4/0
Total of the Distri	ct,	• • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	. 2546
* Chaonee Ghazeepo	re in Pergunn	ah Ghaze	enore	5075	Inhabitants
Ghazeepore,		– ditto	-	7022	
Dhanapore,		- Muhait	ch	5712	
Guhmur.		- Zuman	19	7421	
Mudden Benarus.		- ditto .		5126	
Mohomedpore,	-	– ditto .		5593	
Bareh,		ditto		7042	
Rujveepore,		Mahon	redahad	7356	
Nurhee,		- Gurha		5894	
Syudpore,		- Svudn	ore.	8200	
Omapore,		Khurr	eed	5820	
Utter Dundea.		- ditto .		8212	
Oundee,	***	- ditto .	. 	9037	
Usegah,		— ditto			
Upail,		– ditto .		7807 5946	ditto.
Ikouna.		Rullia		7005	
Ulumchuck,	***	- ditto .		5378	ditto.
Sheoporedeer,		→ ditto .		6382	
Oodyeepore,		- ditto .		5865	ditto.
Bunkutta,		— ditto .		5026	ditto.
Ikulwar.		- Konac	heet	9814	ditto.
Areepore,		- ditto		6382	ditto.
Ubdoolpore,		- Zuhoo	rahad	6634	ditto.
† Reoteepore,		- Zuman	ia	17355	
Ukberpore,		- Khurr	eed	13918	
Ujnera,				10558	
Rusra.		- Lukhr	esur.	10683	
1 Ibraheempore,		- Doaha		26,582	
4 intercembore,		20000	,	,	

- 122. In throwing the totals for the several districts into the following revised table, it has been thought advisable to substitute the British statute mile for the Geographical mile. In intituting any comparison between columns 4 and 24 of the rough and revised tables, this fact must be borne in mind. The average quantity of land to each person in acres and decimals of an acre, has also been shown.
- 123. In order also to ensure the uniform exhibition of the entries in columns 10, 14, 15, 17 and 18, these have been obtained from the office of the Accountant at Agra, and filled up as follows.
- 124. Col. 10 shows the demand for 1846-47, as entered in the government rent-roll or annual Jumma Wasil Bakee.
- 125. In the district of Cawnpore however, rupees 1,08,017 have been added on account of the demand for Pergunnah Secundra Bilaspoor. The proceeds of this Pergunnah are appropriated to the support of the family of the late Himmut Bahadoor. The accounts are kept separately, and the Jumma does not appear on the rent-roll. As however the Pergunnah has been surveyed and settled in the usual manner, the area and the Jumma, and collections and charges, are all shown in this table. The allowances to the family are considered as pensions, and do not appear.
- 126. Col. 14 shows the gross collections on account of land Revenue of 1846-47, made up to April 30th, 1847, whether in that or the preceding year, and whether for lands on the Touzee or otherwise. It also shows all outstanding balances realized between May 1st, 1846, and April 30th, 1847. It does not show any anticipated collections on account of 1847-48.
- 127. Col. 15 shows the actual charges on account of land Revenue for the year 1846-47, as brought to account within the year in each district, whether they be for Sudder or Mofussil, or fixed or temporary establishments, or for contingencies. The

charges on account of Stamps and Abkaree do not appear here. The sums payable under the head of Zemeendaree, as compensation to persons excluded from the management of their estates are considered as pensions, and do not appear in this table.

- 128. It must be remembered that the establishments entertained for the collection of the land Revenue are employed to some extent in aid of the Police, and that both directly and indirectly they assist in the administration of Civil Justice in all suits connected with property in land.
- 129. Col. 17 shows the nett Stamp collections of the year 1846-47, i. e. the gross amount of sums realized for paper sold, minus the charges of all sorts.
- 130. Col. 18 gives the nett Abkaree Revenue for the same year, i. e. the gross Abkaree receipts calculated in the same way as the gross land Revenue collections in Col. 14, minus the charges.
- 131. In some instances the entries in Col. 10 in the following table, will be found to differ from the totals in the separate tables for each district. Such discrepancies have been occasioned by the incorrect exhibition of the demand for the year in the latter, the Collectors having often included in them sums which, though actually realized during the year, have not been regularly brought on the rent-roll.

Revised Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the Districts of the North-Western Provinces, prepared in 1848, A. D.

_		5	40			T			100	Total	Total	Total	2.9	100	n o	ا ق	Ę		ľ	opulation.			44	4
		Mouzahs	es of 640		Malgoozaree lan		Minhaee or lar		account ue for 184	8	8	ę	Collections of Land enue in 1846-47 in ces.	ull Rever mts in C District (of Reyes	Collections in Rupees.	aree ditto	Hind	00.	Mahome others not			risons to each itish statute acres each.	res to ea
Divisions	Diatricts.	er of	Area in Square statute miles Acres each.	Ares in Acres.	Cultivated acres	Culturable acr	Lakhiraj acres.	Barren acres.	Demand on ad land Revenue 47 in Rupees	Rate per Acre	Rate per Acre Malgoozaree.	Rate per Acre Cultivation.	Gross Collecti Revenue in Rupees.	Charges of f Establishme lectors' and fices, for 18	Per Centage charges on 1846-47.	Nett Stamp C. 1846-47 in	Ditto Abkare 1846-47 in	Agricultural.	Non-Agricul- tural.	Agricultural.	Non-Agricul- tural.	otal.	umber of per Square Br mile of 640	, o
1	2	3	4	5	. 6	1	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17 ·	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Debli	Paneeput, Hurreeanah, Deblie, Rohtuck, Goorgaon,	540 652 423 299 1,274	1,279.9 3,300.8 602.5 1,340.9 1,942.3	819,137 2,112,527 385,638 858,195 1,243,059	394,931 993,846 187,575 587,915 688,747	278,850 862,244 52,347 212,582 372,400	13,831 86,085 79,299 3,376 22,296	131,525 170,352 66,417 54,322 159,616		0, 3, 8 0, 14, 6 0, 11, 9	0, 3, 11 1, 7, 4 0, 12, 7	2, 0, 11 0, 7, 4 1, 13, 10 1, 1, 3 1, 8, 1	6,29,967	55,412 67,349 42,138	12, 2, 11 19, 4, 2 6, 11, 2	62,384	8,159 3,789 38,509 2,019 5,782	125,593 154,674 85,448 150,572 176,328	21,346 129,066 81,541	24,781 37,434 9,227 16,720 109,792		283,420 225,086 306,550 294,119 460,326	68.2 508.8 219.3	9.38 1.25 2.92
	Total,	3,188	8,466.5	5,418,556	, 2,853,014	1,778,423	204,887	582,232	32,83,219	0, 9, 8	0, 11, 4	1, 2, 5	33,06,574	2,87,973	8, 12, 4	90,306	58,258	692,615	397,734	197,954	281,198	1,569,501	185.4	3.45
Meeri	Seharanpore, Mozuffernuggur, Meerut, Boolundshuhur, Allygurh,	1,896 1,128 1,773 1,612 1,964	2,165.4 1,617.0 2,332.9 1,855.1 2,149.2	1,493,031 1,187,280	681,117 620,070 876,914 675,918 921,717	341,812 213,129 373,177 361,886 115,374	30,407 41,473 70,282 90,524 38,358	332,563 160,227 172,658 58,952 300,046		1, 1, 0 1, 2, 0 0, 14, 2	1, 5, 1 1, 6, 1 1, 0, 2	1, 9, 6 1, 12, 4 1, 15, 5 1, 8, 10 2, 2, 5	10,76,091	66,425 96,742 73,519	6, 0, 9 5, 9,10 6,15,11	18,350 62,143 17,827	24,107 21,595 69,187 9,263 21,410		218,341	139,907 61,445 62,976 44,061 21,880	84,481	547,353 537,594 860,736 699,393 739,356	331.8 368.9 377.0	1.93 1.73 1.69
	Total,	8,373	10,119.6	6,476,604	3,775,736	1,405,378	271,044	1,024,446	69,20,973	l, l, l	1, 5, 4	1, 13, 4	69,50,162	3,97,307	5, 11, 10	2,16,854	1,45,562	1,399,859	1,206,780	330,269	447,524	3,384,432	334.3	1.91
philou	Bijnour,	3,030 3,484 3,070 3,873 2,843	1,904.0 2,967.3 2,368.4 2,937.7 2,483.3	1,218,561 1,899,065 1,515,764 1,880,163 1,589,307	503,083 675,862 829,323 949,879 674,645	239,193 422,723 398,213 378,671 646,293		220,702 453,879		0, 10, 10 0, 11, 1 0, 15, 4	1, 2, 9 0, 14, 3 1, 5, 8	1, 14, 3	11,18,767 17,90,508	95,574 83,466 1,16,369	7, 9, 9 6, 1, 7	38,963 59,350	18,825 34,002 30,182 1,00,572 61,273	668,074		44,343 170,024 57,344 113,594 134,520		620,546 997,362 825,712 1,143,657 812,588	336.0 348.7 389 3	1.90 1.83 1.64
	Total,	16,300	12,660.7	8,102,860	3,632,792	2,085,093	502,311	1,882,664	63,87,859	0, 12, 1	1, 1,11	1, 12, 2	64,44,341	4,44,977	6, 15, 5	2,04,576	2,47,854	2,325,473	907,010	519,825	647,557	4,399,865	347.5	1.84
	Muttra,	1,029 1,296 1,998 1,459 1,655		1,285,745	674,153 765,390 641,129 618,918 518,692	123,837 85,167 239,035 175,318 98,969	8,585	260,450 482,924	16,40,505 16,07,981 14,14,353 13,58,132 13,09,884	1, 5, 1 1, 2, 6 1, 0,10	l, 9, 9 l, 11, 4	2, 1, 7 2, 3, 4 2, 3, 1	16,19,379 13.57,544 12,33,901	1,04,484 1,31,630 87,171	6, 8, 0 9, 4, 11 6, 6, 8	20,484	18,803 42,833 88,061 24,822 19,674	349,065 466,313 514,529 441,002 284,838	276,350 238,895	14,066 17,686 34,792 13,700 4,691	38,930 67,871 66,583 26,120 21,171	701,688 828,220 854,799 639,809 481,224	445.0 447.6 318.5	1.44 1.43 2.01
	Total,	7,437	9,061.3	5,799,214	3,218,282	722,326	287,822	1,570,784	73,30,855	1, 4, 3	1, 13, 9	2, 4, 5	71,43,690	5,18,985	7, 1, 3	1,82,244	1,94,193	2,055,747	1,144,383	84,935	220,675	3,505,740	386.9	1.65
	Cawapore,	2,258 1,617 1,112 1,253 4,002	2,240.5 2,878.8	1,013,356 1,433,967	963,121	187,563 133,156 352,015 460,887 232,024	17,539 69,258	345,148 349,214		1, 6, 6 0, 13, 11 0, 13, 11	2, 3, 6 1, 2, 9 1, 2, 0	2, 13, 8 2, 12, 10 1, 11, 10 1, 10, 8 2, 2, 3	13,24,836 15,85,716	85,820 92,175 1,16,078	7, 5, 8 7, 3, 10	21,663 9,898 21,731	1,26,155 60,370 21,511 39,536 1,41,409			18,211 21,776 10,223 16,007 48,723	56,533 28,895 22,185 18,433 47,017	993,031 511,132 452,091 552,526 710,263	322.8 201.8 191.3	1.98 3.17 3.33
	Total,	10,242	11,840.8	7,578,151	3,945,172	1,365,645	179,804	2,087,530	85,75,187	1, 2, 1	1, 9,10	2, 2, 9	86,16,673	5,27,449	6, 2, 5	1,72,500	3,88,981	1,940,617	990,423	114,940	173,063	3,219,043	271.9	2.35
Benares.	Goruckpore,	5,284 2,095	2,520.3 1,552.2 5,244.8 994.5	3,350,717 636,452	757,815 610,219 890,038	257,304 73,922 352,804 36,614 139,654	40,385 6,556 38,641 13,780 42,271	557,483 302,686 2,069,234 137,619 288,332	8,42,718 8,64,639 14,97,120	0, 14, 9 1, 4, 9 0, 4, 9 1, 5, 9 1, 1, 1	1, 13, 4 00, 10, 10 1, 12, 6 1, 6, 4	1, 15, 8 2, 0, 11 0, 15, 1	12,56,228 8,73,952 8,77,461	85,557 55,204	5, 11, 11 4, 6, 5 5, 11, 11 9, 1, 9	53,925 39,431 39,097 68,332	49,334 86,100 1,03,808	1,779,678 915,431 563,078 425,689 356,026 673,743	241,602 156,753 357,058 320,024	198,765 70,646 30,626 11,113 5,662 31,548	48,052 37,528	2,376,533 1,313,950 798,503 831,388 741,426 1,059,287	521.3 514.4 158.5 745.5	1.23 1.24 4.03 0.86
	Total,		19,836.3						80,31,828	_		1, 6, 7	80,74,323			3,67,423		4,713,645		348,354	380,728	7,121,087		
	Grand Total,	80,883	71,985.4	46,070,658	23,112,183	9,816,749	1,733,443	11,408,283	4,05,29,921	0, 14,	1, 3, 8	1, 12, 1	4,05,35,763	26,17,264	6, 7, 4	12,33,903	16,60,901	13,127,956	6,324,690	1,596,277	2,150,745	23,199,668	322.3	1.99

132. In the following tables the population of the North-Western Provinces will be found contrasted with that of some of the principal countries of Europe, and with that of the counties of England. These have been extracted from the Penny Cyclopædia.

TABLE I.

Countries.	Population.	Area in square Brid ish statute miles	Average of popula- tion to square sta- tute mile.	Number of acres each person.
Great Britain (Census of 1841),	18,535,786			2.89
England, ditto	14,995,508	50,387	297	2.15
Ireland, ditto.,	8,175,124	26,881	304	2.10
Scotland, ditto	2,628,957	26,014	101	6.33
Wales, ditto	911,321	7,426	123	5.21
France, (exclusive of Corsica,) do.	33,333,019	200,925	169	3.87
Prussia,		110,170	128	4.98
Belgium,	4,064,235	12,569	323	1.98
Russia in Europe (exclusive of				
Poland),	41,973,650	1,439,784	29	21.98
North-western Provinces, 31 dis-				
tricts, 1847-48,		71,985	322	1.99

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TABLE II.

Countries.	Population in 1841.	Area in square British statute miles.	Average to the square mile.
Bedfordshire,	107,937	463	233.1
Berkshire,	160,226	752	213.
Buckinghamshire,	155,989	738	211.3
Cambridgeshire,	164,509	857	192.
Cheshire,	395, 300	1,052	375.8
Cornwall,	341,269	1,330	256.6
Cumberland,	177,912	1,523	116.8
Derbyshire,	272,206	1,028	264.8
Devonshire,	533,731	2,585	206.5
Dorsetshire,	174,743	1,006	173.7
Durham,	324,277	1,097	295.6
Essex,	344,995	1,533	225.
Gloucestershire,	431,307	1,258	342.7
Hampshire	354,940	1,625	218.4
Herefordshire,	114,438	863	132.6
Hertfordshire,	157,237	630	249.6
Huntingdonshire,	58,699	372	157.8
Kent,	548,161	1,557	352.6
Lancasshire,	1,667,064	1,766	944.
Leicestershire,	215,855	/ 806	267.8
Lincolnshire,	362,717	2,611	139.
Middlesex,	1,576,616	282	5,590.8
Monmouthshire,	134,349	496	$\frac{270.8}{203.8}$
Norfolk,	412,621	2,024	196.
Northamptonshire,	199,061	1,016	133.8
Northumberland,	250,268	1,871 837	298.4
Nottinghamshire,	249,773	756	213.7
Oxfordshire,	$ \begin{array}{c c} 161,573 \\ 21,340 \end{array} $	149	143.2
Rutlandshire,	239,014	1,343	178.
Shropshire,	436,002	1,645	265.
Somersetshire, Staffordshire,	510,206	1,184	430.9
Suffolk,	315,129	1,515	208.
Surrey,	582,613	759	767.6
Sussex,	299,770	1,466	204.5
Warwickshire,	402,121	897	448.3
Westmorland,	56,469	762	74.1
Wiltshire,	260,007	1,367	190.2
Worcestershire,	233,484	723	322.9
Yorkshire,	1,591,584	5,836	272.7
Total,	14,995,508	50,380	297.6

- 133. Notwithstanding the exertions that have been made to ensure fidelity in these returns, it is evident from the preceding detail that they cannot be received as accurate. There is great reason to believe that they are still considerably below the truth. This presumption is strengthened by observing that the number of females is always reported to be much less than that of the males, whenever the sexes are distinguished. It is almost impossible that there should be such a difference as is often reported, and as it is not likely that the number of males is over-rated, it is more than probable that the number of females is concealed.
- 134. Enquiries of this nature are still new in this country. The prejudices and apprehensions of the people have hitherto resisted their prosecution. But these prejudices have now given way under the better understood principles of British administration. It is gratifying to be assured by the almost unanimous testimony of every public officer who has been concerned in the formation of this census, that they met with no opposition and excited no alarm by their enquiries.
- 135. But public officers in India have not as yet been trained to systematic enquiries of this sort, and accurate results can never be obtained till the process is well understood, and methodized. The present return will therefore be valuable as an experiment, and as a starting point, whence future enquiries may take their form.
- 136. In this view it is of some importance to place now on record, the course which the experience gained on this occasion points to as the most likely hereafter to ensure accuracy.
- 137. The return should be compiled not from averages of the number of persons to a house, but from actual enumeration of the people, which should be made on a certain day to be previously fixed. The best time to take for the operation would be the close of the year, (December 31st), for it is the period when the people are most at leisure, and when European officers can

best move about to direct the operations, to prevent abuses, and to check the returns.

- 138. The names of villages and the area columns may be previously filled up from the latest and best information available, and with the greatest degree of care of which the process is susceptible.
- 139. The population of all agricultural villages should be ascertained through the Putwarree, under the direction of the Canoongoes and Tuhseeldars. In large towns, where there is a considerable non-agricultural population, and where the division into Mohullahs probably exists, the enumeration may be best conducted through the Mohullahdars, aided by the Chowkeedars, under the direction of the Thannadar or Cotwal.

140. Previously to the appointed day every enumerating officer should be furnished with a blank return of the following form:—

Ι.	(4	1 -3	s i	i -	100
F. S.	Hindoor	ricultura	Females.		specifie
	Mahomedan and others not Hindoos.	Non-Agricultural.	Males.		from the m
8	dan and o	Agricultural.	Females.		arate line i
ber 31st or Poo-Pergunnah —	Mahome	Agrice	Males.		ed in a sep
Return of the number of persons who on the night of December 31st or Poosere present in the Pergunah		Non-Agricultural.	Males. Females.		d be enterended to be of the contract of the c
night of D	Hindoos.	Non-Agr	Males.		hey should
ho on the	Hine	Agricultural.	Females.		a house t ld then sh
persons w		Agricu	Males.		Note.—Whenever there are strangers in a house they should be entered in a separate line from the members of the family. The totals of the 2 lines would then show the number of persons in the house on the night specified.
number of	lo raster of	f the n		•	there are s als of the 2
Return of the nur	-sì 10 921		isdmuV Vlim		Whenever
Retur were pro	losure.	oue jo	Number		Note.—,

141. In the above form the names of the masters of houses should be previously entered as nearly as may be before the fixed day. On the 1st January the enumerating officer should go round to each house and enter in his return the number of persons, who slept in the house the preceding night. The returns so filled up should be immediately sent in to the Tuhseeldar or Thannadar, and promptly tested by enquiry at a few of the houses.

- 142. It is not necessary to discriminate the boys and girls from the men and women;—the distinction is not a certain one, and only leads to inaccuracies. Hereafter, when the proceeding becomes better understood and established than it now is, it may be possible to classify the people as to their age, but that cannot now be attempted with any hope of a true result.
- 143. The definitions of a house or family, and Agriculturists and non-Agriculturists, may remain as in the printed circular letter of October 22nd, 1846. Strangers should be entered in the return separately from members of the family, to point out the more clearly to the enumerating officer, that all, whether members of the family or strangers, who slept within the house on the night of December 31st, are to be entered. This will the more need to be observed in the case of those who, whether in Serais or private houses, are in the habit of entertaining travellers.
- 144. In classifying the cities, towns, and villages according to their population, as has been attempted in this Memoir, it should be remembered that often a large and well known town appears in the Revenue Records as a Mouzah bearing a perfectly distinct name. Not unfrequently also a large town is situated on the confines of several villages, so that in order to obtain a full return of its inhabitants, the population of several Mouzahs would have to be added together. Large cities often do not appear at all in the list of Revenue Mouzahs.
- 145. It is hoped that there is nothing in the preparations or in the proceedings here mentioned, which is calculated to alarm or annoy the natives. In order to familiarize their minds with the subject, a translation of this memoir into the vernacular dialect will be published and circulated to all the public authorites. It will remain for the Government at some future time, when they have reason to believe that the object of the operation is well understood, to determine the time when a new census shall be taken.

APPENDIX.

146. With a view to placing on record any statistical information which might be procurable from districts not mentioned in the body of this Memoir, the following memorandum was forwarded on the 30th March 1848, to the officers in charge of the districts named.

MEMORANDUM.

1st. Measures are in progress for compiling and publishing a Memoir, giving the statistical information set forth in the accompanying table, with as much accuracy as can be attained.

2nd. The districts therein mentioned are however only those which constitute what are called the Regulation Provinces. There are many other portions of country directly or indirectly connected with the North Western Provinces, regarding which it is desirable to obtain the best information procurable, although it may not be so complete as can be furnished from the old possessions.

3rd. A copy of the rough statistical return may be sent to each officer in charge of such a district, and he may be requested to fill up to the best of his ability, from such sources of information as are at hand, those columns which contain facts, they being Nos. 1 to 10; 14, 15, and 17 to 23. The other columns, viz. Nos. 11 to 13; 16 and 24, contain only deductions from facts, and are of little use if the facts on which they rest are not known to be correct.

4th. It will be very desirable that the officer who fills up the return should state the grounds on which he makes each entry,

so that a correct estimate may be formed of the value attaching to the entry.

5th. The returns, with the explanation, may be sent direct by the officer who fills it up to this office, and should reach it by May 1st next, or as soon after as possible.

6th. The information thus obtained will be embodied in the contemplated memoir.

7th. The parts of the country to which this memorandum refers are the following:

BRITISH TERRITORY.

Under the Supreme Government.

Jaloun and the Pergunnahs ceded by Jhansie.

The Saugor and Nurbuddah Territories, comprising the Districts of Saugor,

Jubbulpore.

Hoshungabad.

Seonee.

Dumoh.

Nursingfore.

Baitool.

British Mhairwarrah.

Under the Agra Government.

The Bhutty Territory, including Wuttoo.

Pergunnah of Kote Kasim.

Jounsar and Bawur.

Deyrah Dhoon.

Kumaon (including Ghurwal.)

Aimere.

British Nimaur.

Maunpore.

Under the Chief Commissioner at Lahore.

The Cis-Sutlej districts, comprising the following:

Umballah.

Loodiannah, including Wudni.

Kythul and Ladwa.

Ferozepore.

(1794)

Rough Statistical Return of Land Revenue, Area and Population in the following Non-Regulation Districts.

	Rough Statistical Return of Lana Revenue, Area and reputation in the Journary Polymetra Destricts.																							
			Mouzahs o	British of 640		Malgoozs assessed	land.	Minhaee assessed		on account of venue for 1846- Rupees.	on Tota	on Total	on Tota	1845-46		Revenue mand for u pees.	Collection in Rupees	arree Ditto for in Rupees.	Hind	<u> </u>	Mahor and oth Hin	ers not		ga y
	Divisions	Districts.	Number of Mo Townships.	Area in Square statute miles Acres each.	Area in Acres.	Cultivated acres	Culturable acres	Lakhiraj acres.	Barren acres.	Demand on ac land Revenue 1847 in Rupes	Rate per Acre	Rate per Acre Malgoozaree.	Rate per Acre Cultivation.	use seer.	Charges of full Establishment lectors' and Offices in Ruy	Per Centage of charge on De 1846-47 in Re	Net stamp C. for 1845-46 m	Ditto Abkarree 1845-46 in Ru	Agricultural.	Non-Agri- cultural.	Agricultural.	Non-Agri- cultural.	Total.	Number of per each Square statute mile Acres each.
***	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	ll	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
ament.	Bundle- cund.	Jaloun Proper, Jhansi ceded Per- gunnahs and Chirgong,	985	1,873,6	1,199,476	428,206	230,719	169,422	371,129	9,22,923	0, 12, 4	1, 6, 5	2, 2, 6	8,59,821	86,141	9, 5, 4	3,310	9,851 {	92,439	72,477	3,063	8,318	176,297 70,000	ĺ
se Supreme Government.		Sangor, Jubbulpore, Hosungabad, Dumoh, Nursingpore, Baitool,	1,032 2,694 1,883 897	6,237.3 1,916.8 1,459.2 2,428.2 501.9	1,189,048 3,991,878 1,226,797 932,635 1,554,058 321,160 633,919	579,960 642,836 174,738 406,078 167,469	135,606 401,373 15,671 137,404	215,685 19,681 11,004	77,569 238,852 412,110 530,922 118,339	4,88,962 2,11,119 1,64,351 4,65,509	0, 1,11 0, 2, 9 0, 4, 9 0, 15, 6	0, 2, 0 0, 3, 7 0, 9, 2	0, 13, 5 0, 5, 3 1, 2, 4	3,97,659 4,86,484 2,10,965 1,64,797 4,33,753 3,00,458 1,41,397	34,332 26,356 14,148 20,444	12, 7, 9 4, 4, 4 10, 5, 3	15,209 5,955 3,159 5,408 7,953	19,105 29,669 28,316 31,444 14,253 24,282 44,568	219,126 115,123 108,468 68,772 282,079	122,685 88,190 69,416	3,445 654 28,105 3,626	42,003	227,070 363,584 254,486	149.7 507.2
British Territory under the	Cis- Sutlej.	Umballah,	590	293.6 725.6 1,538.4 97.2	464,352 984,601	132,333 323,176 245,559 21,522	577,436	4,133 17,731 62,783 2,450	58,892 98,822	3 34 408	1, 9, 3		2, 4, 8 2, 6, 1	3,74,349 13,147		4, 10, 5 		25,266 5,332	17,547 41,680 57,339	33,102	5,558 20,227 38,926	13,467 25,889 22,510		166.6 107.1
T d	1 1	Hoshiarpore,			:				 No	10,99,352 returns	"				37,812	3, 7, 0	6,265	21,078		".		: "		
Britis	Trans- Sutlej.	Kangra, Koolloo,		2,700. 2,250.			:	" "		5,75,061 62,701				4,84,251 58,304		6, 0, 1 10,13, 3		7,183 106	15,456	**	:			
_	Rajpoo-	British Mairwara, Aimere.		282,3	180,672 1,298,881	31,580 176,228		685 145,907		90,448 2,52,016				70,591 2,58,036	17,976 16,146		9,566	994 3,722	29,720 118,533		2,560 7,172	685 20,116		
y under	Delhi.	Bhutteeana,	. 483	′	1,931,349	467,813	1,201,296		213,820	1,64,010 41,843	0, 1,	0, 1, 1	0, 5,	1,44,123	35,941	21,14, 7 14, 3, 5		1,184 35	51,474 4,755			, '	13,76	194.7
Gove	Meerut.	Dehra Dhoon, Jounsar and Bawur,		673.6 579.4		40,196	67,791	17,865	305,388	1,26,777 20,000	0, 4, 1	1, 2, 9	3, 2, (83,674 19,705		9, 6, 6 14, 5, 6	3,192	15,245 	18,53 24,51			3,910 24		
itush Te e Agra	Kumaon.	Kumaon, Ghurwal,	. 3,484 . 1,894	6,962.5	4,456,272 	193,187 63,823			4096,376	1,54,794 68,644		0, 7, 1 0, 12,		1,54,618 2 68,538		22, 4,	6,835	1,450 1,079	"	"	::		166,75	
āś	Indore.	British Nimar,	. 122	269.1	100,111	27,446	3,228	22,104	47,333	43,312				17,076	27,708			4,064	11,29	13,96			′	
gn Territory	wallor.	Jawud Neemuch, Chunderee, Kuchwahagurh and Bhandere,	423	443. 556. 440.	356,014	76,001	89,880	36,840	153,293	3,94,166	1, 6,	1	1	3,67,599 1,21,267 8 3,76,176	27,198		178 1	4,096 3,859 3,178	54,58 61,69	5 20,56	5 100	4,900	87,26	156,8
T dig	0	Hurda and Hindia, Maunpore,		"	"			"	"	No	- 0		::	2,564				450 535	95 52.21	1	1	1	1 '	
Forei	Rajpoo- tana.	Meywar Mairwara, Murwar Mairwara,		305.1 67.1				704 15		1,00,156 9,046		::	::	94,424				39	6,94	0 18	0 50		7,17	0 105.6
-	Indore,	Marhatta Nimar,	1,403	1,956.	810,304	126,708	16,839	234,889	437,000	1,22,375	<u></u>			70,563	29,700	·	1	15,970	35,79		1 96	4,04	90,79	6 71.7

For the Cis- and Trans-Sutlej districts marked * the entries in columns 14, 17 and 18 are for 1846-47. The remaining columns are for 1847-48.

The Trans-Sutlej districts, comprising the following:

Hoshiarpore,

Jullundur.

Kangra.

Foreign territory under British management.

Scindiah's assigned districts, comprising the following:-

Jawud Neemuch.

Chunderee.

Kuchwahagurh and Bhunderee.

Hurda and Hindeea.

Mhairwarrah, belonging to Meywar and Marwar.

Nimaur, belonging to Marhatta States.

147. The annexed table has been filled up from the replies received to this call, and the further particulars furnished by the several officers will be found in the remarks appended.

1.—JALOUN PROPER, JHANSIE CEDED PERGUNNAHS, AND CHIRGAON.

148. Captain D. Ross, Superintendent of Jaloun, supplied, under date the 6th May 1848, the following particulars with reference to the statistical information furnished by him, which will be found in the above general table of the Non-Regulation Districts.

"In the table I have filled in the details of area and assessment with reference to the Pergunnahs noted in the margin,

- 1. Mohummedabad.
- 2. Etoura Raipore.
- 3. Jaloun.
- 4. Kunnar.
- 5. Mote.
 6. Goorserai (Jageer.)
- 7. Mohoba.

(comprising Jaloun proper) from the papers of the Professional Survey which was completed in 1842. The details in regard to the Jhansi Ceded Pergunnahs of Duboi and Gurotah, and the confiscated Jageer of Chirgaon, were necessarily taken from the

Kanoongoee and Putwarree records, these Pergunnahs having come into our possession after the completion of the survey; the details, however, in regard to them may be considered as correct as can possibly be obtained from such sources, in the absence of a Professional Survey."

149. Captain Ross furnished the annexed table of population in Jaloun proper, as ascertained at the survey of 1842:—

	Hine	doo.	Mahome others no		
Pergunnahs.	Agricultural.	Non-Agricul- tural.	Agricultural.	Non-Agricul- tural.	Total.
Jaloun, Kunnar, Etoura Raipore, Mohummedabad, Mohoba, Mote, Goorserai,	14,810 11,869 13,264 14,861 19,258 11,220 7,157	10,630 6,677 9,211 15,704 15,040 5,536 9,679	137 344 217 1,507 384 414 60	1,457 384 451 3,756 776 1,068 426	27,034 19,274 23,143 35,828 35,458 18,238 17,322
Total,	92,439	72,477	3,063	8,318	1,76,297

150. "From a rough census of the Jhausi Ceded Pergunnahs and Chirgaon, their population amounts to 70,000, which, added to the returns in Jaloun Proper, makes the total amount 2,46,297. The population in many villages has increased since the survey, owing to the return of people who left the country during the famine of 1837-38, and every year the cultivation is extended. At the present rate of increase, there will in a few years be no more culturable land untilled throughout the district than must of necessity be left fallow, but the Jumma of the present settlement is probably as high as it ought to be at any time to enable the landholders to meet their engagements in bad seasons, without a demand for remissions. There is hardly any irrigation in this district, and the crops depend entirely on the periodical rains."

2 .- SAUGOR AND DUMOH.

- 151. Captain G. W. Hamilton, Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, supplied the following information on the 24th June 1848, with reference to the entries in the table for the districts of Saugor and Dumoh.
- "The information given in columns 3, 10, 14, 15, 17, and 18, is taken from the official records, and may be considered authentic.
- "The details in columns 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, are founded on the settlement statements of 1834 and 1835, corrected by subsequent survey. My own observation and experience have, however, shown that these documents are not to be depended upon, and that the actual extent of the land considerably exceeds what is entered in the returns. No scientific survey of the district has ever been made, and the Malgoozaree lands alone have been regularly measured by the native method. When these lands have been subsequently remeasured their actual extent has proved to be greater than the measurement entered in the settlement papers. The revision of the rent-free tenures has also shown that the extent of these lands has been greatly under-rated, probably to the amount of 50 per cent. The bar-

ren lands were entered on a rough estimate, and little observation is required to perceive that that estimate is far below the truth, particularly in Dumoh. The measurement was originally given in district acres of 4,900 square yards, these have been reduced to statute acres of 4,840 square yards. I have increased the extent of the Malgoozaree land 10 per cent. and the Lakhiraj lands 25 per cent. In Saugor, the barren lands have been increased 75 per cent. and in Dumoh, 125 per cent. Enormous as this license may appear I believe I have not yet reached the real extent, for according to a tolerably accurate map of the extent, the area of Saugor exceeds 1,700 geographical miles, and of Dumoh 2,400, giving a total of 4,100 geographical square miles.

"The population returns are based upon enumerations made at different periods. Among these the principal are:—A very careful census of the old district of Hutta, taken in 1829; a census of the districts of Saugor and Rehlee from village returns made in 1831; a census of Scindia's Pergunnahs, completed in 1837; a complete census of the whole district completed in 1841, partly on actual enumeration and partly on estimate; returns of the inhabitants of the principal towns drawn out on the establishment of the Chowkeedaree tax in 1841 and 1842. These documents have been collated and corrected from partial returns subsequently received. A few Talooks which were formerly omitted have been added to the enumeration, with six villages lately annexed to the district. The division into agricultural and non-agricultural classes, and into Hindoos and Mahomedans, has been made solely on estimate. The returns do not include the population of the Military Cantonment and Suddur Bazar of Saugor; with that addition, the entire population of the district will amount to nearly 7,00,000 souls."

3.—Jubbulpore.

152. Major J. Macadam, Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, furnished on the 13th May 1848, the following remarks upon the entries relating to the Jubbulpore district given in the statistical table:—

"Columns 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 have been prepared from returns which were made out by the Canoongoes previous to the 2nd five years' settlement of the district in 1826. The calculation was made by them in Toosehs, which has been reduced to Beegahs at the rate of 4½ to one Tooseh, and the Beegahs have been converted into acres, allowing 1½ Beegah to one acre. The Tooseh is generally allowed to yield 4½ Beegahs, but in almost every instance in which I have had occasion to measure patches of land, I have found it to yield a great deal more, and in many instances more than double. These columns cannot, therefore, be looked upon as giving a correct return of the area of the district.

"Columns 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23, have been filled up from information collected by the Canoongoes and Putwarrees in 1847, and I believe they give nearly a correct return of the population; the remaining columns have been filled up from the office accounts."

4.—HOSHUNGABAD.

153. Captain J. K. Spence, Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, furnished the following remarks on the returns for the Hoshungabad District, under date the 24th June 1848:—

"In column 3 every village in the district is entered, i. e. Malgoozaree, Maafee, Oobaree or quit-rent, and waste villages are all included, agreeably to the General Register kept in my office.

"As no regular survey of the district has yet been made, I have been obliged to take the entries shown in columns 5 to 9, from the calculations on which the current settlement was based, and of course it is only reasonable to suppose that there may be some inaccuracies in them, but as Major Ouseley, the officer by whom the settlement was completed, took the greatest pains in the preparation of those documents, and had also the benefit of long local experience to assist him in testing them, I am of opinion that their general correctness may be fairly relied upon.

- "The amount entered in column 10 is taken from the Kistbundee, and must be correct.
- "Columns 11 to 13 contain mere calculations upon the entries in columns 5, 6, 7, and 10, and admitting the correctness of the latter, the former are of course correct also.
- "The amount entered in column 14 is taken from the monthly Hal Towzees and the annual Juma Wasil-baqee, and that shown in column 15 is the amount passed by the Civil Auditor on account of fixed establishment, Sudder and Mofussil, during the year.
- "The entry in column 16 is calculated upon the amounts given in columns 10 and 15.
- "The amount of stamp collections given in column 17 is calculated from the monthly registers of sales, and the Abkaree Collections entered in column 18 are taken from the monthly Abkaree Towzees and annual Juma Wasil-baque.
- "When the census of the district was taken at the time of making the 20 years' settlement, the total population was found to be 2,05,476, of whom 1,95,846 were Hindoos and 9,630 Mahomedans; of the Hindoo population 91,318 were agricultural, and 1,04,528 non-agricultural; and of the Mahomedans, 551 were agricultural, and 9,079 non-agricultural. From a census lately taken it appears that the population now amounts to 2,42,641, but unfortunately no calculation of castes, nor of the agricultural and non-agricultural classes has been made, so that I am unable to supply any entries in columns 19 to 22, and have therefore only exhibited the total population in column 23."
- 154. The distribution of the population omitted by Capt. Spence, has been supplied according to a proportion proposed by Lieut.-Col. Sleeman, Commissioner, Saugor and Nerbudda Territories, by which, of the increase to the population since the settlement amounting to 37,165 souls, 17,150 was added to the Hindoo cultivators, 18,157 to the Hindoo non-cultivators, 103 to the Moosulman cultivators, and 1,755 to the Moosulman non-cultivators.

5.—SEONER.

155. On the entries relating to the Seonee District, Captain H. Wakeman, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd class, reported as follows, under date the 9th May 1848:—

"I received charge of the Seonee District in the middle of last month only from Captain Skene. Some days after my arrival the accompanying return was placed before me for signature, and on my calling for the authorities from which it was compiled I ascertained them to be principally the papers connected with the decennial settlement, which was made in 1827. On further enquiry I find the whole of the 20 years' settlement papers are in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, at Jubbulpore, which circumstance prevents my even comparing the entries in the return with the latest on record, and I consequently fear they must be far from correct. As, however, I found the return prepared, and as its transmission is requested by the 1st of May, or as soon as possible afterwards, I have not deemed it advisable to retain it longer; but should it be considered expedient I will endeavour to compile a fresh one with greater accuracy hereafter."

6.—Nursingpore.

156. With regard to the entries in the statistical table respecting the Nursingpore District, Captain E. K. Elliot, Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, supplied the following explanations under date the 5th May 1848:—

"Column 5. The entry under column 5 (3,21,160 acres) has been calculated from the settlement papers, and at the rate of 75 acres to 100 Beegahs. Thus from the records the number of Beegahs is 4,28,213; equal at the above calculation to 3,21,160 acres. The Beegah in this district is 60 yards square. No measurement of the district having ever taken place, it is impossible that the area here entered can be a correct one; I should say that the result of the survey will show more than double.

[&]quot;Columns 1, 2, and 3—need no comment.

- "Column 4. The entry in this column has been calculated on the assumed correctness of column 5, and at the rate ordered, viz. 847.2 acres per geographical square mile.
- "Columns 6, 7, 8, and 9. The entries under these columns have been taken from the settlement papers and on the assumed correctness of column 5. Here again the calculation of 75 acres to the 100 Beegahs has been adhered to.
- "Column 10. The demand for 1846-47, agreeably to the district Jumabundeee, was 3,01,571 rupees.
- "Columns 11, 12, and 13. The entries under these columns need no explanation.
- "Column 14. The entry here shows the amount of land revenue collected during the years 1845-46, to be 3,00,458 rupees.
 - "Column 15. Under this column has been entered the cost of the whole of the establishments drawn for monthly, in the Revenue Department. Thus:—

Deputy Commissioner 1st class (less the			
amount drawn for in the Military Depart-			
ment, 60-14-0), Rs.	739	2	0
Sudder Omlah,	, 323	0	0
English Office,	200	0	0
Treasury Establishment,	109	0	0
Tusheeldars and Naibs, Chuprassees, &c.,	1,225	0	0
Monthly,	2,596	2	0
•			

seeldar's Cutcheries, perform alike Foujdaree and Revenue work. One half too of the English Office should be looked upon as requisite for the Judicial Department. I mention these facts because from the entry made under column 16, it will be seen that the per centage of revenue charge on the demand is as high as 10 Rs. 5as. 3 pie, whereas where the calculation made more in accordance with the actual cost incurred in making the collections, the per centage might be considerably reduced.

Column 17. "The amount of stamps collected during the year 1845-46 was 7,953 Rs. 8 as. The cost of collections by a stamp-vender on a salary of 7 rupees a month is included in the Treasury Establishment.

Column 18. "Collected during the year 1845-46, rupees 24,282; cost of collections included in the Revenue Establishment.

Columns 19, 20, 21, and 22. "These columns cannot be filled up at present, the manner in which the census of the district was taken last year not admitting of the information in the form desired. This will be corrected during the approaching survey.

Column 23. "During the early part of last year, I obtained a census of the district, for police purposes, and I believe it to

 Males,
 91,280

 Females,
 84,727

 Boys under 10 years,
 44,082

 Girls under 10 years,
 34,397

be a tolerably correct one, although it has not been drawn up in the manner now desired by the Lieut.-Governor. This shall be rectified during the approaching survey. I

incline to think that the amount of population herein entered is rather under than over the mark.

2,54,486

Column 24. "This calculation is the division of the preceding column by column 4."

"In conclusion, I would add with respect to column 5 that the Jageer of Delheree, consisting of 24 villages, and yielding to the Raja an annual rental of about 20,330 Nagpore, or 17,241 Co.'s Rs., has not been included in the area, no settlement having ever been made, and there being no means at hand of ascertaining with any degree of accuracy, the probable extent of the Jageer."

6.—BAITOOL.

158. For the Baitool District, Lieut. A. Ternan, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd class, supplied, under date the 27th June 1848, the particulars entered in the table, but furnished no information as to the data from which the several results had been obtained.

7.—UMBALLAH.

- 159. Captain S. A. Abbott, Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, at Umballah, furnished a statistical table under date the 19th Aug. 1848, and wrote as follows:—
- "The greater part of the district is unsurveyed and unsettled, and the government lands form but a small portion of the area in which the British police control exists, which may be estimated at 2,175 square miles of 640 acres.
 - "Stamp paper was not in use during the year under report.
- "Of the Pergunnahs surveyed and settled, with the exception of Soolur, all are under a summary settlement only, and that Pergunnah has only recently been settled, but is not yet sanctioned.
- "The Abkaree collections in these states are very trifling, owing to the great intermixture of estates and governments, which precludes the possibility of a strict excise.
- "The census of population at command is only very partial, and taken from the surveys.
- "The very small specimen afforded gives a higher rate than the average of the district, as it includes the city of Umballah, and excludes lands in the vicinity, not government property.
- "The revenues, including the political collections, are estimated at 6,25,899 rupees.
- "The cost of establishment includes the Sudder and Tuhseel Omlah, not the superintendence, which in a district with such diversified duties, cannot be fairly estimated.
- "The Deputy Commissioner, Superintendent and his assistants and Deputy Collectors, are all employed in Magisterial,

Judicial, Fiscal, and Political capacity, and the proportionate rate in consequence of extensive Kham collections cannot be shown."

8.-LOODIANA.

160. Captain W. H. Larkins, Deputy Commissioner of Loodiana, submitted the following information with respect to the statistical return for that district, on the 11th May 1848:—

"With the exception of the Pergunnahs of Loodiana and Busseean, which lapsed to the British Government in 1835, the remaining Pergunnahs (as per margin) comprised within the

Jugraon.
Akalgurh.
Pukkowal.
Noorpore.
Buddowal.
Sonewal.
Goongranah.
Bhurtgurh.
Bailoolepore.
Macheewarah.
Ootallah.
Dheraroo.
Eesroo.

sphere of the Loodiana jurisdiction, have come into our possession at different periods since the early part of 1846, or within the last 2 years, and have not yet been surveyed; consequently the entries in columns 5 to 9, which were prepared at the time of the summary settlement on the mere assertion of the proprietors, cannot be looked upon as correct; far from it, for I have every reason to suppose that the areas of the different villages

have been considerably under-rated, and this will account for the apparently high rates exhibited in columns 11, 12, 13.

"The Pergunnahs of Loodiana and Busseean have been regularly surveyed and settled for 20 years. The remaining Pergunnahs have been summarily settled for three years, commencing from the Rubbee of Sumbut 1253 Fusles, corresponding with A. D. 1846, and the entry in column 10 is taken from the Kistbundee and Hal Towzees of the past year, whilst column 14 shows the gross collections of land revenue on account of the preceding year when the district was half what it now is; for during the last year considerable additions were made to it, by the Escheats from Nabha and Aloowaleeah, as well as the transfer of the Pergunnahs of Jugraon, Akalgurh, and Busseean from Wudnee, on that district being broken up in the early part of October.

"The entries in column 15, 16 and 18 are taken from the treasury accounts of the district for 1846-47. I would beg leave to state that stamps have only been introduced for the use of our civil courts since the month of July last; consequently this heading remains blank.

"As regards the entries in columns 19 to 23, they have been prepared since the receipt of your letter now under acknowledgment by the different Tuhseeldars, through the means of the Putwarrees and Chowkeedars of each village, and they cannot therefore be considered as correct, and moreover I fear that an error has also been committed in the calculation, as the entries made in the accompanying statement merely shows the male cultivators and non-cultivators, and it was meant probably that the whole population, male and female, should have been shown in these columns."

9.--KYTHUL AND LADWA.

161. The entries relating to Kythul and Ladwa in the general statement, have been filled in from the survey papers, and represent the district as it now stands, exclusive of the Pergunnahs of Thaneisur and Rudour, which have been transferred to it from Umballa since 1846-47, and regarding which at the time of making the report no data were available, except as to the number of villages, which was 117, and the demand which, for 1846-47, was rupees 77,262.

Regarding the population columns, Mr. G. Campbell, Deputy Commissioner, reported as follows under date the 18th July, 1848:—

162 "The number of agriculturists and non-agriculturists is furnished by the survey, but is evidently very erroneous. This is a purely agricultural and pastoral district, and the proportion of non-cultivators entered is greater than in almost any district of the N. W. P.

"The respective number of Hindoos and Musulmans is a rough guess without data."

10 .- FEROZEPORE.

163. Captain C. Browne, Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore, supplied the following information regarding that district, on the 16th May 1848:—

"The return now submitted refer only to the district of Ferozepore, as it stood previous to the war.

"The data on which the entries have been formed are:

1st.—The records of the survey made by Captain Browne.

2nd.—A report of the district drawn up by Major Lawrence.

"After the war the following very considerable tracts of country were added to the Ferozepore district, viz.

Pergunnah Kotekapoora, valued at 80,000 Rs. per Annum.

Ditto	Khaye	ditto	10,837	ditto
Ditto	Buggoowalla	ditto	6,724	ditto
Ditto	Zeerah	ditto	22,307	ditto

"Of Kotekapoora, the greater portion has since been transferred to the Furreedkote Raja; a part of it as a grant from Government for his good behaviour during the war, and a part in exchange for other territory more conveniently situated with reference to Ferozepore, and the remainder for annual cash payments.

"These changes are only now completed, and added to other considerable alterations from Pergunnahs received from the late. Wudnee district, makes it impossible to include all in the returns now submitted, more especially as all the lately acquired territory has been settled in the most summary manner, and in absence of all data for supplying the information now required."

11.-Hoshiarpore.

164. Mr. R. Cust, Deputy Commissioner of Hoshiarpore, reported, under date the 3rd May 1848, that on the subject of area, and the proportion of cultivated land to the uncultivated or culturable, or the amount of population, he was unable to form any approximation from the want of data, but that in the course of the next year all the information required would be available as

the revenue survey was then nearly completed and the Khusrah commenced.—He filled up a few of the headings for 1848, as shown in the general table, and upon these he intimated that perfect reliance could be placed.

12.—JULLUNDER.

165. In reply to the Government requisition for statistical information regarding the Jullunder district, Lieut. E. Lake, the Officiating Deputy Commissioner and Superintendent, intimated on the 12th of April 1848, that there were then no data, but that in a year the most correct and trustworthy returns would be available, as by that time the measurements in progress would be completed.

166. He was informed that a rough proximate calculation would suffice for the present, and he was requested to furnish this to the best of his ability. No further communication has however been received on the subject and the headings for Jullunder in the table are consequently blank.

13.-KANGRA AND KOOLOO.

- 167. Mr. George Barnes, forwarded on the 19th of April 1848, separate tables for the district of Kangra proper, and the district of Kooloo, and remarked as follows:—
- "Kooloo is nominally only a Tehseel division of the Kangra Deputy Commissionership, but the character of the country, and the manners, customs and agricultural institutions of the people are so dissimilar to the rest of the district, that I have thought it best to give the statistical details of the province in a separate form.
- "I regret that the information is so scanty: but, as the survey has not yet reached this district, I could not possibly give the details of area, nor the rates of revenue deduced therefrom.
- "The population columns are also necessarily blank, as no trustworthy census has yet been made."

168. With regard to the area of the two districts, Mr. Barnes, subsequently furnished the following rough estimates:—

"Kangra proper, which touches on the Sutlej and on the Ravee, is not less than 90 miles in length, and about 30 miles in average breadth. The superficial contents may thus be estimated at about 2700 square British statute miles: of this area I should think two-thirds were cultivated.

"It is very difficult to give any approximation to the area of Koolloo. By the Map compiled by Captains J. A. Hodgson, and J. D. Herbert, Surveyors (sheet No. 47) the distance from the Sutlej, opposite Kotgurh, to the head of the pass whence the Beeas rises, is about 75 miles, and the general breadth of the country may be about 30 miles, thus giving a superficial area of 2250 square miles. But this does not include Lahoul, which again comprises a tract of country equal to 1600 square miles more. Thus Koolloo, including Lahoul, may be roughly computed to contain 3850 square British statute miles.

"Writing on conjecture, I should think that the entire cultivation of Koolloo does not exceed five per cent. of the whole area. The land revenue is scarcely 60,000 Rs., and at the average rate of 8 annas an acre, the total would be only 1,20,000 acres, equivalent to about five per cent. of the whole."

14.—AJMERE, BRITISH-MAIRWARA, MEYWAR-MAIRWARA AND MARWAR-MAIRWARA.

169. Lieut. Col. C. G. Dixon, Superintendent of Ajmere and Mairwara, reported as follows, under date the 5th May 1848, on the returns for the districts of Ajmere, British-Mairwara, Meywar-Mairwara and Marwar-Mairwara, under his charge.

"The information respecting the total areas has been afforded by Lieut. Vanrenen, Revenue Surveyor; that of Ajmere is deduced from actual survey, those of Mairwara are computed in part by survey and part on assumption. The cultivated, culturable, and Lakhiraj lands have been computed in part on measurement, as refers to the Ajmere Khalsa villages. We have no certain data respecting the lands of the Istumrardars

and Jageerdars. Our assumption has been framed from documents prepared by Messrs. Wilder and Cavendish, with such further information as could be obtained by the managers of the different estates. The amounts of collections have been prepared from the Office accounts: so also in respect to the Revenue charges, collections from Stamps and Abkaree. The population has been taken by the Tuhseeldars and Thanadars, since the receipt of your orders, and may be considered as an approximation to the truth."

15.—BHUTTEEANA.

170. The Superintendant, Captain E. Robinson, furnished on the 22nd May 1848, the following particulars with regard to the entries for his district:—

Column 4. "The amount entered is exclusive of the waste lands on the Bickaneer and Bhawulpore boundaries, as shown in Captain Brown's Map, for since the preparation thereof a large portion has been alienated from the district. The extent of that left it is impossible to state accurately without measurement, but at a rough calculation it may be quoted at 117 Geographical miles.

Columns 6 to 9. "The details have been supplied from the revenue survey in 1841. Since then (taking the average of villages which have recently undergone a second field measurement), I am of opinion that an addition of at least 2-3rd should be made to the amount shown in the former, and a corresponding deduction in the latter column.

Columns 19 to 22. "The details are the result of a census now taken of 427 villages, the remainder being calculated at the average thereof.

"The census was undertaken by the Paishkars, Canoongoes, Thanadars, Mohurrirs, and Custom Mohurrirs, about one village to every ten being purtalled. The results were generally found correct.

"The population of western Hurrianah, being chiefly Nomadic, is always fluctuating. From February to July it is at the

lowest in consequence of great emigration to the banks of the Sutlege, for the purpose of grazing the herds of the district. Of the remaining portion of the Hindoo agricultural class, at least 3rds are absent engaged in traffic, by hiring out their camels and bullocks.

"From July to December, the country may be said to have the full number of its inhabitants, for with the arrival of the monsoons, all return to cultivate. During this period, the amount of population may justly be estimated at the very least and more than what is shown in column 23."

16.—KOTE KASIM.

171. With reference to the particulars given in the rough table, relative to the Teiool Pergunnah of Kote Kasim, Sir T. T. Metcalfe, Agent to the Lieut.-Governor at Dehlie, supplied on the 29th April 1848, the following information:—

"The extent of area is that which was ascertained at the time of settlement by actual measurement, according to the method which obtains in the Revenue Survey, by a native who was formerly attached to that department. The correctness of this was subsequently tested by a measurement by Ameens, under the supervision of the Tehseeldar and Peshkar, the cultivated area being at the same time carefully compared with the Putwarrecs' annual papers.

"In respect to the census of the population, this has been done by the Putwarrees of each village, who from their intimate acquaintance with the population were not likely to be misled in their calculations. The work was examined by the Tehseel Mohurrir, and finally tested by the Tehseeldar, by taking at random a few estates.

"On the receipt of the Government requisition, and in order to ensure as much correctness as possible, I deputed an experienced Mohurrir on my establishment, in concert with the Tehseel Establishment, to revise the details, with a view to correct any inaccuracies which might have crept into the original preparation of them."

17.—DEHRA DHOON, JAUNSAR AND BAWAR.

172. The following information respecting the districts under his charge, was furnished by Mr. Alexander Ross, the Superintendent, on the 27th April 1848:—

"The district under my charge is divided into two distinct portions, not only differing from each other in general condition, but subject to totally different systems of management. The one (Deyrah Dhoon) has been regularly surveyed for Revenue purposes, and is in all respects subject to the Regulations of Government,—while the other, the Pergunnah of Jaunsar Bawar has never been surveyed, is an extra-regulation district, and is subject to a system of management peculiar, I believe, to itself. The returns of the Dhoon, therefore, are not only much more full, but they are necessarily much more accurate.

"The information now offered in a Tabular form regarding these two portions of the District having been collected at different times, and not with a view to these returns, I shall remark separately upon the statistical returns of each portion or Pergunnah.

"First then in regard to Deyrah Dhoon proper. The particulars entered in the accompanying tables are gathered from different sources. The number of villages is ascertained from the settlement Register. The area is that of the professional survey of 1838, made by Major Browne, and is believed to be perfectly accurate,—as likewise is the detail given in columns 6, 7, 8 and 9, the relative proportions of which however will be found on a re-survey to have undergone some alteration in consequence of the increase of cultivation, which has taken place in the healthier parts of the Dhoon during the last few years.

"In the amount returned as "Land Revenue" is included the Revenue from the forests, lately become a large item in the receipts of this district, while in the "Revenue charges" is included the Huq Mookuddumee, amounting to Rupees 5,085, which though hitherto regarded as a deduction from the gross Land Revenue, and therefore entered in the column of charges, should more properly be considered as forming part of the profits of the proprietary body, and will accordingly, on the completion of the revision of settlement cease to be collected,—and will then neither form part of the Gross Revenue nor be returned as a charge upon it.

"Lastly. The population returns are the result of a census made in the year 1845, under the directions of my predecessor, Mr. Vansittart, and may, I think, be depended upon as tolerably accurate. It includes men and women, adults and children of all ages.

"The census of the rural part of the district was taken by the Mohurrir of the Revenue Department, in concert with the Putwarrees and Mookuddums of the several villages, and the returns in several instances having been tested by the Tehseeldar, were presumed to be generally accurate.

"The census of the town of Deyrah was taken by the Tehseel Establishment in concert with the Muhunt of Deyrah;—that of the stations of Landour, Mussoorie and Rajpoor, by the Kotwal and Jemadars of those places, and the result in these cases was submitted to and approved of by the Superintendent at the time. I regret much that the sudden call for these returns has prevented me from adopting any measures to have these population returns tested. Nevertheless I believe they would on examination be found tolerably accurate."

"The Pergunnah of Jaunsar Bawur, although placed with the Dhoon, under the superintendence of one officer, is totally distinct from it in situation, geographical features, inhabitants, customs, and lastly, in Police and Revenue management.

"This Pergunnah is an extensive tract of hill country lying between the rivers Jumna and Touse, the latter of which joins the former at the foot of the first range of hills at Kalsee, which is the capital of the Pergunnah. The Pergunnah once formed part of the kingdom of Sirmoor.

"Having never been surveyed for revenue purposes, it is out of my power to furnish any information in regard to the relative quantity of cultivated and uncultivated land in the Pergunnah, nor to fill up any of the columns of the statement calculated to show the rates of assessment.

"The actual expenses of the Revenue Establishment are light, but, as in the case of the Dhoon, items have been included among the charges which cannot properly be so regarded,—such as the allowance to the Chountroo and Seanas or headmen, and the road allowance to the amount of 2,400 rupees, leaving only rupees 500 as the bonâ fide cost of the Revenue Establishment.

"The population returns, although not to be relied on as perfectly accurate, I believe nevertheless to be a very fair approximation to the actual amount. A census was roughly taken under my directions in the early period of 1847, the agency employed being Kirpa Ram, the Mahajun in charge of the collections, the Pergunnah Canoongoe, the Seanas or head-men of villages, and the village Karkoons or Putwarrees. The returns were made with much minuteness and confidence, and although in consequence of my inability since to visit the Pergunnah owing to the pressure of other business, I have been unable to test these returns, yet I do not think on examination that they would be found very wide of the truth."

173. The area entered in the statement has been roughly calculated from the map.

18.-KAMAON.

174. Mr. J. H. Batten, Senior Assistant Commissioner in Kamaon, forwarded on the 12th May the following information in reference to the entries in his Statistical return:—

"It will at once be conceded that in a mountainous and wild country like Kamaon great difficulty attends the preparation of Statistical returns, and that only a slight approximation to accuracy, in the matter of area and measurement in general, can be attained in the existing deficiency of detailed Survey.

"The number of Mouzas recorded in the Statement corresponds to the number of Mehals for which separate Revenue engagements have been taken, and does not show the dakhilee holdings, many of which are without separate inhabitants, and a large proportion of which can hardly boast of more than 2 or 3 cottages.

The area in square miles has been roughly calculated from the parallels of latitude and longitude, within which the district, of Kamaon proper, including the Bhote Muhals, is contained and from this the area in acres has been derived in accordance to the mode shown in the heading of Column 4.

"With reference to the number of cultivated, culturableand Lakhiraj acres, it is requisite to state that in the hill part of the province, the sole measurements known are those founded on the *Nalee* and *Beesee*, which are areas calculated by measures of capacity, having reference to the seed required for sowing them, and on the actual square measure which Mr. Commissioner Traill, after many enquiries and trials, deduced therefrom. The account is as follows:—

Nominal Measure.

2 Seers of seed wheat equals 1 Nalee of land. 40 Seers, or 1 Maund, equals 1 Beesee.

Square Measure.

12 Yards × 20 Yards = 240 Square Yards = 1 Nalee. 240 ditto × 20 Yards = 4800 ditto = 1 Beesee.

"In the Bhabur, or Plain pergunnahs, the cultivated and culturable area is that of the actual Survey made in acres of 4840 Square yards in 1845, and the number of actually measured acres in the lowlands was added to the assumed Beesee area of the highlands, as exhibited in the settlement records and native books of measurements.

"The total area of the Province having been calculated as in the manner detailed above, (i. e. from the parallels of latitude and longitude,) it follows that the real content in acres is very much larger than I have stated it to be, my numbers representing the area of the plain surface covered by the hills and answering to the base of a triangle, while the actual area must be represented by the superficial content of the sides. It would, however, be vain to attempt any theoretical approximation to the truth; actual Survey alone can be depended upon, but, with this explanation, the area entered in the Statement will, I hope, be considered sufficiently accurate, the vast extent of inaccessible mountain contained in it being taken into consideration, and I have therefore merely deducted the cultivated, culturable and Lakhiraj from the total area of the Province, and entered the result as barren.

175. "The following allotment of Salaries has been debited under the head of charges of Revenue Collections, viz:—

Half of the Salary of the Commissioner.

Half of the ditto of the Senior Assist. ditto.

Half of the ditto of the Junior ditto ditto.

Half of the ditto Sudder Umlah.

Whole Salary of Deputy Collector and Treasury Establishment.

Whole ditto of Tuhseeldaree Establishment.

Whole ditto of Canoongoes.

Whole ditto of Government Putwarrees.

"The time of the Commissioner and his Assistants is chiefly occupied in Civil and Judicial duty, and by placing one half of their pay in the cost of Collections, the charge under that head is more than is fair, but as, hitherto, the whole of our salaries have appeared as those of Revenue Officers, I did not think it right now to place more than half against the Judicial and General department; in the same manner it would not have been improper to have similarly apportioned the pay of the Tehseel-daree and Putwarree establishments, which are in a great measure employed in Police duties.

"In the absence of any recent census, I have added only 10 per cent. to that taken by Mr. Traill in 1824, but I am induced to believe that a much larger increase than this has taken place, and as Mr. Traill made his estimate only for the number of houses, I have attempted no detail of the distribution of the inhabitants. However, I may here state that in my opinion the Mahomedan non-Agricultural population do not exceed $\frac{1}{100}$ th part of the whole."

19.—GURHWAL.

176. Captain H. Ramsay, the Senior Assistant Commissioner in Gurhwal, furnished the following remarks upon the several Columns of the Statistical return forwarded by him on the 29th April, 1848:—

"The entries in columns 3, 6, 7, 12, 13, have been taken from the settlement records. Those in Columns 10, 14, 18, are furnished from the Annual Revenue statements. The particulars required by Cols. 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 16, cannot be ascertained. Col. 15.—There is no separate Revenue Establishment in Gurhwul. Col. 17.—Stamps were not used in Gurhwal during the years 1845-1846."

177. With respect to the population, Captain Ramsay stated that his predecessor, Captain Huddleston, had made a rough census in 1840-41, but he did not consider it sufficiently correct to entitle it to a place in the statement. On being requested to forward this census, applying to it any conjectural corrections which his experience might suggest, he furnished the following return with his remarks thereon:—

Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Bráhmans.	Rajpoots.	Khussias.	Low Caste.	Slaves and Halias.	Mussulmans.	Total.
43,112	43,815	28,552	17,295	132,774	29,422	44,798	34,502	22,328	1,358	366	1,32,744

"I have been assured that the Putwarrees, by whom the returns were prepared, so misrepresented the object, that the Purdhans not only concealed as much as possible the number of people in their village, but paid the Putwarree (to obtain this, the misrepresentations were no doubt made) to report even a less number than they had themselves admitted. Many villages were left uncounted altogether.

"I have compared the Mouzahwar 1840-41 census of the Dussalie Puttee (where my camp now is) and find that some

In illustration of this I have added a statement showing the return made in 1840-41, and the present population of 12 villages.

villages I have counted contain three times the number shown as their population in the former return; and no doubt there are many absent

who are not included in the present reckoning. I have no hesitation in saying that the number shown in the return for 1840-41 might be doubled, perhaps even trebled, and then it would not fully show the population of Gurhwul.

"Population return of 12 villages in Puttee Dussalie, Zillah Gurhwal, for the year 1840-41 and 1848.

	1	1840-1841.			1848.			
	Men and Boys.	Women and Girls.	Total.	Men and Boys	Women and Girls.	Total.		
Ramnee,	30	28	58	86	81	167		
Goonee,	42	30	72	138	133	271		
Roomjoog,	28	22	50	75	74	149		
Kuroor,	,,	 ,,	,,	63	53	116		
Phurkhet,	16	l íi l	27	15	14	29		
Soontra,	23	21	44	44	33	77		
Jokhunee,	17	18	35	36	31	67		
Churbung,	22	15	37	44	50	94		
Naringee,	7	6	13	21	17	38		
Khonana,	30	23	53	56	54	110		
Soong,	6	9	15	13	14	27		
Painda,	,,	,,	,,	9	6	15		
s*	221	183	404	600	560	1160		

[&]quot;These 12 villages are in the vicinity of my camp, and selected as being nearest."

20.—British and Mahratta Nimaur.

178. Lieutenant H. L. Evans, Political Assistant in Nimaur, furnished, on the 29th April 1848, the following remarks, with reference to the entries for British and Mahratta Nimaur, under his charge:—

- "Column No. 3 shows the number of Mouzahs, as well inhabited as uninhabited. The latter are to the former in the proportion of 5 to 4. This column is of course correct.
- "Column No. 4, has been filled in by computing the area of each Pergunnah, by its average length and breadth, in common miles, (of 1760 yards.) This is obviously a mere estimate.
- "No. 5 has been estimated in Beegahs by the Pergunnah Komavisdars, and afterwards reduced to acres. It does not differ so much as might have been expected from the estimate formed in miles by me, being on the average one quarter less; and as it has as much chance of being right, I have given it as stated by them.
- "Nos. 6 and 7 are taken from the measurements of the last 2 years, and are of course as nearly correct as can be.
- "Nos. 8 and 9 have been estimated by the Pergunnah Komavisdars, by deducting the total of 6 and 7 from Column 5, and are therefore mere estimates depending on it for their accuracy.
- "No. 10 shows the clear Government Revenue; shares of Zeemeendars (i. e. Mundloorees and Kanoongoes) having been deducted; the gross Revenue for British Nimaur being Rupees 50,366, and for Scindiah's portion 1,53,088; Total Rs. 2,03,454. It is of course correct, and the amount was realized, with exception of Rupees 1,538, remitted.
- "No. 14 is also correct. This was the second year of draught in Nimaur.
- "No. 15 is also correct. In that for British Nimaur are included the salaries of the Political Assistant, Deputy Collector and Magistrate, and the pay of the whole of the Sudder Amlah: but not of the Assistant Superintendent, who is not considered to be on the revenue Establishment. That for Scindiah's Nimaur comprises the pay of the Deputy Collector.
- "No. 17 is not applicable to Nimaur, where stamps are not in use.
 - "No. 18 is perfectly correct.
- "Nos. 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 are very tolerably accurate, a census having been made last year by Captain French's orders, through the Patels and Putwarrees.

"No. 24. Depends of course for its accuracy on No. 4. No regular map of Nimaur being in existence, the area of it in square miles must of course be matter of guess-work, more or less accurate."

21.—JAWUD NEEMUCH.

179. Capt. Mackintosh, Superintendent of Jawud Neemuch, furnished under date June 16th, 1848, the following remarks on the entries relating to the district under his charge:—

"Column No. 4 has been deduced from No. 5, which has been filled up from the Putwarree's accounts, calculating at 2 Beegahs to one acre. Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 9 have likewise been filled up from the Putwarree's accounts; No. 10 has been filled up from the Revenue accounts; also No. 14. No. 15 has been taken from the monthly abstracts of Establishments and contingent Bills; No. 18 from the Revenue accounts, and Nos. 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 from the rough census taken by the Tubseeldars."

22.—Chunderee District.

- 180. Major P. Harris, the Superintendent of Chunderee, submitted under date the 17th July 1848, the Statistical Statement for that district, and attributed the difficulty and delay in preparing the document to the opposition of the Thakoors who held Oobaree and Maafee villages; to the want of Putwarrees in some of the villages, and to the fact that the cultivation of the villages had never been enquired into, or the Lumburdars in any way interfered with when they paid their rent punctually.
- 181. He further stated that "as strict injunctions had been issued to the Superintendent of the District not to measure the Malgoozaree or Rent-free Lands on any pretence, he had been obliged to trust entirely to the vague accounts presented by the village Putwarrees, under the jealous supervision and instructions of the Lumburdars."

"The population of the District has been calculated by the number of houses, allowing 4 souls to each habitation, and the tribes have been entered at a rough guess. Mussulmans are very few in the District. The city of Chunderee, where the

much-prized fabric, the celebrated Chunderee cloth, is manufactured, is their only residence."

182. Columns 10, 14, 15, 17, and 18 have been filled up from information furnished by the Accountant's office, the Superintendent's entries being for the wrong year.

23.—Kuchwahagurh and Bhundere.

183. Captain D. Ross, Superintendent of Jaloun, furnished on the 4th May 1848 a return for the Ceded Districts of Kuchwahagurh and Bhundere, under his charge, with the following remarks:—

"The Government demand and the collections made in the years noted are entered in the Treasury Accounts and Touzees rendered by me to the Accountant, North Western Provinces.

"The details of the area of these Districts, showing the quantity of lands assessed, and those which are Lakhiraj and barren, are compiled from the records of the Kanoongoes and other District officers, and from those of the village Putwarrees.

"No Survey of these Districts having been made, there are no other means of gaining information on these points, and I believe that the records, which are kept with great minuteness, would not be found much out, if tested by a professional survey.

"Column 17 is left blank, because Government have not yet sanctioned the introduction of stamps in the Ceded Districts.

"I have not inserted in Column 23 the amount of population. According to a rough census, the preparation of which was entrusted to the Tuhseeldars, the amount is about 1,00,000, but I do not place confidence in its correctness. A minute enquiry is now in progress, which will give correct details in course of the current year.

"In a new District the institution of enquiries into the distribution of the lands, the rights of Maafee holders, and a census of the population, naturally gives rise to a little distrust, and desire of concealment, but I am fully confident that before the expiration of the present Quinquenial settlement, all the statistical information required by Government will be fully obtained."

24.-HURDA AND HINDIA.

184. The officer in charge of these districts failed to reply to the requisition for statistical information which was made to him.

25.-MANPOOR.

185. Licutenant R. L. Taylor, Deputy Bheel Agent, remarked as follows on his return respecting the Pergunnah of Manpoor, dated May 1st 1848:—

"The Pergunnah is now being measured, as each village comes into Khalsa. $\[\cdot \]$

"There are thirty-one villages, (Manpoor exclusive), of which one is Inamee, six deserted in the hills, and sixteen inhabited solely by Bheels.

"The Pergunnah contains eleven pukka wells and twentyone kucha. The zameendar receives a fourth of the land
revenue."

FINIS.



ERRATA.

Page	5,	line	3, for leads read lead.
	14.		· ·
_	14,		lsst, for requires read require. first, for letters read letter.
_	19,	_	• •
	24,	column	32, for 379734 read 279734.
_			• • •
_	24,		9, for 25506 read 23506.
	27,		2, for Pergunnah read Pergunnahs.
_	27,		22, for 10305 read 10335.
	32,	line	9, for 1.500 read 1,500.
	52,	column	6, for 4 227 read 47227.
	52,	_	6, for 2 621 read 22621.
	52,		6, for 2 067 read 21067.
_	52,	_	6, for 3 735 read 37735.
	52,		6, for 1 637 read 12637.
_	52,		6, for 4 738 read 46738.
-	60,		6, for 921719 read 921717.
_	60,	_	9, for 300,047 read 300,046.
_	65,		9, for 8559 read 9559.
_	72,	line	7, for imperirous read impervious.
	72,	_	32, for part Govt. read part of Govt.
	81,	_	18, for Tusheeldaree read Tuhseeldaree.
	82,		23, for Mowzash read Mowzahs.
- 1	23,	_	22, for $4\frac{8}{10}$ read 4.8.
]	147,	column	2, for Siugrowlee read Singrowlee.
]	50,	table	for Statue miles read Statute miles.
]	153,	line	1, for is read is.
]	153,		1, for opinfon read opinion.
1			5, for instance read instances.
- 1			4, for has read have.
1			6, for where read were.
1			12, for shows read show.
	/		,



